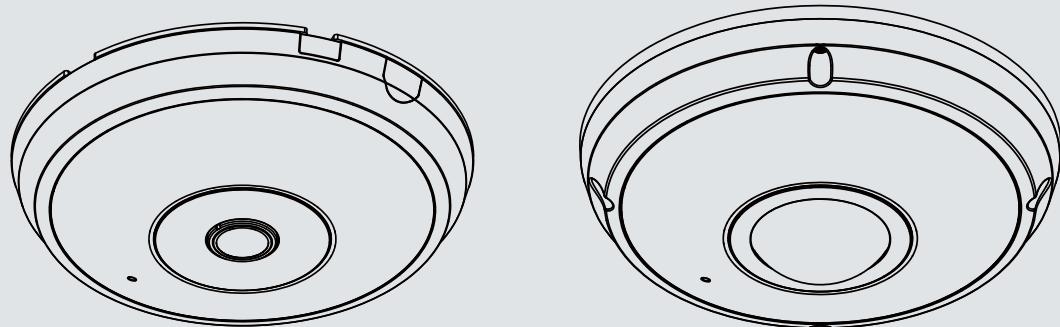




FE8181 & FE8181V Fixed Dome Network Camera User's Manual

5MP • 360° Surround View • 10M IR • PoE • Panoramic PTZ



Rev. 1.1

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Overview

VIVOTEK FE8181/81V are the latest fisheye fixed dome network cameras from VIVOTEK, featuring a detailed 5-Megapixel resolution sensor with superb image quality. Equipped with a fish-eye lens for 180° panoramic view (wall mount) or 360° surround view (ceiling/floor/table mount) without blind spots, the cameras are able to provide coverage of wide, open areas, such as airports, shopping malls, parking lots, retail stores, offices and more.

The FE8181/81V, true day/night cameras, feature a removable IR-cut filter, maintaining clear images 24 hours a day, with built-in IR LEDs enabling the camera to provide uniformly 360° surround illumination for clear viewing up to 10 meters, even in completely dark environments.

Revision History

Rev. 1.0: Initial release.

Rev. 1.1: Corrected the power and I/O cable as a separately-purchased item.

Read Before Use

The use of surveillance devices may be prohibited by law in your country. The Network Camera is not only a high-performance web-ready camera but can also be part of a flexible surveillance system. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the operation of such devices is legal before installing this unit for its intended use.

It is important to first verify that all contents received are complete according to the Package Contents listed below. Take note of the warnings in the Quick Installation Guide before the Network Camera is installed; then carefully read and follow the instructions in the Installation chapter to avoid damage due to faulty assembly and installation. This also ensures the product is used properly as intended.

The Network Camera is a network device and its use should be straightforward for those who have basic networking knowledge. It is designed for various applications including video sharing, general security/surveillance, etc. The Configuration chapter suggests ways to best utilize the Network Camera and ensure proper operations. For creative and professional developers, the URL Commands of the Network Camera section serves as a helpful reference to customizing existing homepages or integrating with the current web server.

Package Contents

- FE8181V or FE8181 Camera
- Mounting plate (FE8181V)/ Screwdriver
- Alignment Stickers (for mounting plate and for camera base)
- Screws / Anchors / Desiccant Bag / Double-sided tape/ Rubber seal plug / Rubber washer (FE8181V)
- Screws, anchors, cable ties (FE8181)
- Power & I/O Cables (sold separately in US and Canada).
- Quick Installation Guide / Warranty Card
- Software CD

Symbols and Statements in this Document



INFORMATION: provides important messages or advices that might help prevent inconvenient or problem situations.



NOTE: Notices provide guidance or advices that are related to the functional integrity of the machine.



Tips: Tips are useful information that helps enhance or facilitate an installation, function, or process.



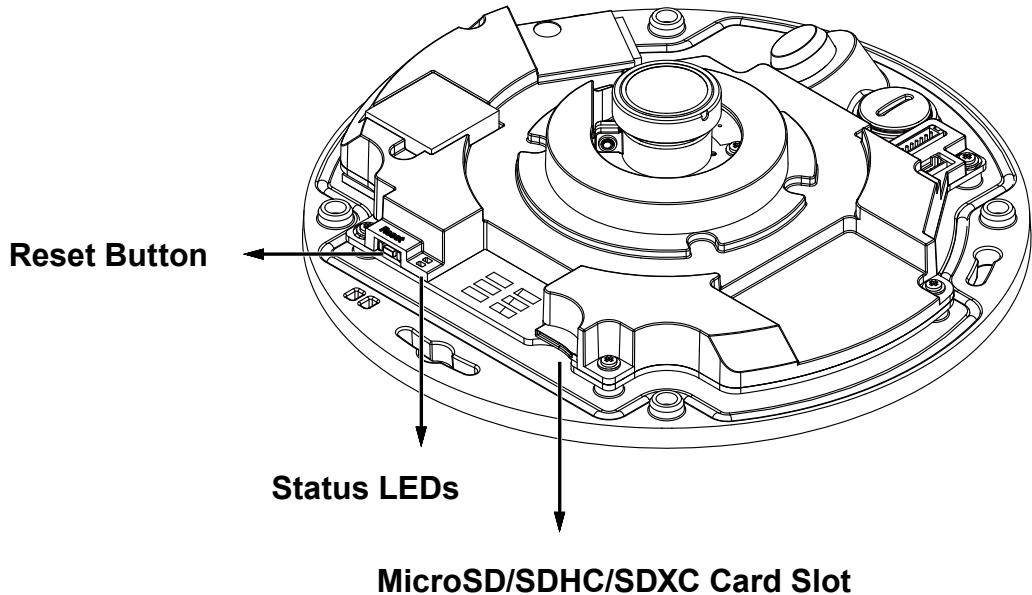
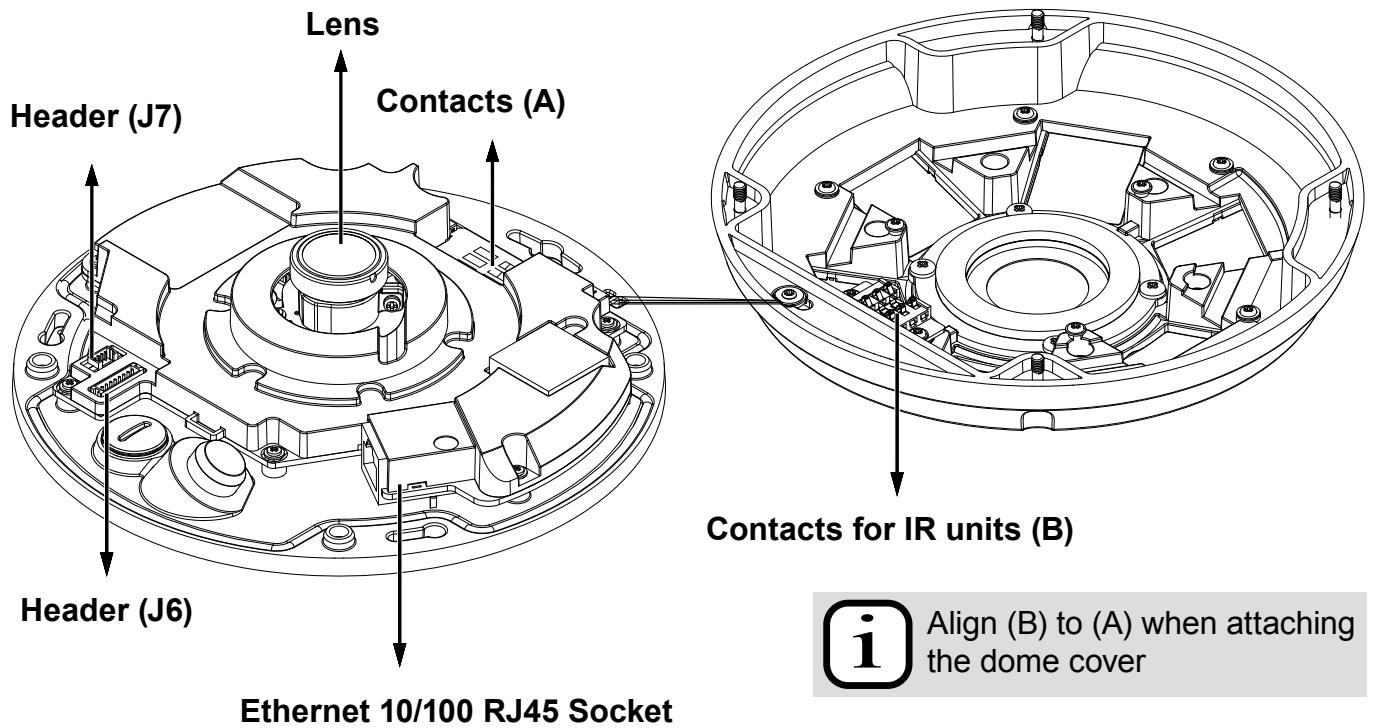
WARNING! or IMPORTANT!: These statements indicate situations that can be dangerous or hazardous to the machine or you.

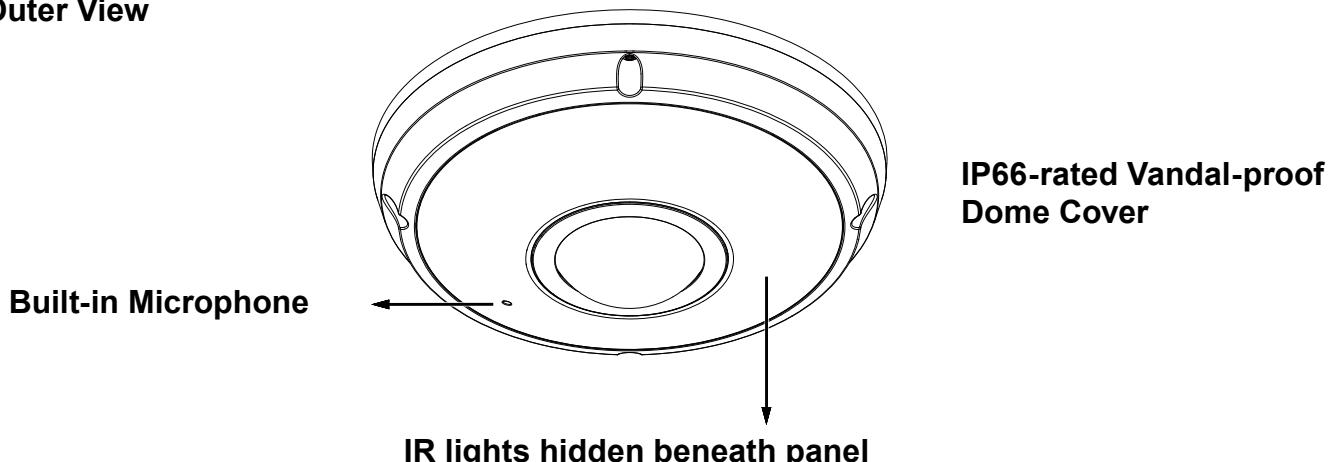


Electrical Hazard: This statement appears when high voltage electrical hazards might occur to an operator.

Physical Description - FE8181V

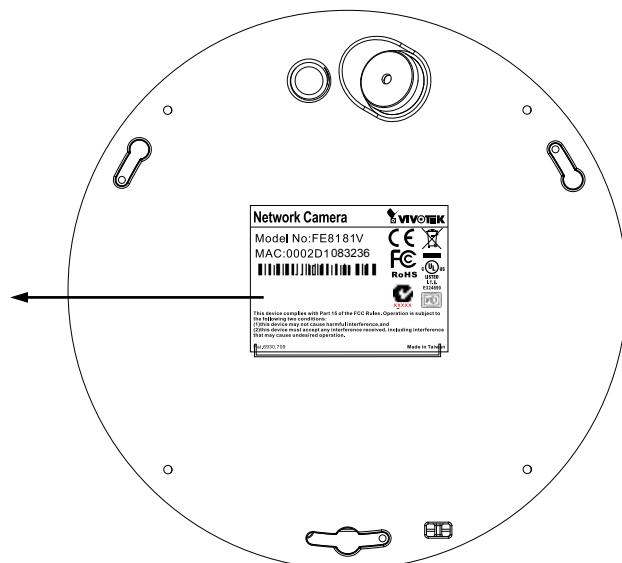
Inner View



Outer View

⚠️ IMPORTANT:

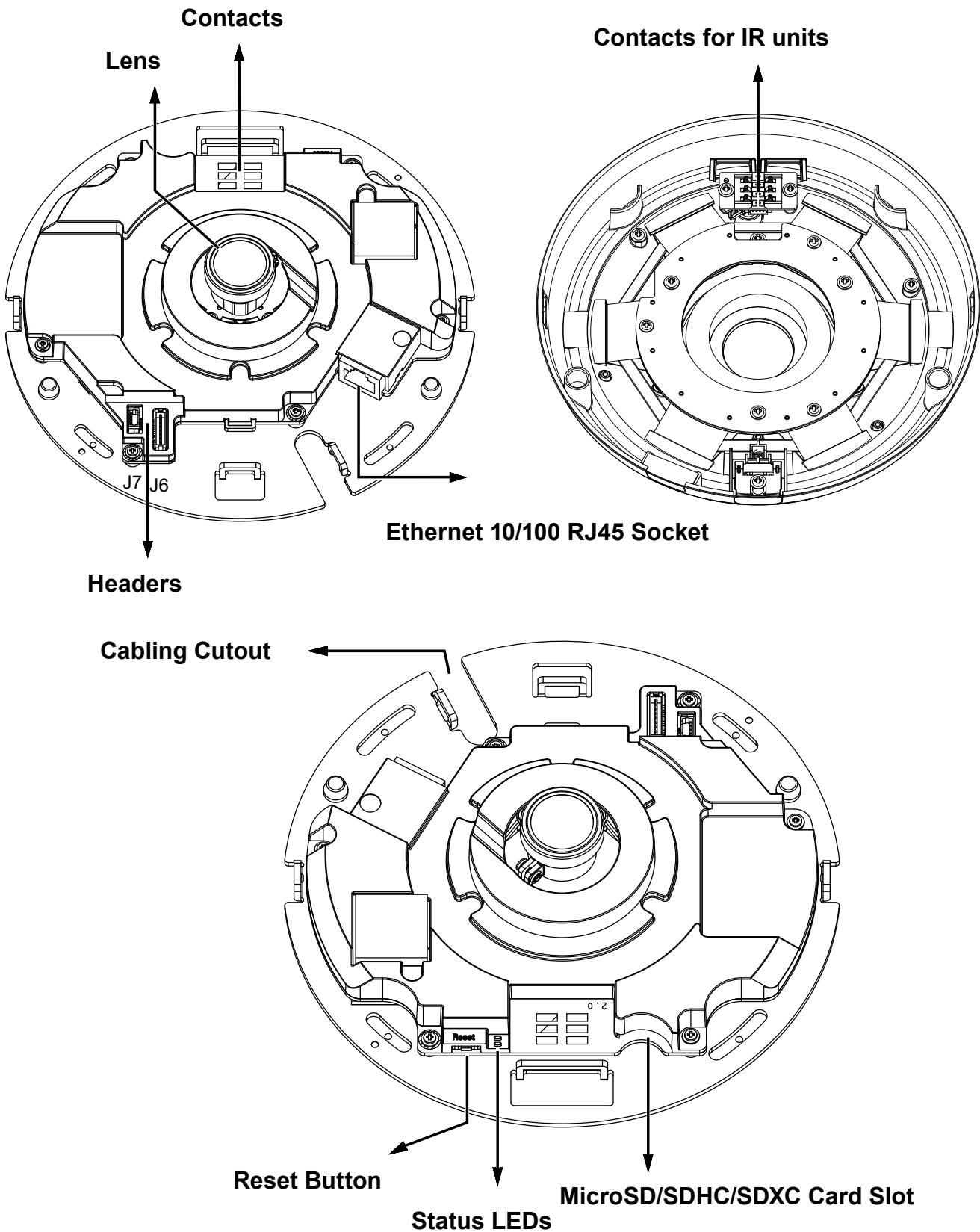
Record the MAC address under the camera base before installing the camera.

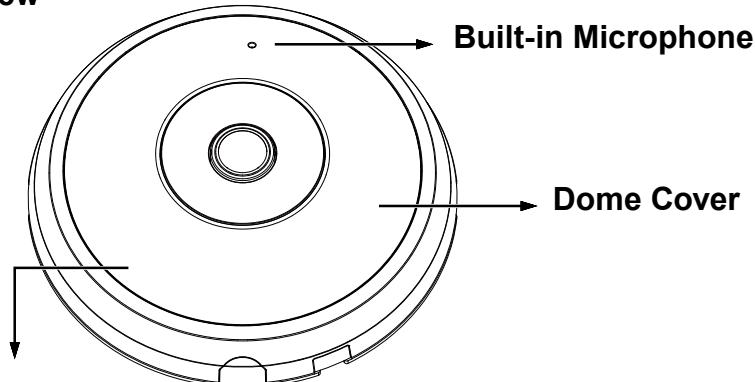


Item	LED Status	Description
1	Steady Red	Power on and system booting
	Red LED off	Powered off
2	Steady Red + blinking Green every 1 sec. (Green LED on for 1 sec and off for another)	Network heartbeat
	Steady Red + Green LED off	Network disconnected
3	Blinking Red every 0.15 sec. + Blinking Green every 1 sec. (Red LED on for 0.15 sec. and Green LED on for 1 sec. and off for another)	Upgrading firmware
4	Blinking Red every 0.15 sec. + blinking Green every 0.15 sec	Restoring defaults

Physical Description - FE8181

● Inner View

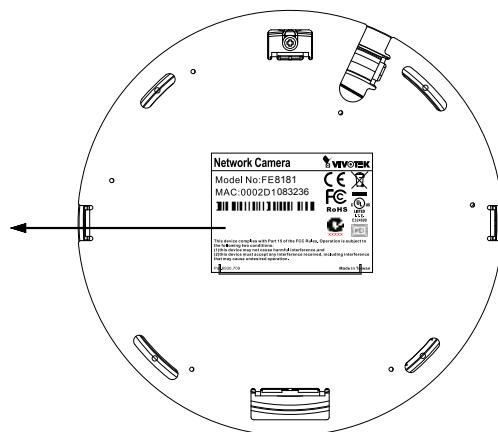


Outer View

IR lights hidden beneath panel

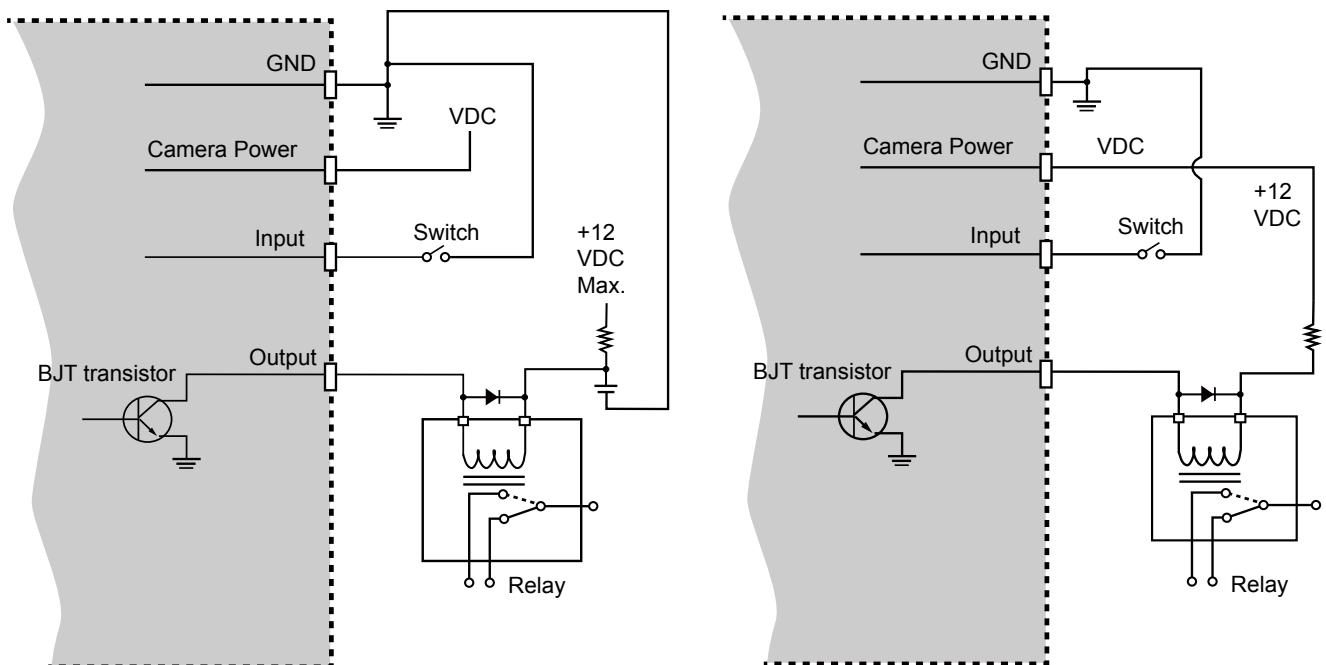
IMPORTANT:

Record the MAC address under the camera base before installing the camera.



DI/DO Diagram

Please refer to the following illustration for the connection method.



Hardware Reset

The reset button is used to reset the system or restore the factory default settings. Sometimes resetting the system can return the camera to normal operation. If the system problems remain after reset, press the reset button longer to restore the factory settings and install again.

Reset: Press and release the recessed reset button with a straightened paper clip. Wait for the Network Camera to reboot.

Restore: Press and hold the recessed reset button for at least several seconds to restore. Note that all settings will be restored to factory defaults.

Micro SD/SDHC/SDXC Card Capacity

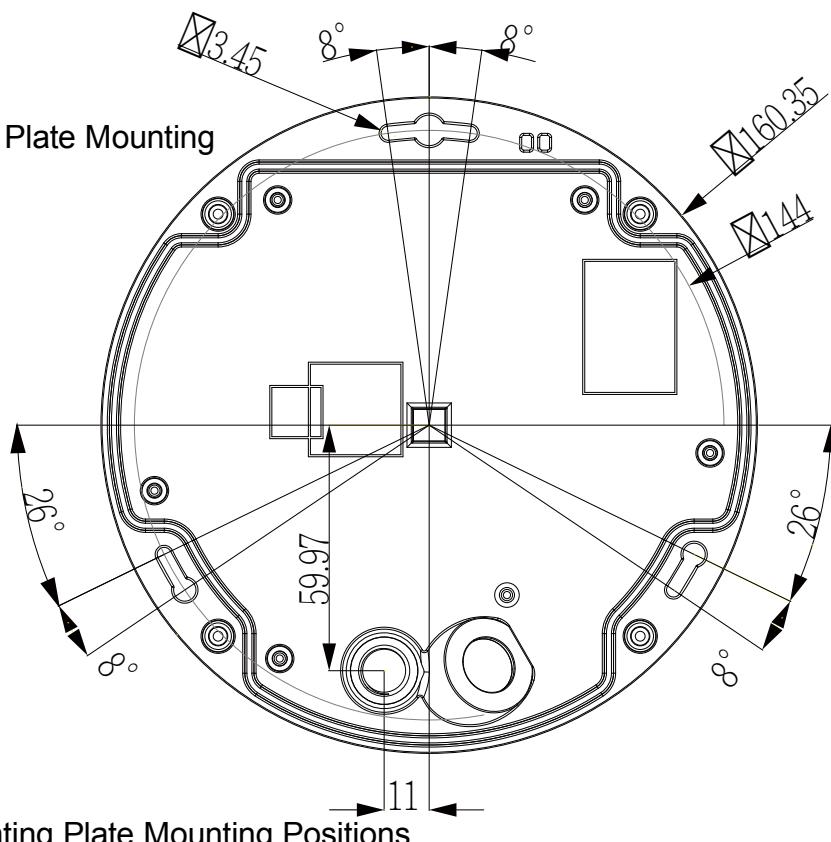
This network camera is compliant with **Micro SD/SDHC/SDXC 32GB, 64GB**, and other preceding standard SD cards.

Mounting Positions

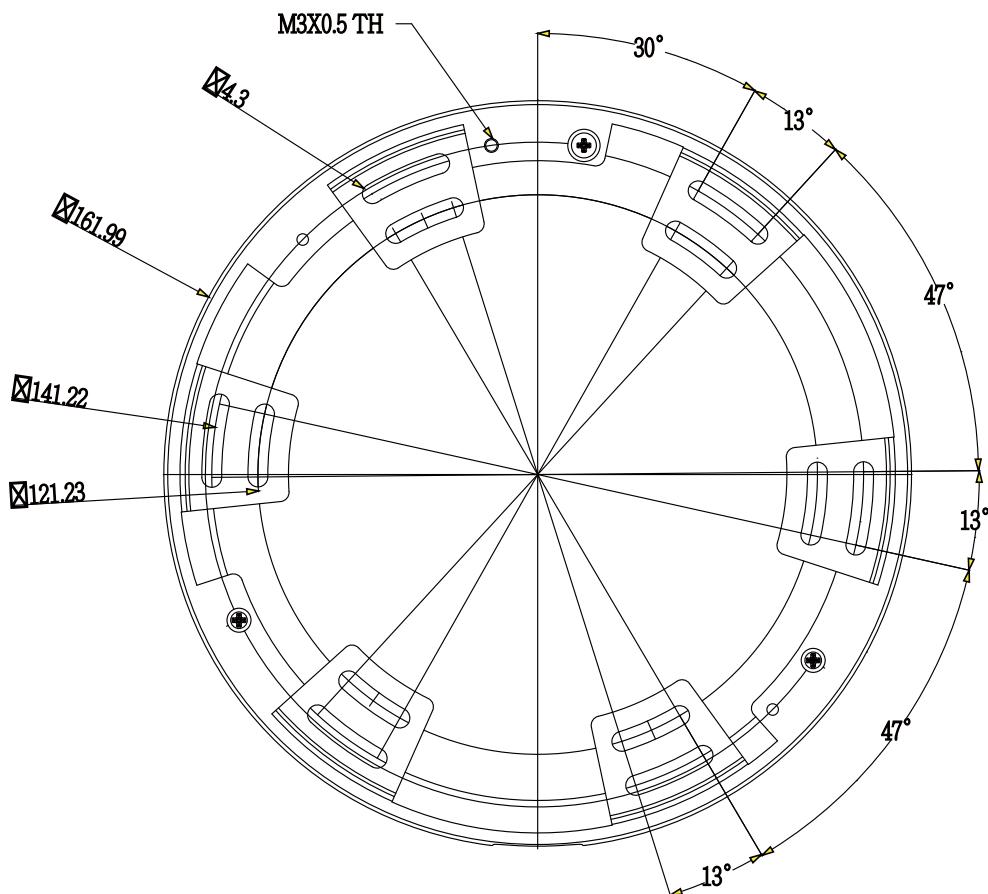
Refer to the diagram on the right for the mounting hole positions and the dimensions of the base plate.

FE8181V

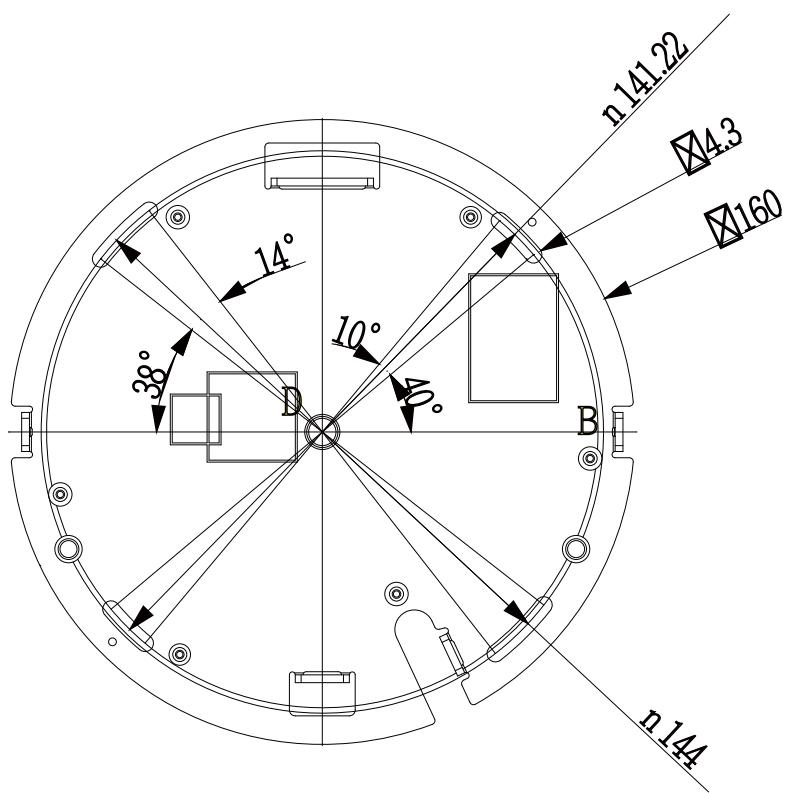
Camera Base Plate Mounting
Positions



Camera Mounting Plate Mounting Positions



FE8181

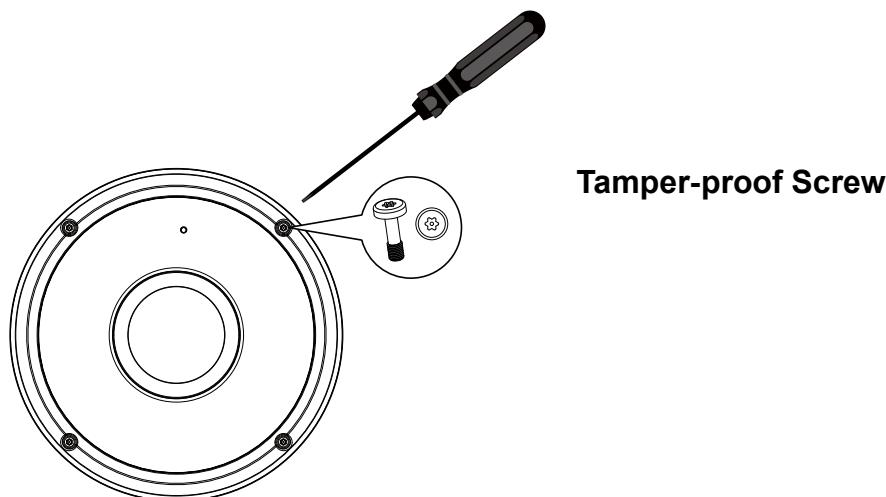


Hardware Installation - FE8181V

Please refer to page 20 for the installation details of the FE8181.

Opening Dome Cover

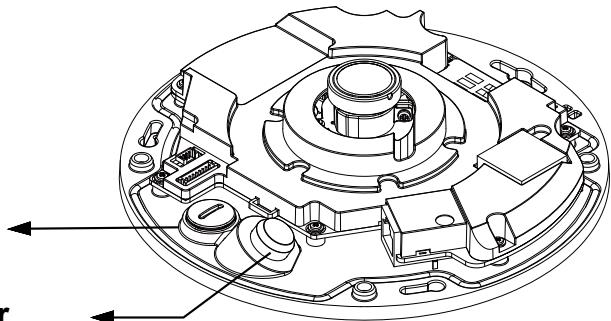
First, use the supplied screwdriver to loosen the four screws and detach the dome cover from the camera base. Then, follow the steps below to install the camera to either a ceiling or a wall.



Remove the stoppers and route cables through the openings.

**Rubber Stopper on the hole
for Power & IO Cables**

**Rubber Seal Plug on the hole for
RJ45 Ethernet Cable**



****WARNING:****

Due to its high performance IR lights, the surface temperature of the dome cover can reach 70°C after operating in the night mode for a period of time. You should then wait for the surface to cool down if you should need to re-install the camera.

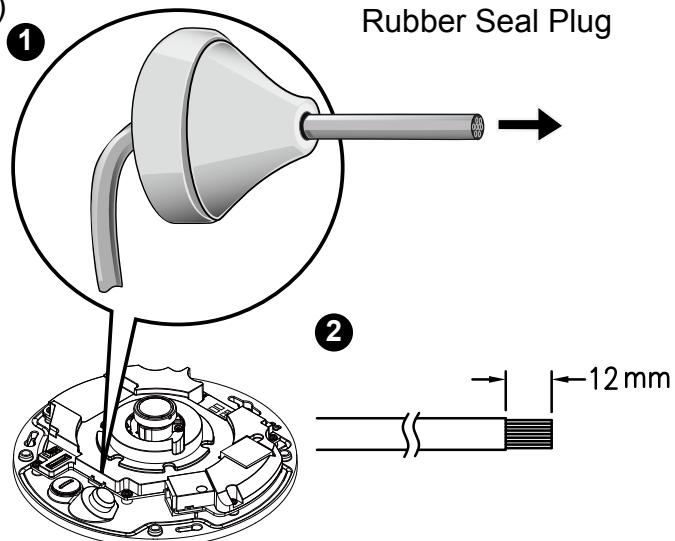
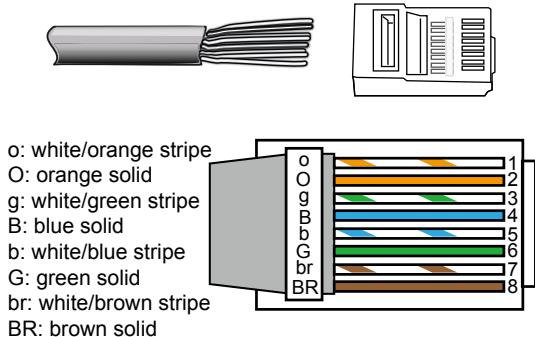
Connecting RJ45 Ethernet Cable

● RJ45 Cable Dimension (unit: mm)

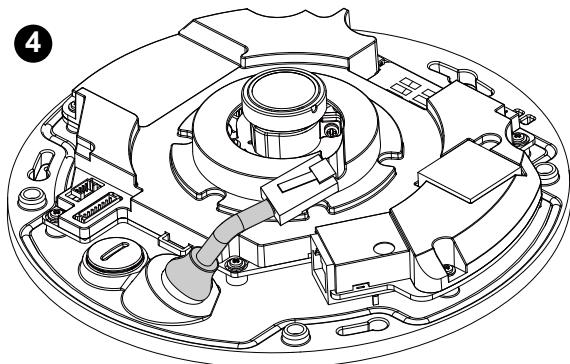
Recommended cable gauge: 24AWG (0.51 cm)

● Assembly Steps

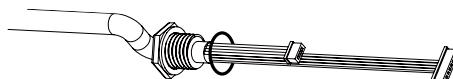
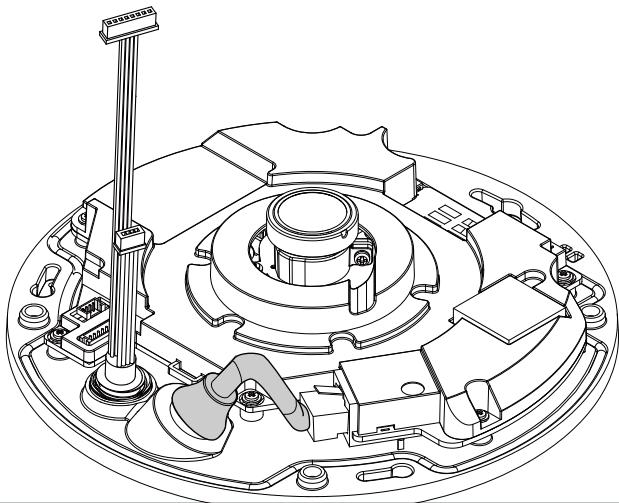
1. Drill a hole on the rubber seal plug and insert an Ethernet cable through the opening.
2. Strip part of the sheath from the Ethernet cable.

**3**

3. You will need an RJ45 crimping tool to attach the Ethernet wires to a connector. When done, connect the cable to the camera's Ethernet RJ45 socket.

4

4. Feed the Ethernet cable from the bottom of the camera and through the hole. Attach the rubber seal plug for water proofing.

1**2**

Connecting DC Power Cable

1. Add the supplied rubber washer to the cable as shown in the picture.
2. Feed the cable from the bottom of the camera and tighten the plastic base for waterproofing.



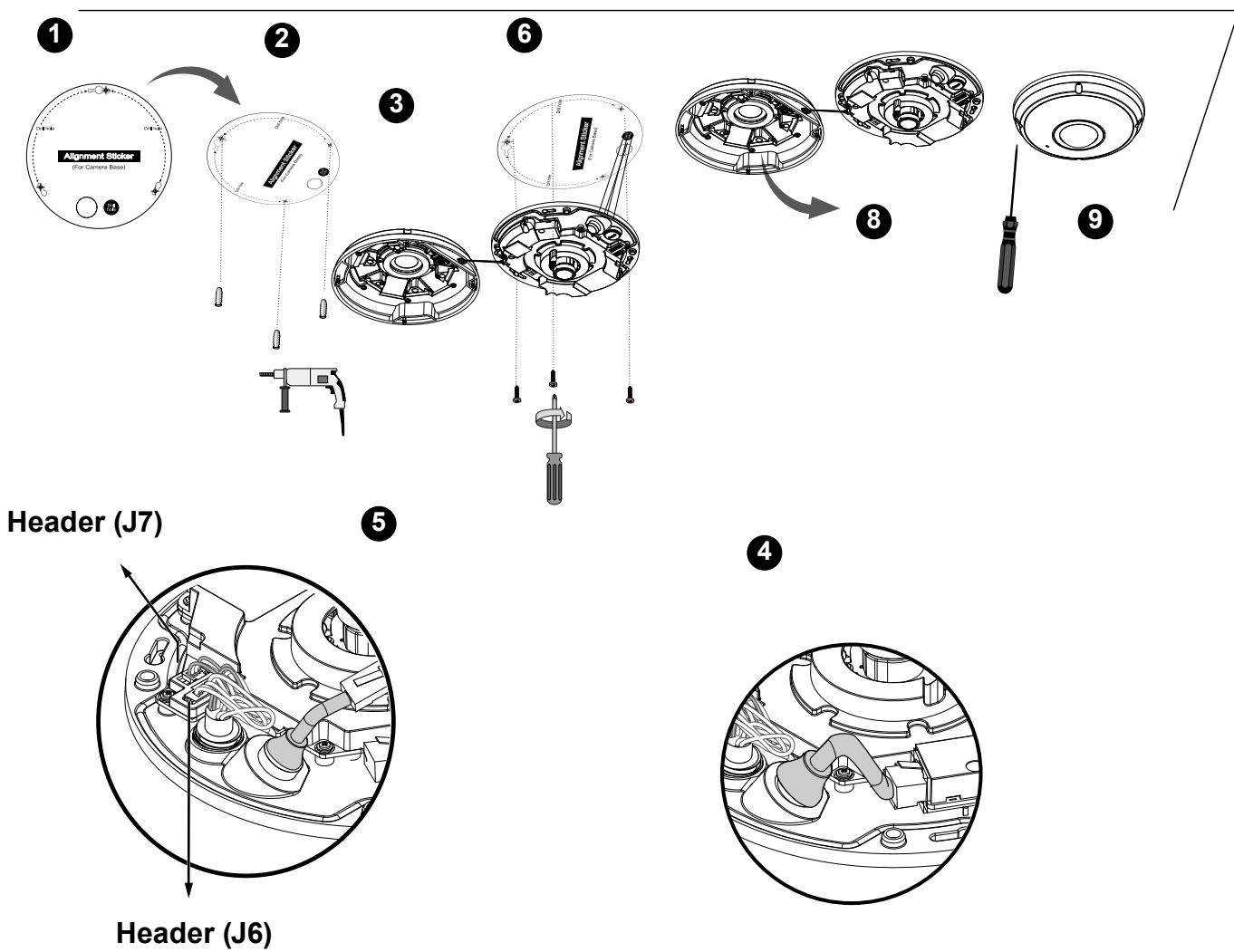
NOTE:

Connect the supplied power & IO cables if your switch does not support PoE.

Ceiling/Wall Mount without Mounting Plate

(Choose this mounting type if you want to feed the cables from the bottom of the camera)

1. Attach the supplied alignment sticker for camera base to the ceiling/wall.
2. Using the three circles on the sticker, drill three pilot holes into the ceiling. Then hammer the three supplied plastic anchors into the holes.
3. Drill a cable hole on the ceiling/wall, and feed the cables through the hole.
4. Connect the Ethernet cable to the socket.
5. Connect the two white header connectors to the J6 and J7 connectors.
6. Secure the camera base to the ceiling/wall with three supplied screws.
7. You will find a dessicant bag attached to the camera. Replace the dessicant bag included in the camera with the one shipped within the accessory bag.
8. Attach the dome cover.
9. Secure the four screws with the supplied stardriver. Make sure all camera parts are securely installed.



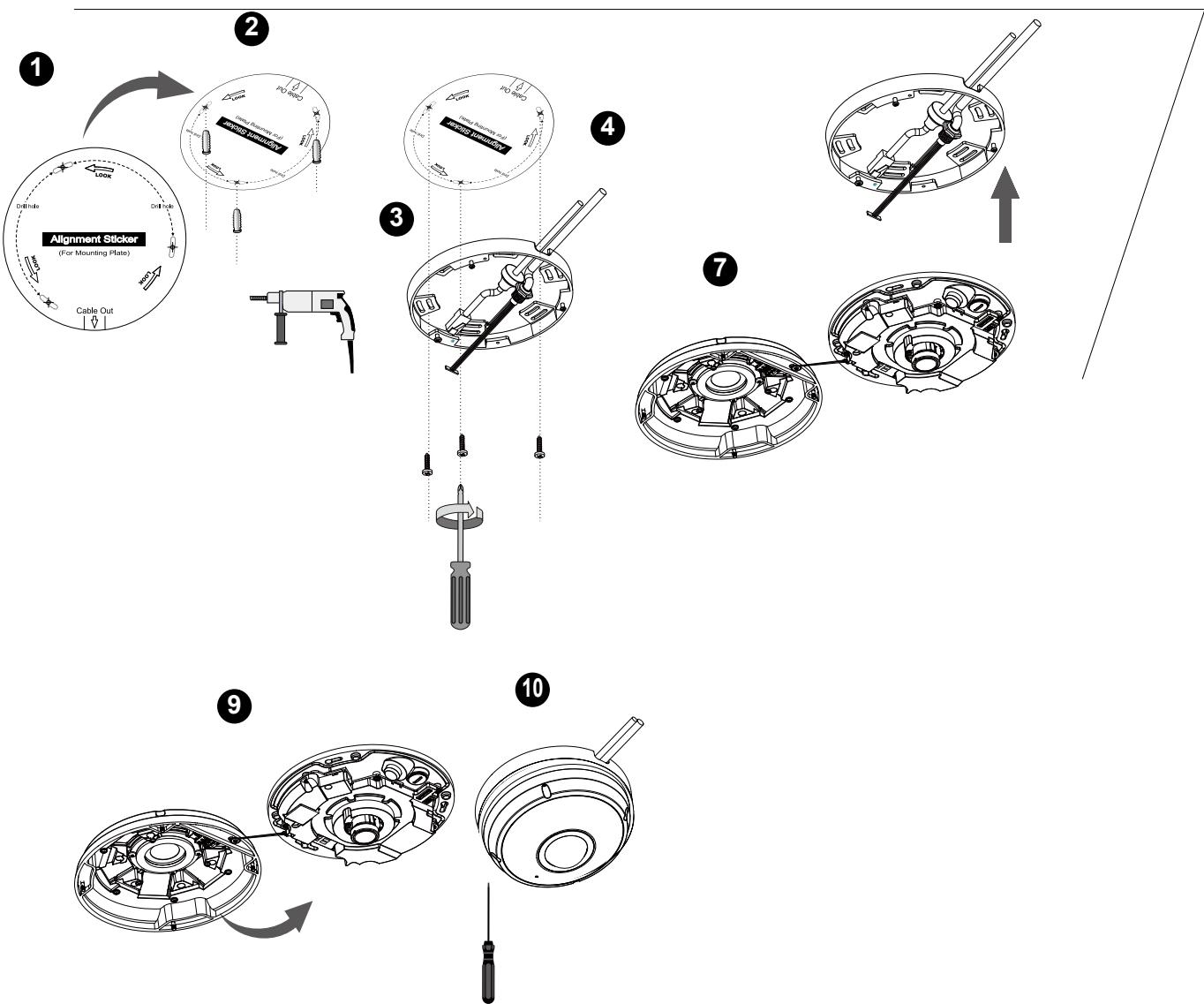
NOTE:

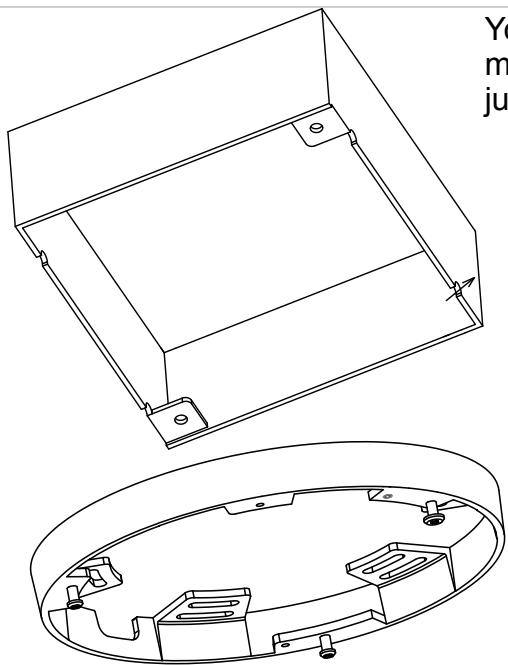
Arrange the cables neatly to avoid getting in the way when the dome cover is attached.

Ceiling/Wall Mount with Mounting Plate

(Choose this mounting type if you would like to feed the cables from the side)

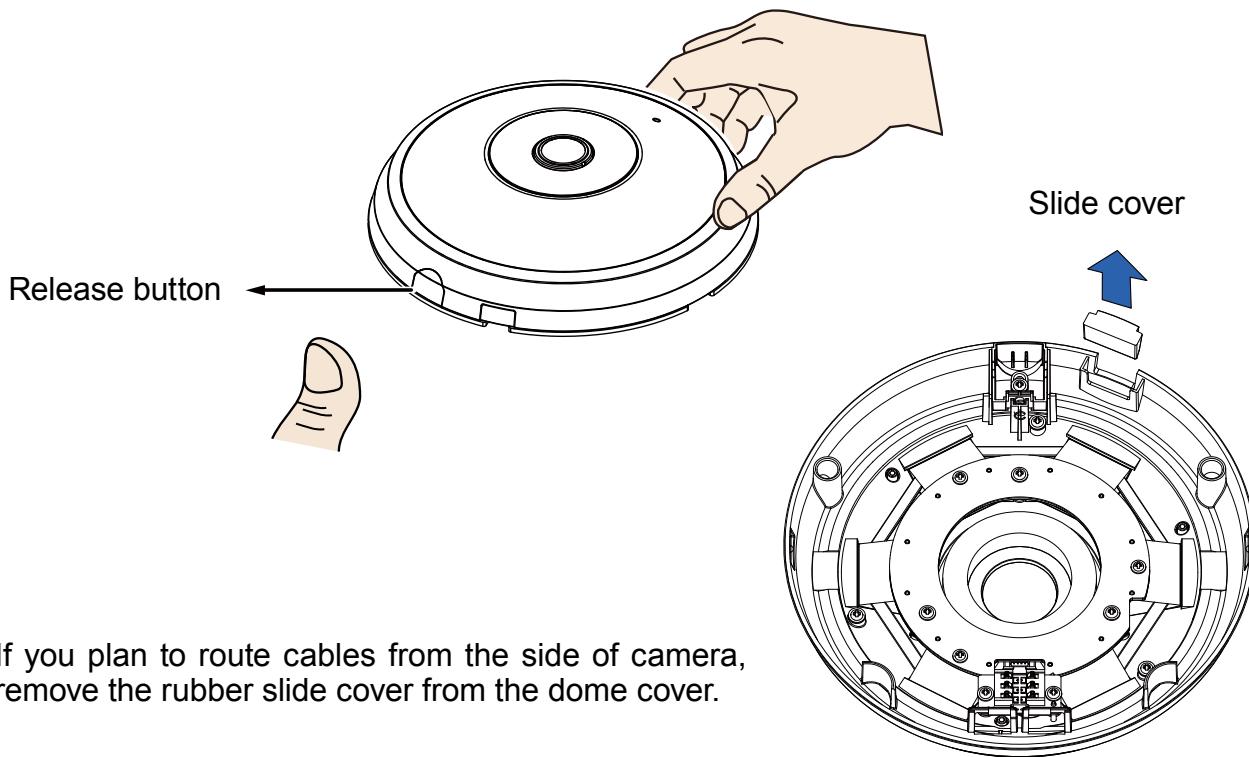
1. Attach the supplied alignment sticker for the supplied mounting plate to the ceiling/wall.
2. Using the three circles on the sticker, drill three holes into the ceiling. Then hammer the three supplied plastic anchors into the holes.
3. Arrange and feed the cables through the side of the mounting plate.
4. Secure the mounting plate to the ceiling/wall with three supplied screws.
5. Connect the Ethernet cable to the socket.
6. Connect two white headers to the J6 and J7 connectors.
7. Attach the camera base to the mounting plate and turn counter-clockwise as shown below. Then secure the supplied screws to fix the camera base.
8. You will find a dessicant bag attached to the camera. Replace the dessicant bag with the one shipped within the accessory bag.
9. Attach the dome cover.
10. Secure the four screws with the supplied stardriver. Make sure all camera parts are securely installed.



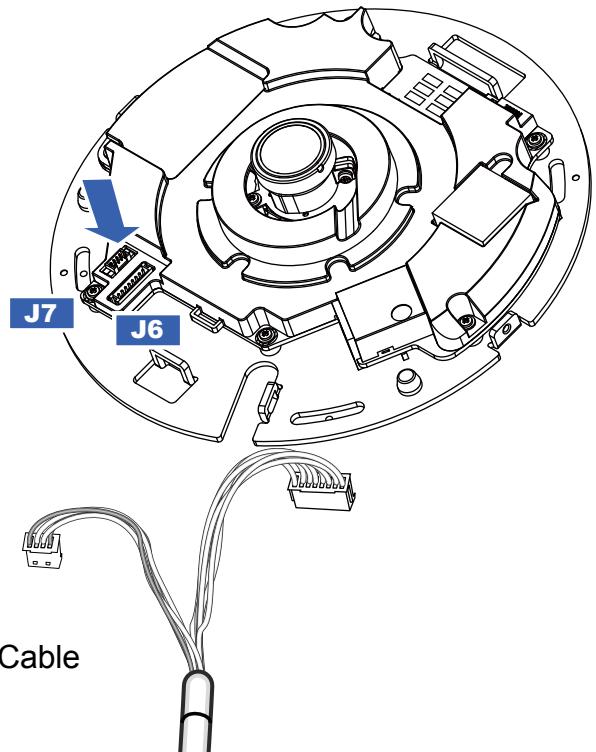


You may also use the diagonal holes on the mounting plate, marked as A, B, or C, to install the camera to a standard 4 in. junction box.

Hardware Installation - FE8181



If you plan to route cables from the side of camera, remove the rubber slide cover from the dome cover.



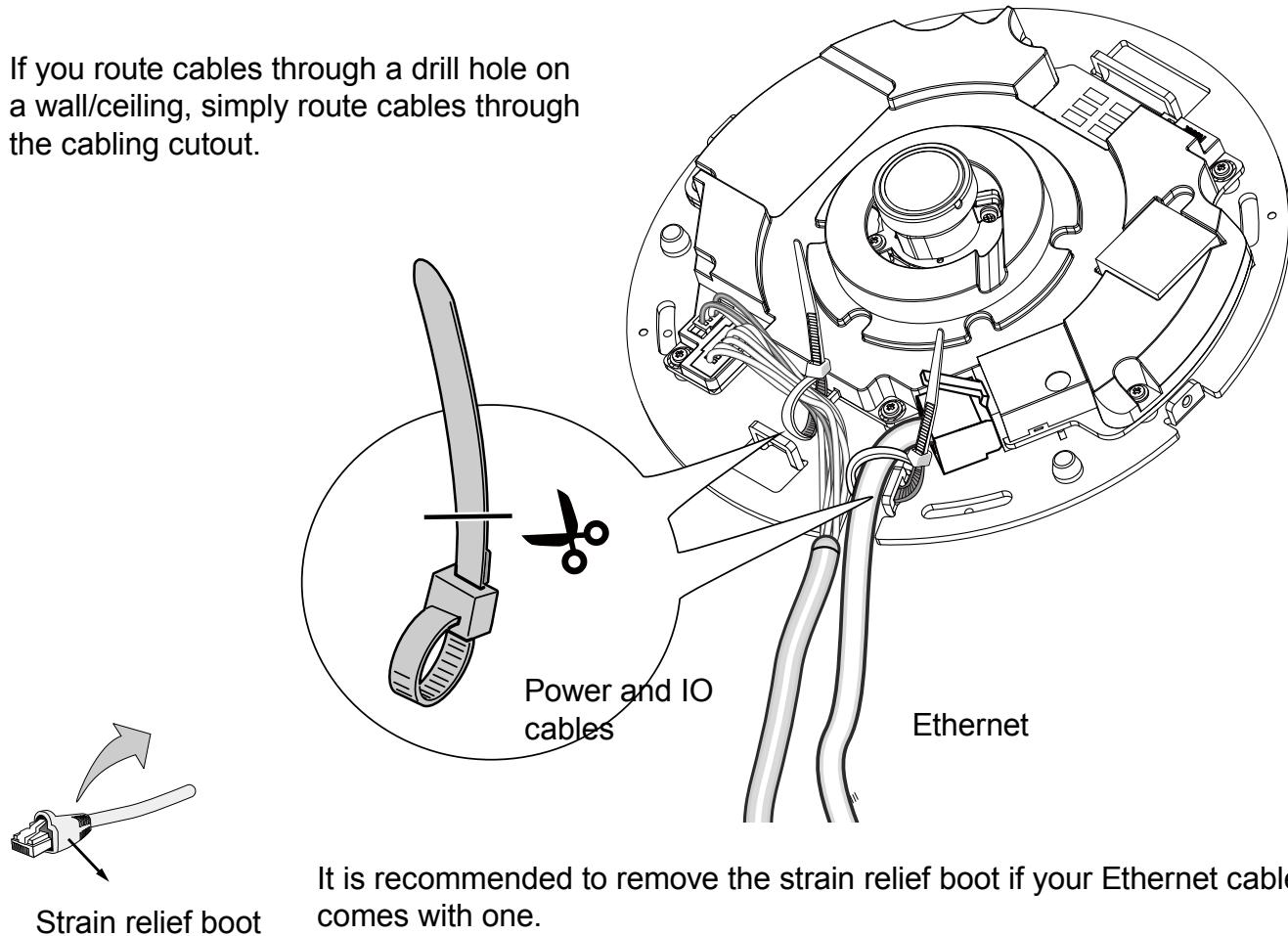
Connect the supplied power & IO cables if your switch does not support PoE. Connect the white header connectors to J6 and J7 on the camera.

Connecting Cables

If you need to route cables through the side opening, proceed with the following:

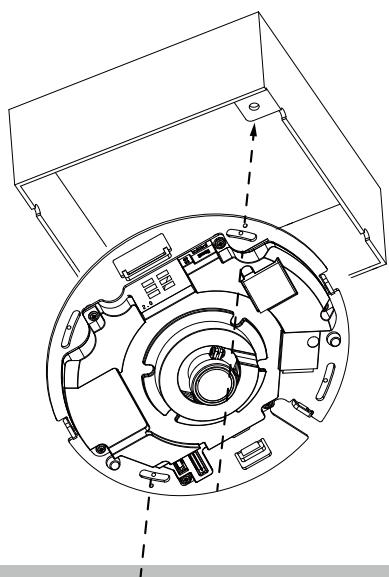
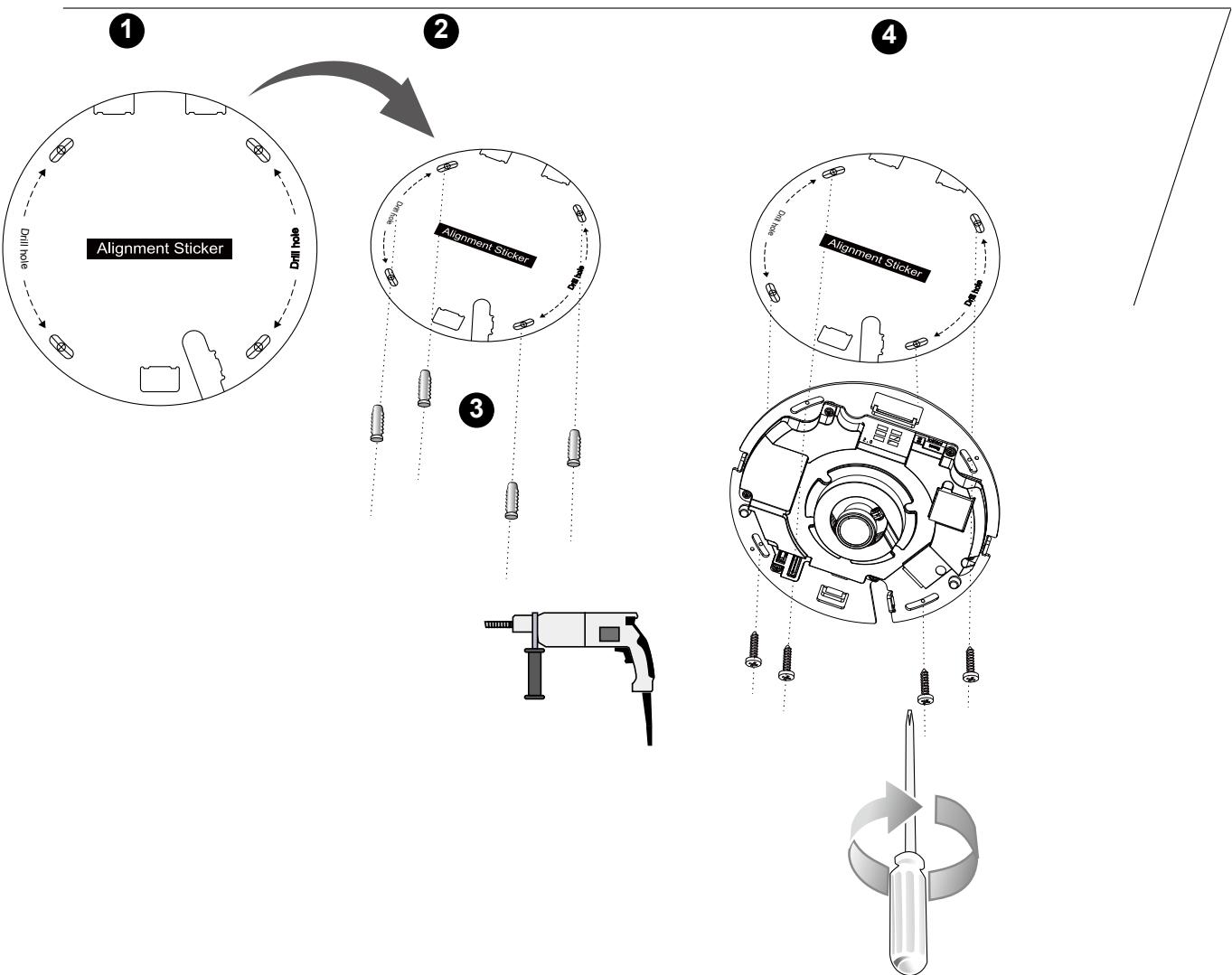
1. Connect the Ethernet and the Power & IO cables. The Ethernet cable is user-supplied.
2. Use the included cable ties to secure the Ethernet and IO cable to the base plate. Insert the cable ties through the vertical mounting tabs on the side of the plastic cover and on the edge of the cabling cutout.
3. Arrange the cables neatly to avoid getting in the way when the dome cover is attached.
4. Cut the extra length from the cable tie.

If you route cables through a drill hole on a wall/ceiling, simply route cables through the cabling cutout.



Ceiling or Wall Mount

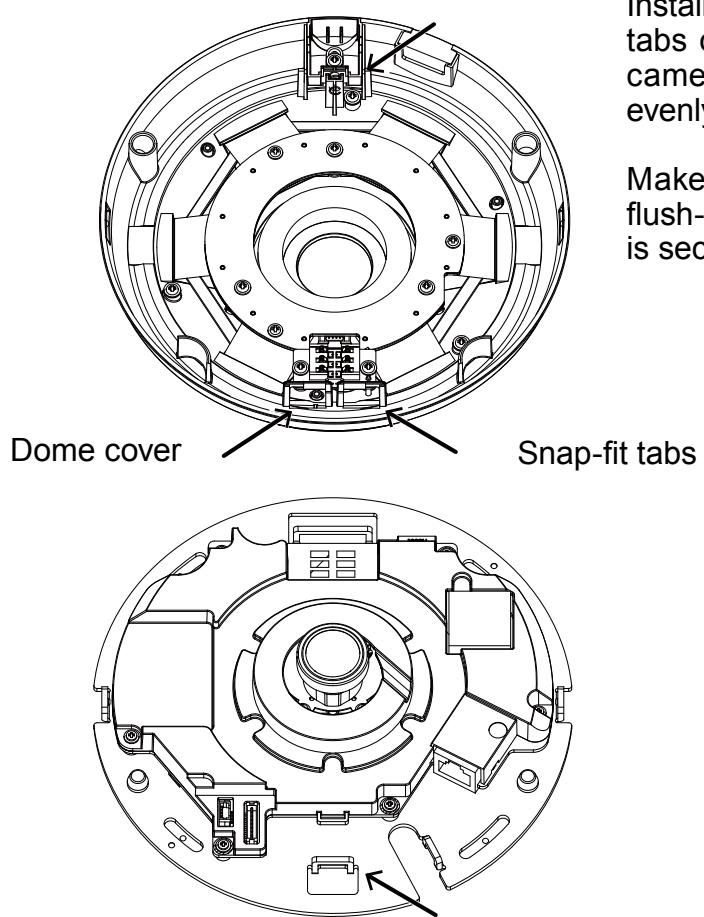
1. Attach the supplied alignment sticker for the camera base to the a ceiling or wall.
2. Using the circles on the sticker, drill pilot holes into the ceiling. Then hammer the supplied plastic anchors into the holes.
3. (Optional) Drill a cable hole on the ceiling/wall, and feed the cables through the hole.
4. Secure the camera base to the ceiling/wall with the supplied screws.



NOTE:

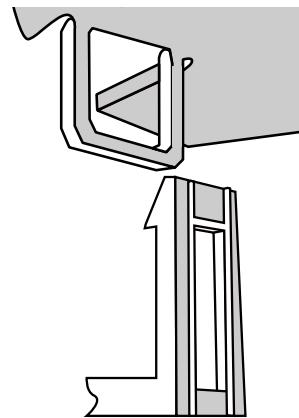
You may also install the camera to a U.S. standard 4 in. junction box. You can align the camera's curved slots with the mounting holes on a junction box. Use diagonal mounting positions on the camera to match those on a junction box.

Attach the Dome Cover



Install the plastic dome cover by aligning the snap-fit tabs on the dome cover with the slotted tabs on the camera base. Install the dome cover by pressing it evenly to the camera base.

Make sure the dome cover and the base plate are flush-aligned before pressing down. The dome cover is secured using a snap-fit mechanism.



Network Deployment

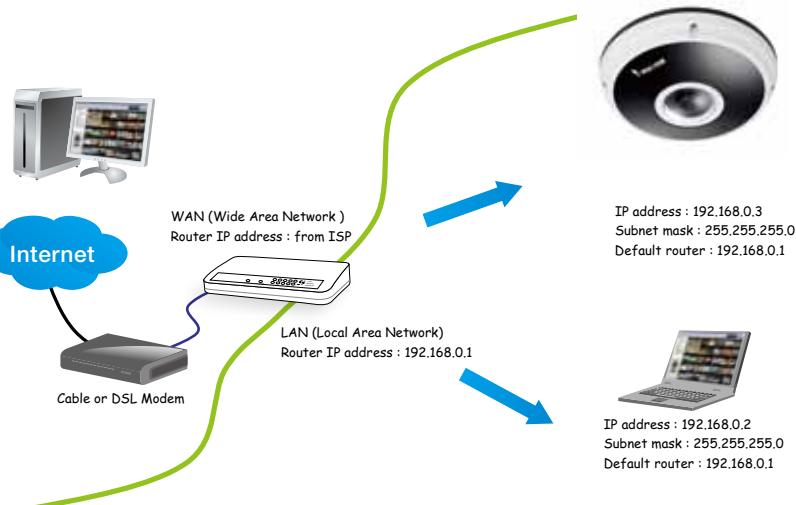
Setting up the Network Camera over the Internet

There are several ways to set up the Network Camera over the Internet. The first way is to set up the Network Camera behind a router. The second way is to utilize a static IP. The third way is to use PPPoE.

Internet connection via a router

Before enabling the access to the Network Camera over the Internet, make sure you have a router and follow the steps below.

1. Connect your Network Camera behind a router, the Internet environment is illustrated below. Regarding how to obtain your IP address, please refer to Software Installation on page 30 for details.



2. In this case, if the Local Area Network (LAN) IP address of your Network Camera is 192.168.0.3, please forward the following ports for the Network Camera on the router.

- Secondary HTTP port: 8080
- RTSP port: 554
- RTP port for audio: 5558
- RTCP port for audio: 5559
- RTP port for video: 5556
- RTCP port for video: 5557

If you have changed the port numbers on the Network page, please open the ports accordingly on your router. For information on how to forward ports on the router, please refer to your router's user's manual.

3. Find out the public IP address of your router provided by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). Use the public IP and the secondary HTTP port to access the Network Camera from the Internet. Please refer to Network Type on page 78 for details.

For example, your router and IP settings may look like this:

Device	IP Address: internal port	IP Address: External Port (Mapped port on the router)
Public IP of router	122.146.57.120	
LAN IP of router	192.168.2.1	
Camera 1	192.168.2.10:80	122.146.57.120:8000
Camera 2	192.168.2.11:80	122.146.57.120:8001
...

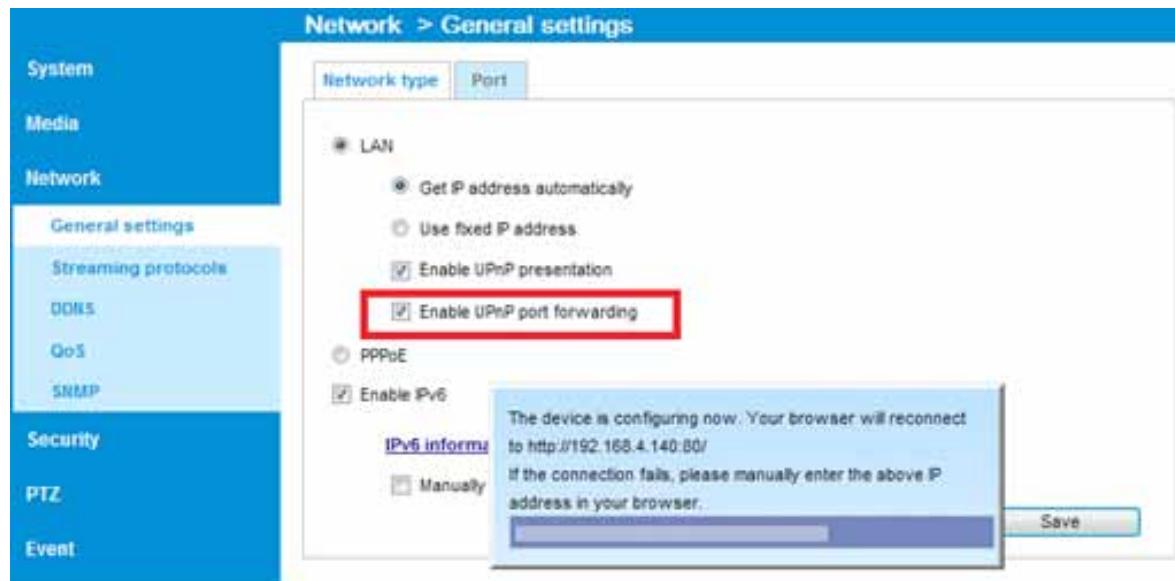
Configure the router, virtual server or firewall, so that the router can forward any data coming into a preconfigured port number to a network camera on the private network, and allow data from the camera to be transmitted to the outside of the network over the same path.

From	Forward to
122.146.57.120:8000	192.168.2.10:80
122.146.57.120:8001	192.168.2.11:80
...	...

When properly configured, you can access a camera behind the router using the HTTP request as follows: <http://122.146.57.120:8000>

If you change the port numbers on the Network configuration page, please open the ports accordingly on your router. For example, you can open a management session with your router to configure access through the router to the camera within your local network. Please consult your network administrator for router configuration if you have troubles with the configuration.

For more information with network configuration options (such as that of streaming ports), please refer to Configuration > Network Settings. VIVOTEK also provides the automatic port forwarding feature as an NAT traversal function with the precondition that your router must support the UPnP port forwarding feature.



Internet connection with static IP

Choose this connection type if you are required to use a static IP for the Network Camera. Please refer to LAN configuration on page 78 for details.

Internet connection via PPPoE (Point-to-Point over Ethernet)

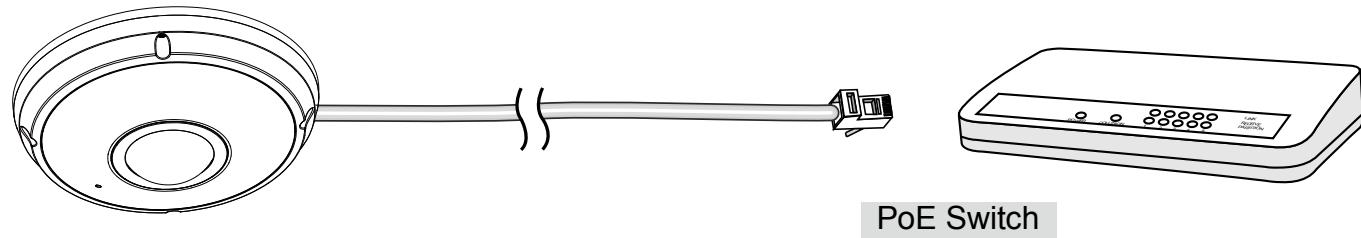
Choose this connection type if you are connected to the Internet via a DSL Line. Please refer to PPPoE on page 99 for details.

⚠️ IMPORTANT:

When IR lights are on in the night, the total power consumption is 23W. A 802.3at PoE PSE, e.g., PoE switch, is required.

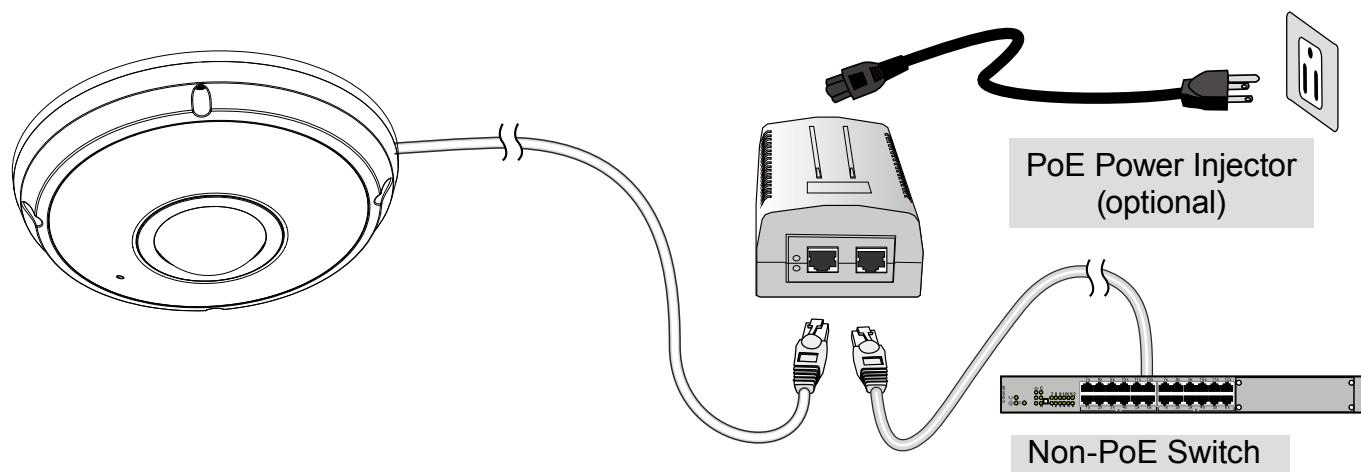
💡 NOTE:

1. This equipment is only to be connected to PoE networks without routing to outside plants.
2. For PoE input, use only UL listed I.T.E. with PoE output.



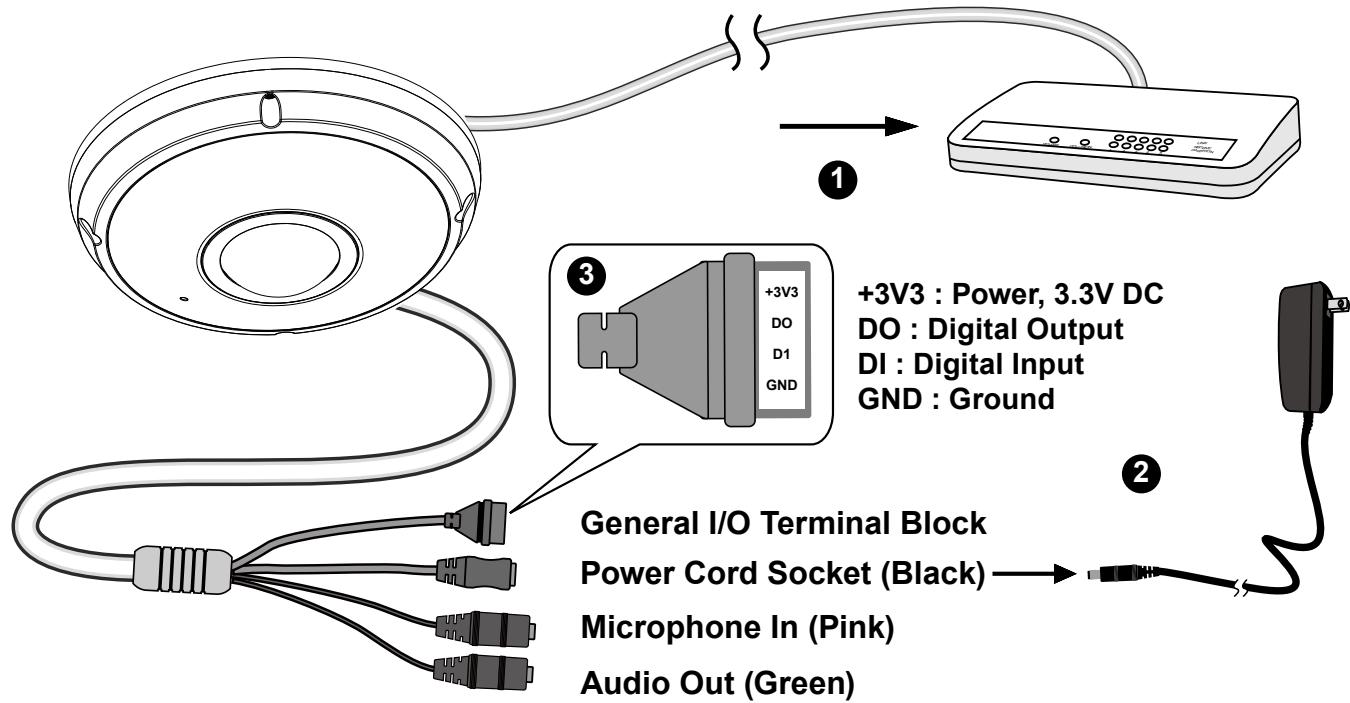
➊ When using a non-PoE switch

Use a PoE power injector (optional) to connect between the Network Camera and a non-PoE switch.



General Connection (without PoE)

1. If you have external DI devices, make the connection from general I/O terminal block.
2. Ethernet, power and IO cables are user-supplied.
3. Connect DC power cord to a DC Adapter, and then to a power outlet.



⚠️ IMPORTANT:

1. When IR lights are on in the night, the total power consumption is 23W.
2. If DC power is preferred, it should comply with: O/P: 12VDC, 2A min., L.P.S. per IEC 60950-1.

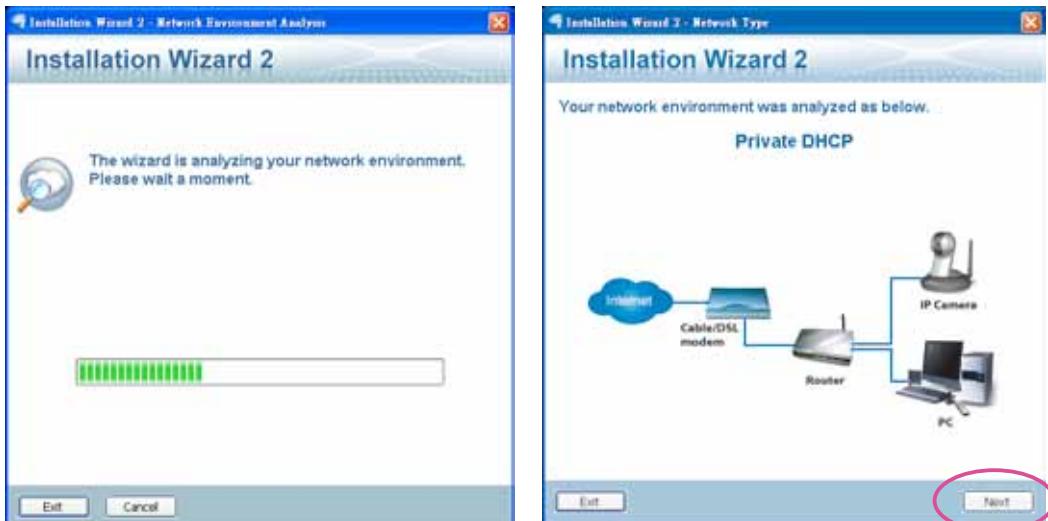
Software Installation

Installation Wizard 2 (IW2), free-bundled software included on the product CD, helps you set up your Network Camera on the LAN.

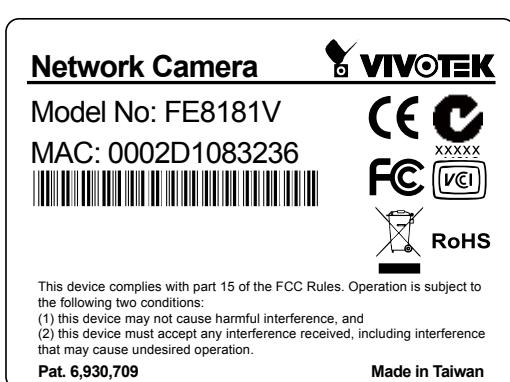
1. Install IW2 under the Software Utility directory from the software CD.
Double click the IW2 shortcut on your desktop to launch the program.



2. The program will conduct an analysis of your network environment.
After your network environment is analyzed, please click **Next** to continue the program.

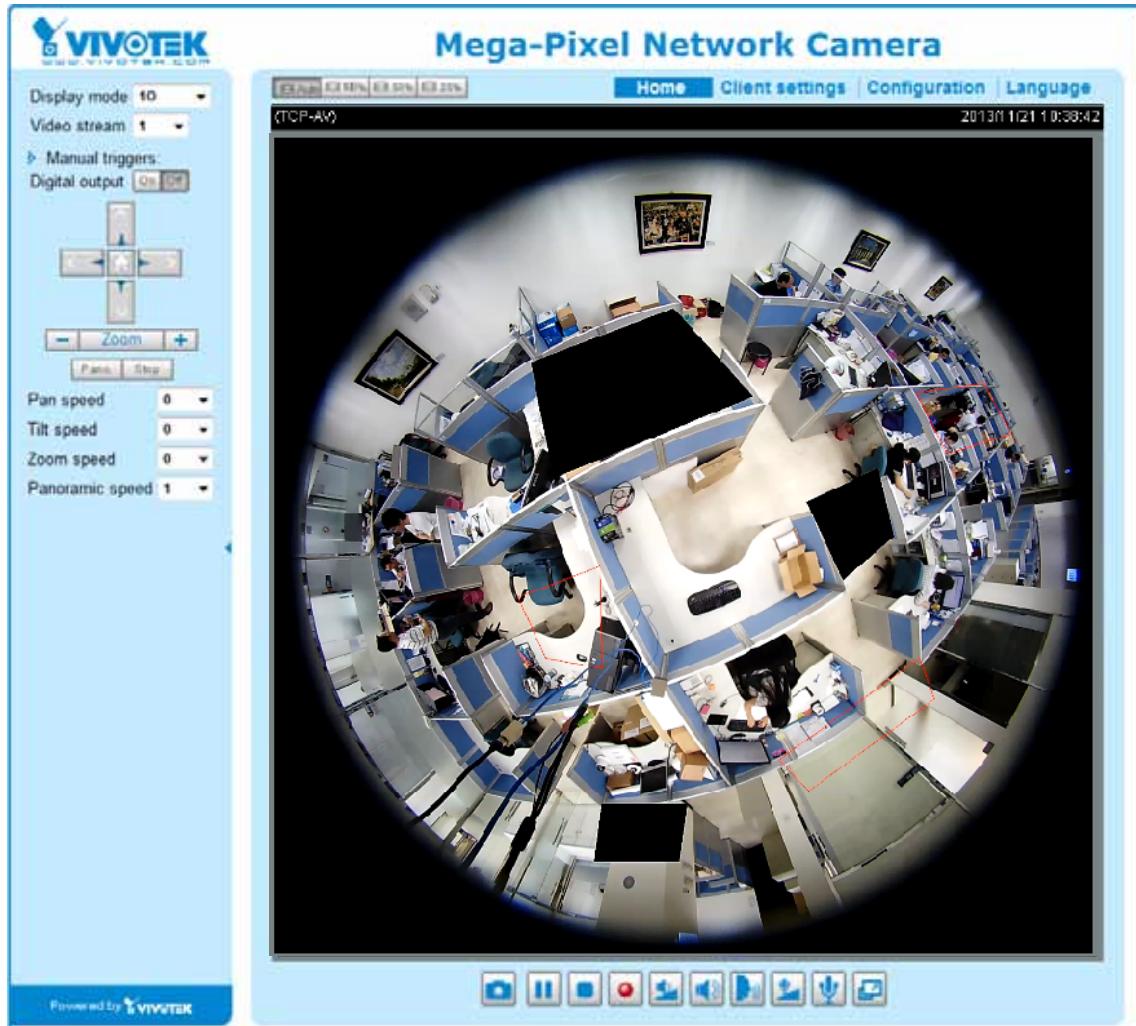


3. The program will search for all VIVOTEK network devices on the same LAN.
4. After a brief search, the main installer window will pop up. Double-click on the MAC address that matches the one printed on the camera label or the S/N number on the package box label to open a browser management session with the Network Camera.



Ready to Use

1. A browser session with the Network Camera should prompt as shown below.
2. You should be able to see live video from your camera. You may also install the 32-channel recording software from the software CD in a deployment consisting of multiple cameras. For its installation details, please refer to its related documents.



NOTE:

If you encounter problems with displaying live view or the onscreen plug-in control, you may try to remove the plug-ins that might have been installed on your computer. Remove the following folder: C:\Program Files (x86)\Camera Stream Controller\.

Accessing the Network Camera

This chapter explains how to access the Network Camera through web browsers, RTSP players, 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, and VIVOTEK recording software.

Using Web Browsers

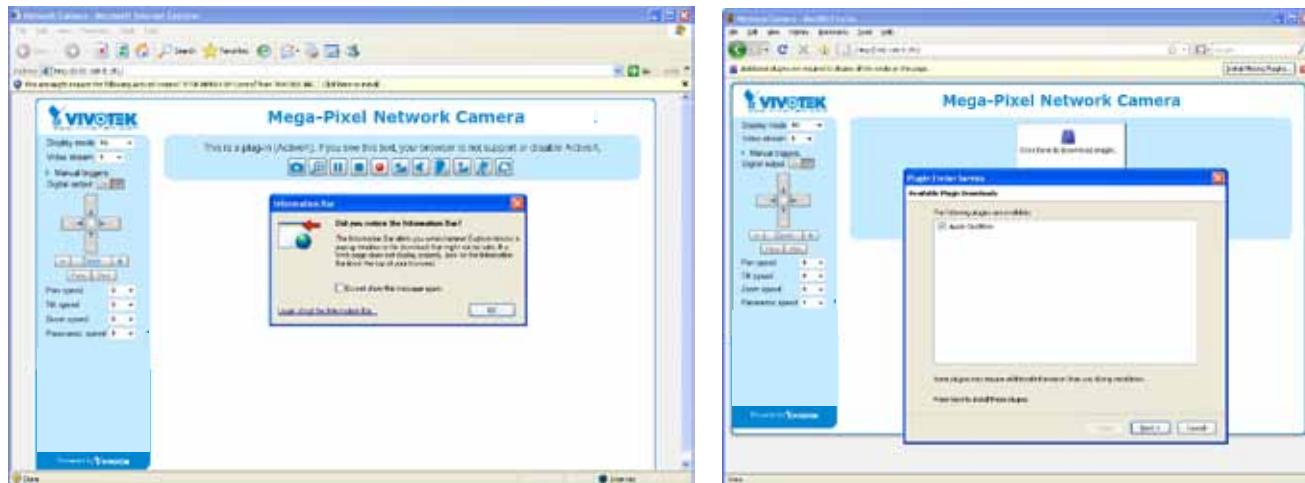
! IMPORTANT:

- Currently the Network Camera utilizes 32-bit ActiveX plugin. You **CAN NOT** open a management/view session with the camera using a 64-bit IE browser.
- If you encounter this problem, try execute the iexplore.exe program from C:\Windows\SysWOW64. A 32-bit version of IE browser will be installed.
- On Windows 7, the 32-bit explorer browser can be accessed from here: C:\Program Files (x86)\Internet Explorer\iexplore.exe

Use Installation Wizard 2 (IW2) to access to the Network Cameras on the LAN.

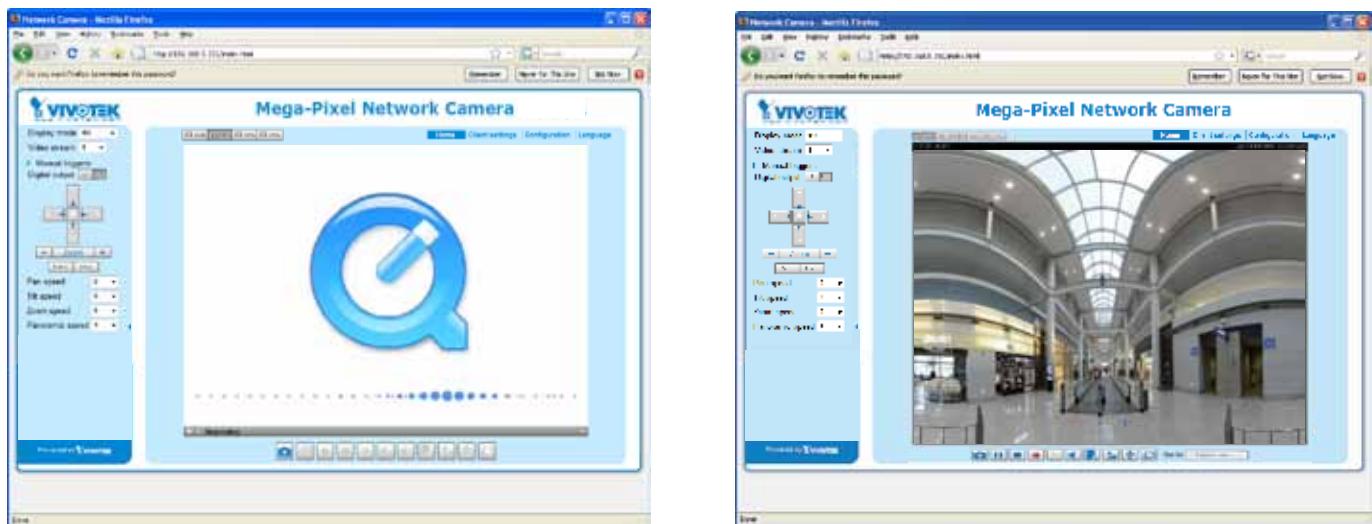
If your network environment is not a LAN, follow these steps to access the Network Camera:

1. Launch your web browser (e.g., Microsoft® Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, or Netscape).
2. Enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field. Press **Enter**.
3. The live video will be displayed in your web browser.
4. If it is the first time installing the VIVOTEK network camera, an information bar prompt as shown below. Follow the instructions to install the required plug-in on your computer.

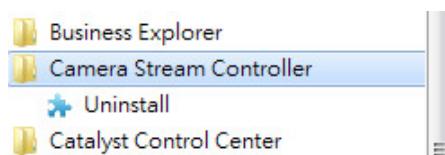


**NOTE:**

For **Mozilla Firefox** users, your browser will use **Quick Time** to stream live video. If you do not have Quick Time on your computer, please download Quick Time from Apple Inc's website, and then launch your web browser.

**Tips:**

- The onscreen Java control can malfunction under the following situations:
A PC connects to different cameras that are using the same IP address (or the same camera running different firmware versions). Removing your browser cookies will solve this problem.
- In the event of plug-in compatibility issues, you may try to uninstall the plug-in that was previously installed.

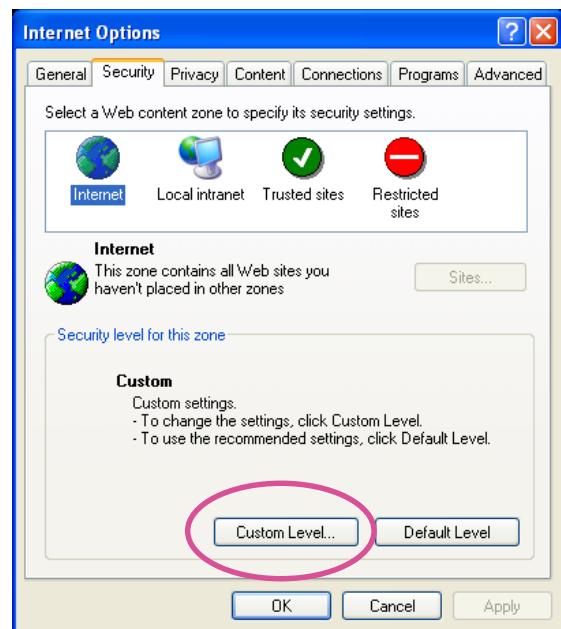


**NOTE:**

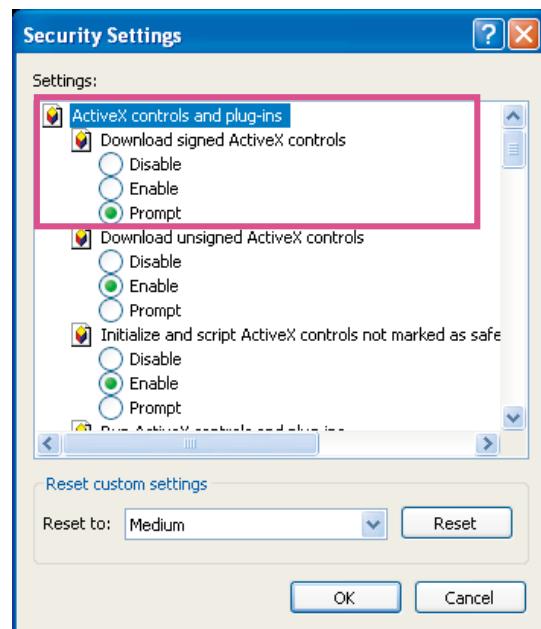
1. By default, your Network Camera is not password-protected. To prevent unauthorized access, it is highly recommended to configure a password for your camera later. *For more information about how to enable password protection, please refer to Security on page 97.*
2. If you see a dialogue box indicating that your security settings prohibit running ActiveX Controls®, please enable ActiveX Controls for your browser.

To enable the ActiveX® Controls for your browser:

- 2-1. Choose Tools > Internet Options > Security > Custom Level.



- 2-2. Look for Download signed ActiveX® controls; select Enable or Prompt. Click OK.



- 2-3. Refresh your web browser, then install the ActiveX® control. Follow the instructions to complete installation.

Using RTSP Players

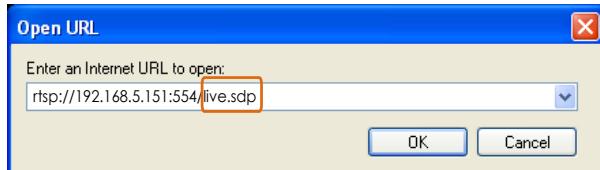
To view the H.264/MPEG-4 streaming media using RTSP players, you can use one of the following players that support RTSP streaming.

-  Quick Time Player
-  VLC Player

1. Launch the RTSP player.
2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will prompt.
3. The address format is rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream1 to stream4>

As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 87.

For example:



4. The live video will be displayed in your player. For more information on how to configure the RTSP access name, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 87 for details.



NOTE:

Quick Time player only supports playback of H.264 stream, and not the MJPEG stream. In terms of audio codec, Quick Time only supports AAC. Since this camera supports G.711 codec, audio is not available on Quick Time.

VLC player supports H.264/MPEG-4/MJPEG, and all audio codecs supported by VIVOTEK's cameras.

The RTSP players will show the original circular-shape image. You can access the Regional views via the ST7501 or VAST software. See page 88 for an example.

Using 3GPP-compatible Mobile Devices

To view the streaming media through 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, make sure the Network Camera can be accessed over the Internet. For more information on how to set up the Network Camera over the Internet, please refer to Setup the Network Camera over the Internet on page 26.

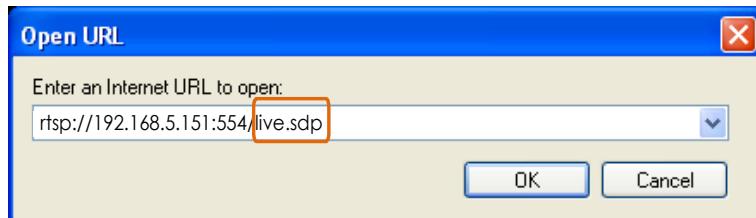
To utilize this feature, please check the following settings on your Network Camera:

1. Because most players on 3GPP mobile phones do not support RTSP authentication, make sure the authentication mode of RTSP streaming is set to disable.
For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 87.
2. As the the bandwidth on 3G networks is limited, you will not be able to use a large video size.
Please set the video and audio streaming parameters as listed below.
For more information, please refer to Stream settings on page 73.

Video Mode	MPEG-4
Frame size	176 x 144
Maximum frame rate	5 fps
Intra frame period	1S
Video quality (Constant bit rate)	40kbps
Audio type (GSM-AMR)	12.2kbps

3. As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 87.
4. Launch the player on the 3GPP-compatible mobile devices (e.g., Real Player).
5. Type the following URL commands in the URL field.
The address format is rtsp://<public ip address of your camera>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream 3>.

For example:



Using VIVOTEK Recording Software

The product software CD also contains recording software, allowing simultaneous monitoring and video recording for multiple Network Cameras. Please install the recording software; then launch the program to add the Network Camera to the Channel list. For detailed information about how to use the recording software, please refer to the user's manual of the software or download it from <http://www.vivotek.com>.



Main Page

This chapter explains the screen elements on the main page. It is composed of the following sections: VIVOTEK INC. Logo, Host Name, Camera Control Area, Configuration Area, and Live Video Window.



VIVOTEK INC. Logo

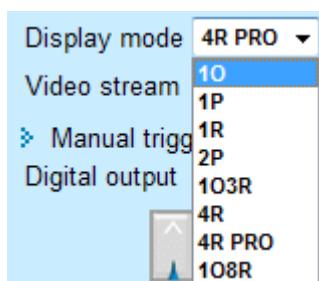
Click this logo to visit the VIVOTEK website.

Host Name

The host name can be customized to fit your needs. For more information, please refer to System > General Settings on page 52.

Camera Control Area

Display mode: This is a brand new configuration menu exclusively designed for Fisheye cameras. Due to the fisheye lens' wide coverage of 180° hemispheric and 360° panoramic views and to manipulate the details within, the following display modes are provided:



- 1O** - One Original fisheye view.
- 1P** - One Panoramic view
- 1R** - One Regional view
- 1P2R** - One Panoramic and two Regional views ([Wall mount](#))
- 2P** - Two Panoramic views
- 1P3R** - One Panoramic and three Regional views ([Wall mount](#))
- 1O3R** - One Original and three Regional views
- 4R** - Four Regional views
- 4R PRO** - Four Regional views interactively displayed when the field of view changes in any of the views
- 1O8R** - One Original and eight Regional views

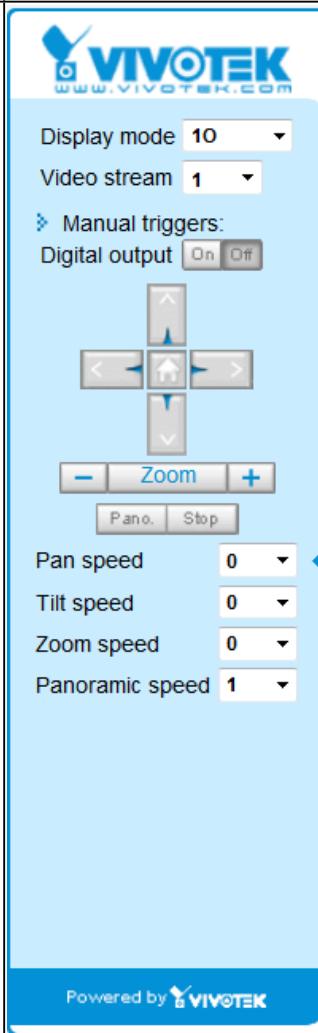
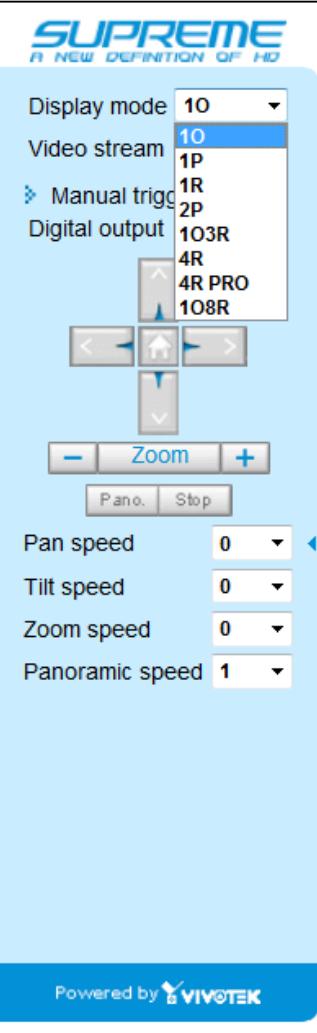
- * Most display modes are available in the Ceiling mount type.
- * See following discussions for detailed explanation of these modes. If selected, the Wall mount type provides another two distinctive modes.

IMPORTANT:

The Local dewarp function is designed for use with 3rd-party software that did not implement the dewarp plug-ins. A video stream can be dewarped on the camera into a regional or panoramic view before being sent to the client side. However, since the video has already been dewarped into a more viewable rectilinear view, you can not exert PTZ control or change the view angle on the client computer.

When using the Local dewarp, you should configure the view angle of a regional view in the PTZ > PTZ settings window.

Below are the appearances of the control panel when the Local dewarp function is enabled or disabled. The **PTZ panel** and the **Display mode** menu disappear when a video stream is using the Local dewarp function. See page 63 for more information.

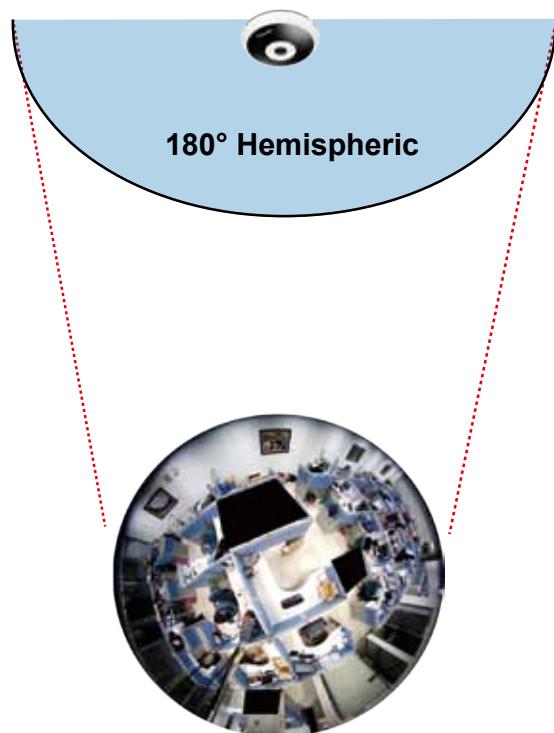
Local dewarp (on camera)	Dewarp by client-side plug-ins	Dewarp by client-side plug-ins
		

1O (Original) Display mode:

When mounted on a ceiling, the fisheye camera can cover an approximately 50 m² of surveillance area (hung at a height of approximately 3 meters), while still keeping details in videos with recognizable facial features of people trafficking through the area.

The 1O view is especially adequate for taking an overview glimpse of surveillance area with a ceiling mount camera.

1O View (Original View)



1P (Single Panoramic) Display mode:

With image correction firmware algorithms, the hemispheric image is transformed into a rectilinear stripe in the 1P display mode. Viewers can use the PTZ panel or simply use mouse control to quickly move through the 360° panoramic view. (Mouse control on the Panoramic view is available with the Ceiling mount type.)

Note that the 1P view is apt for an overview, the Zoom in/out function does not apply in this mode.

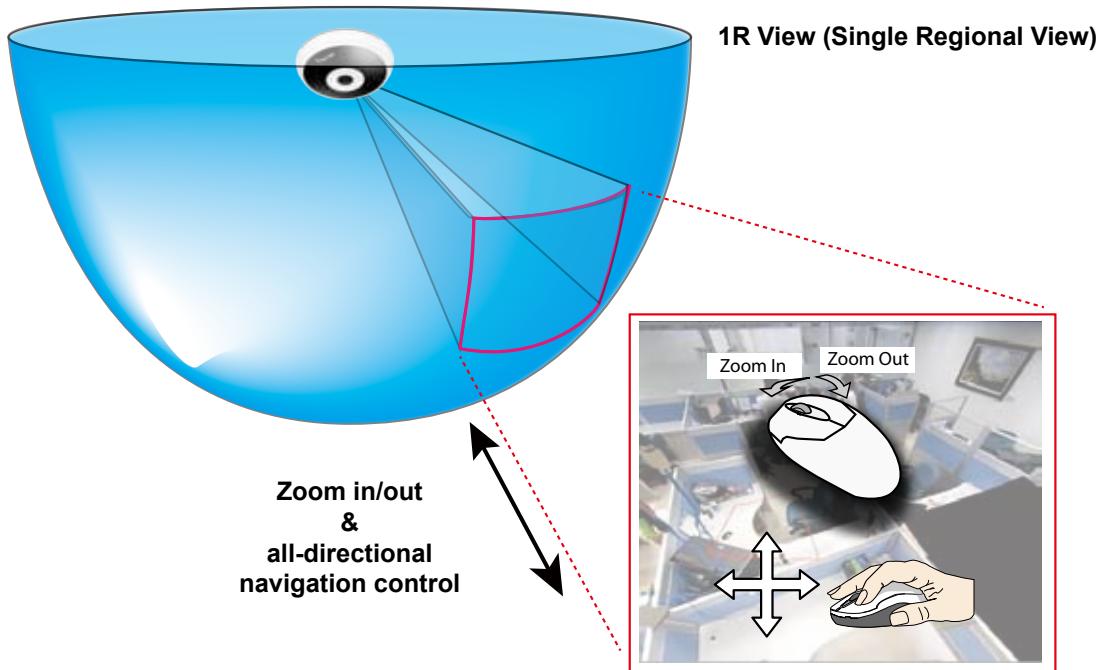


! IMPORTANT:

If the **Local dewarp** mode is selected for a video stream, the mouse control on the screen will be disabled. For example, if stream #1 is configured into the 1R mode (see description on the next page), its view angle will not be configurable using the mouse control.

1R (Single Regional) Display mode:

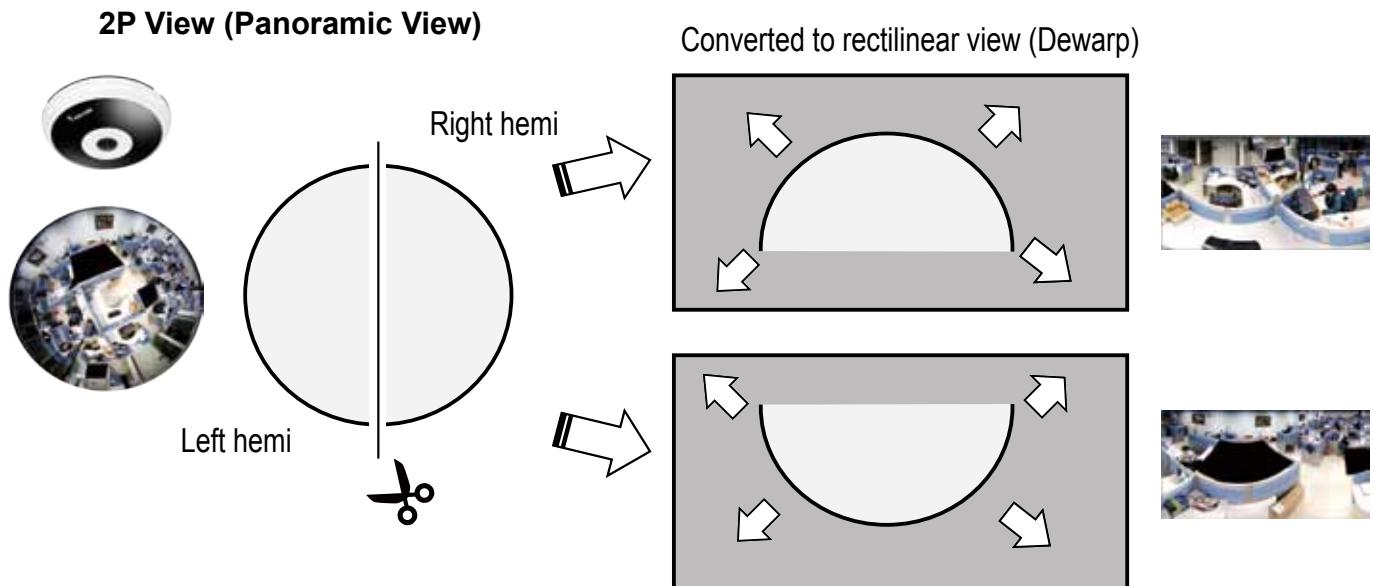
The 1R mode provides access to one image section within the hemisphere. You can zoom in or out (using the mouse wheel or PTZ panel) or travel to other areas in the hemisphere using mouse clicks and swipes. A single click on a particular object can bring the object to the center of your view window. Click and hold down the left mouse button, and you can swipe the view both horizontally and vertically.



2P (Dual Panoramic View) Display mode:

Similar to 1P, the 2P display mode provides simultaneous access to both the left and right sections of a hemisphere. Both panoramic views are corrected into a more viewable dewarped image. Viewers can use a mouse click and swipe to quickly scroll horizontally through the surveillance area.

* Note that the dividing line falls approximately on the center of the VIVOTEK logo.



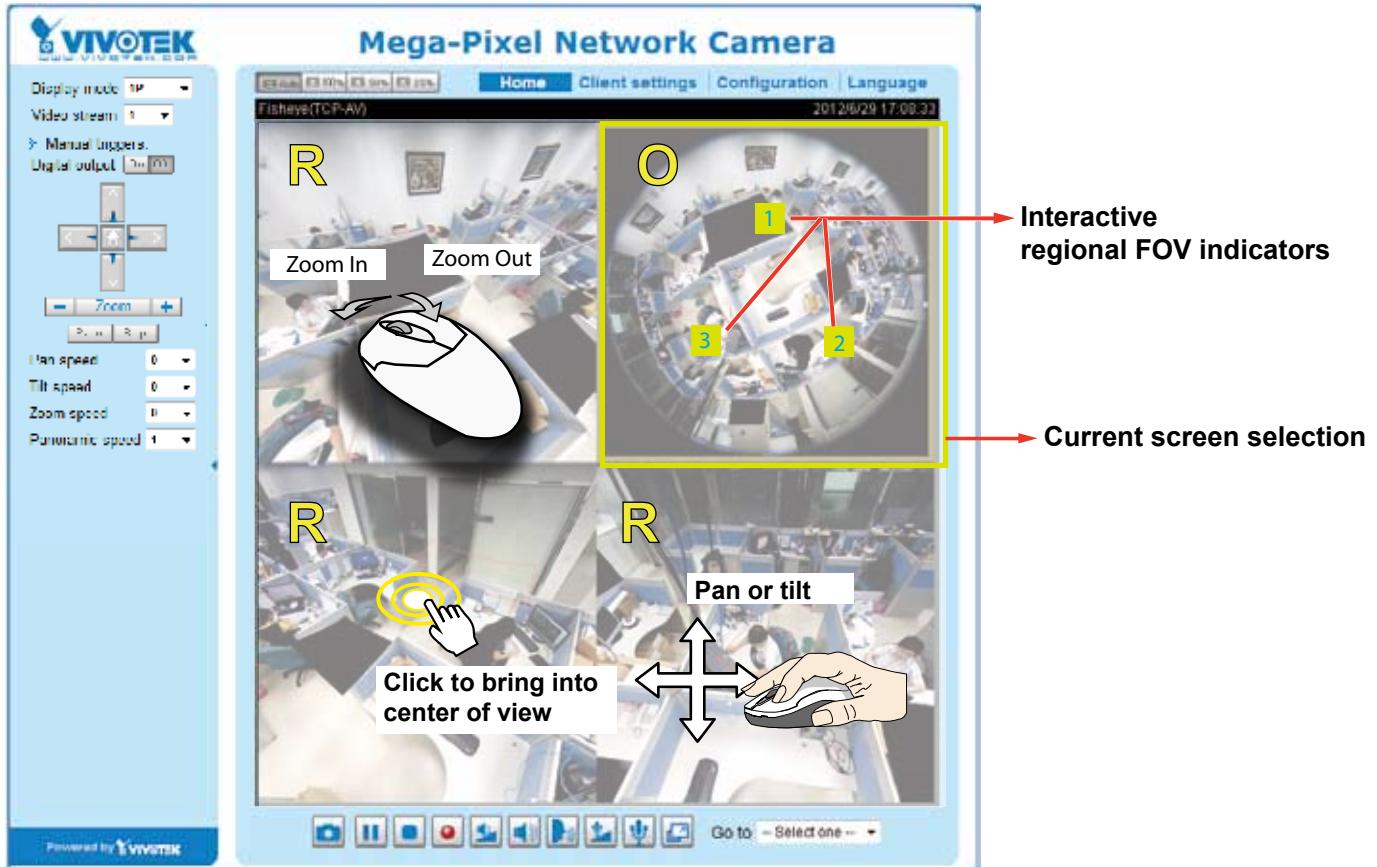
1O3R (One Original & Three Regional) Display mode:

The 1O3R mode provides access to multiple live view sections within the hemisphere and the reference to their relative positions on an Original circular view. The FOV indicators (#1 ~ #3) interact with your current operation as you may zoom in/out or move the live view window to a different place.

You can zoom in or out or travel to other areas within the hemisphere using identical methods as previously described in the 1R mode.

You can also change the locations of Regional views by dragging the FOV indicators on the "Original" circular view.

1O3R (Original & Regional) Mode Screen Control



Tips:

In a Regional view displaying 100% of video feed (via the Resize buttons - see page 44), your mouse wheel can be used to scroll the view window vertically before you click on a live image. After you click on the live image, the mouse wheel becomes the zoom in/out tool.

4R (Four Regional) Display mode:

The view control and look and feel are identical to that as described in the 1O3R mode except the absence of the Original circular view.

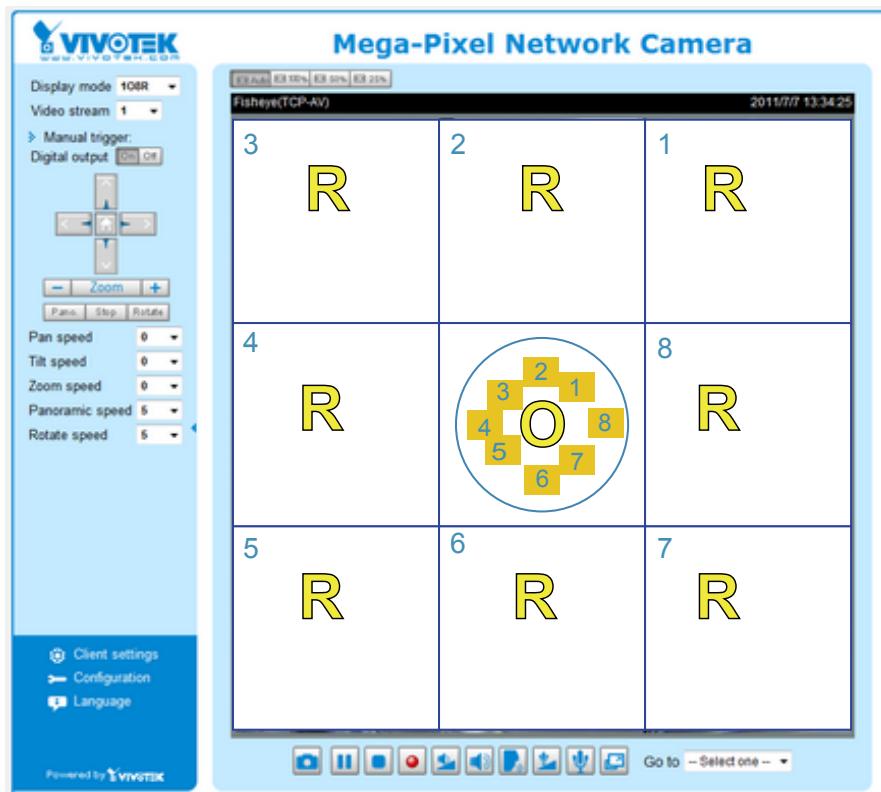
4R PRO (Four Regional Proactive) Display mode:

The 4R PRO mode is similar to the 4R mode except that the quad view windows consecutively rotate in correspondence to the change of view area in one window. Note that zoom in/out and tilt control is not available in this mode.

1O8R (One Original and Eight Regional) Display mode:

The view control and look and feel are identical to that as described in the 1O3R mode.

Note that if you change the position of a view in hemisphere, e.g., #3 window, you may lose the configuration change by switching to another display mode. The live view window does not automatically save your view section layout.

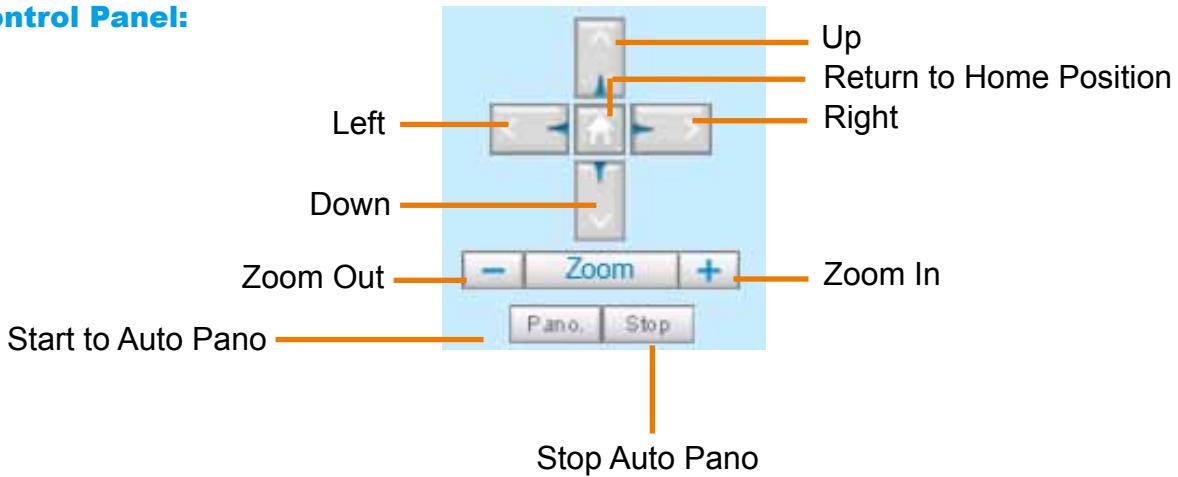


Video Stream: This Network Camera supports multiple streams (stream #1 ~ #3) simultaneously. You can select any one of them for live viewing. For more information about multiple streams, please refer to page 73 for detailed information.

Manual Trigger: Click to manually enable or disable an event trigger. Please configure an event setting before enabling this function. A total of 3 or 4 event settings can be configured. For more information about event setting, please refer to page 113. If you want to hide this item on the homepage, please go to the **System > Homepage Layout > General settings > Customized button** to deselect the “show manual trigger button” checkbox.

Digital Output: Click to turn the digital output device on or off.

PTZ Control Panel:



Pano: Click this button to start the automated circular rotation through a regional view (360° continuous rotation). Note that this function does not apply in a Panoramic view because a Panoramic view already shows the full coverage.

Stop: Click this button to stop the Auto Pano and Auto Rotate functions.

Pan /Tilt /Zoom /Panoramic/Rotate speed: Adjust the speed of these controls when exerted:

Pan speed	Tilt speed	Zoom speed	Panoramic speed	
-5	-5	-5	-	Slower
-4	-4	-4	-	
-3	-3	-3	-	
-2	-2	-2	-	
-1	-1	-1	-	
0	0	0	0	
1	1	1	1	
2	2	2	2	
3	3	3	3	
4	4	4	4	
5	5	5	5	Faster

Configuration Area

Client Settings: Click this button to access the client setting page. For more information, please refer to Client Settings on page 49.

Configuration: Click this button to access more of the configuration options provided with the Network

Camera. It is suggested that a password is applied to the Network Camera so that only the administrator can configure the Network Camera. For more information, please refer to the description for the Configuration menus on page 51.

Language: Click this button to choose a language for the user interface. Language options are available in: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡體中文, and 繁體中文. You can also change a language on the Configuration page; please refer to page 51.

Hide Button

You can click the hide button to hide the control panel or display the control panel.

Resize Buttons



Click the Auto button, the video cell will resize automatically to fit the monitor.

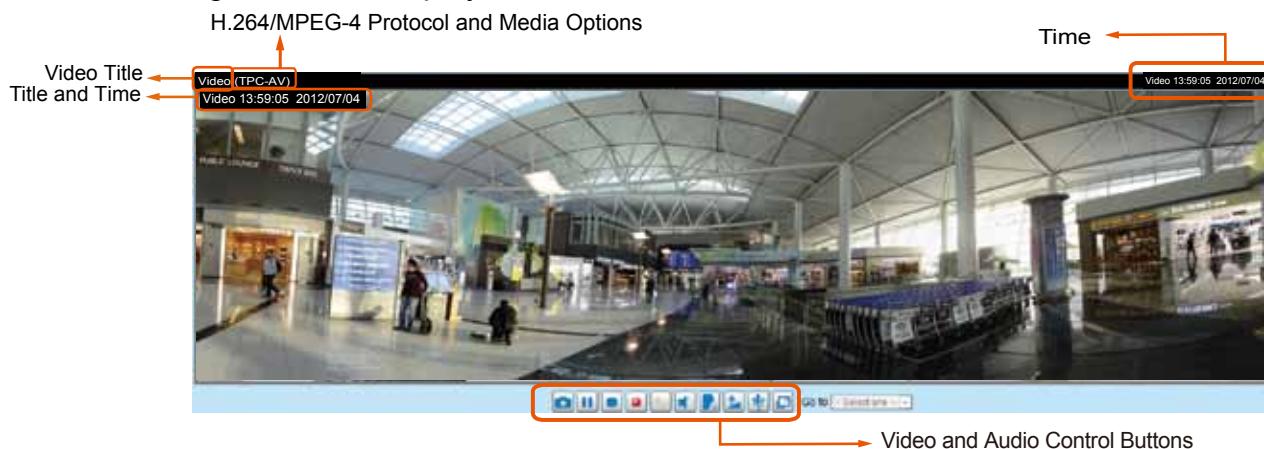
Click 100% is to display the original homepage size.

Click 50% is to resize the homepage to 50% of its original size.

Click 25% is to resize the homepage to 25% of its original size.

Live Video Window

- The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to H.264 / MPEG-4:



Video Title: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video settings on page 73.

H.264 / MPEG-4 Protocol and Media Options: The transmission protocol (TCP or UDP, etc.)and media options for H.264 / MPEG-4 video streaming. For further configuration, please refer to Client Settings on page 49.

Time: Display the current time. For further configuration, please refer to Media > Image > General settings on page 62.

Title and Time: The video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For further configuration, please refer to Media > Image > General settings on page 62.

Video and Audio Control Buttons: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

-  **Snapshot:** Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.
-  **Pause:** Pause the transmission of the streaming media. The button becomes the  **Resume** button after clicking the Pause button.
-  **Stop:** Stop the transmission of the streaming media. Click the  **Resume** button to continue transmission.
-  **Start MP4 Recording:** Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the  **Stop MP4 Recording** button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 50 for details.
-  **Volume:** When the  **Mute** function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the volume on the local computer.
-  **Mute:** Turn off the volume on the local computer. The button becomes the  **Audio On** button after clicking the Mute button.
-  **Talk:** Click this button to talk to people around the Network Camera. Audio will project from the external speaker connected to the Network Camera. Click this button  again to end talking transmission.
-  **Mic Volume:** When the  **Mute** function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the microphone volume on the local computer. Note that internal microphone is mounted on the dome cover.
-  **Mute:** Turn off the  **Mic** volume on the local computer. The button becomes the  **Mic On** button after clicking the Mute button.
-  **Full Screen:** Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

- The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to MJPEG:



Video Title: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Media > Image on page 62.

Time: Display the current time. For more information, please refer to Media > Image on page 62.

Title and Time: Video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For more information, please refer to Media > Image on page 62.

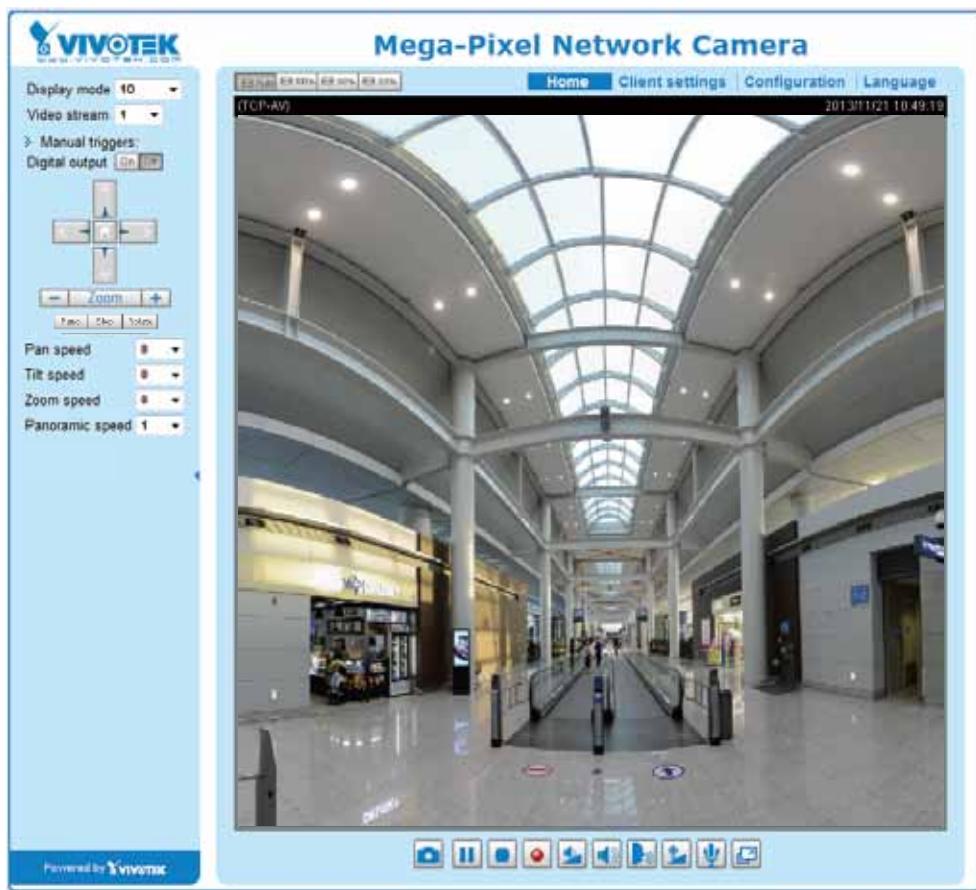
Video Control Buttons: Depending on the camera model and your current configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.

Start MP4 Recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the **Stop MP4 Recording** button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 50 for details.

Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

Please refer to page 110 for PTZ settings.

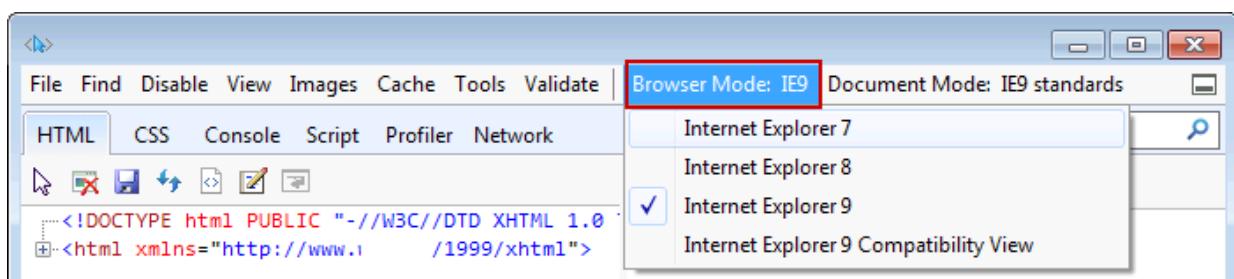


 **Tips:**

1. The onscreen Java control can malfunction under the following situations: A PC connects to different cameras that are using the same IP address (or the same camera running different firmware versions). Removing your browser cookies will solve this problem.
2. If you encounter problems with displaying the configuration menus or UI items, try disable the Compatibility View on IE8 or IE9.



You may also press the F12 key to open the developer tools utility, and then change the Browser Mode to the genuine IE8 or IE9 mode.



Client Settings

This chapter explains how to select the stream transmission mode and saving options on the local computer. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** on the page bottom to enable the settings.

H.264 / MPEG-4 Media Options

H.264/MPEG-4 Media Options

- Video and Audio
- Video Only
- Audio Only

Select to stream video or audio data or both. This is enabled only when the video mode is set to H.264 or MPEG-4.

H.264 / MPEG-4 Protocol Options

H.264/MPEG-4 Protocol Options

- UDP Unicast
- UDP Multicast
- TCP
- HTTP

Depending on your network environment, there are four options with the transmission protocols with H.264 or MPEG-4 streaming:

UDP unicast: This protocol allows for more real-time audio and video streams. However, network packets may be lost due to network burst traffic and images may be broken. Activate UDP connection when occasions require time-sensitive responses and the video quality is less important. Note that each unicast client connecting to the server takes up additional bandwidth and the Network Camera allows up to ten simultaneous accesses.

UDP multicast: This protocol allows multicast-enabled routers to forward network packets to all clients requesting streaming media. This helps to reduce the network transmission load of the Network Camera while serving multiple clients at the same time. Note that to utilize this feature, the Network Camera must be configured to enable multicast streaming at the same time. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 87.

TCP: This protocol guarantees the complete delivery of streaming data and thus provides better video quality. The downside of this protocol is that its real-time effect is not as good as that of using the UDP protocol.

HTTP: This protocol allows the same quality as TCP protocol without needing to open specific ports for streaming under some network environments. Users behind a firewall can utilize this protocol to allow camera's streaming data to pass through.

Two way audio

Two way audio

Half-duplex
 Full-duplex

Select one of the checkboxes to configure the two way audio into the half- or full-duplex mode.

MP4 Saving Options

MP4 saving options

Folder: D:\Record3

File name prefix: CLIP

Add date and time suffix to file name

Users can record live video as they are watching it by clicking the  “Start MP4 Recording” button on the main page. Here, you can specify the storage destination and file name.

Folder: Specify a storage destination for the recorded video files.

File name prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the video file name.

Add date and time suffix to the file name: Select this option to append the date and time to the end of the file name.



Local streaming buffer time

Local Streaming Buffer Time

0 Millisecond

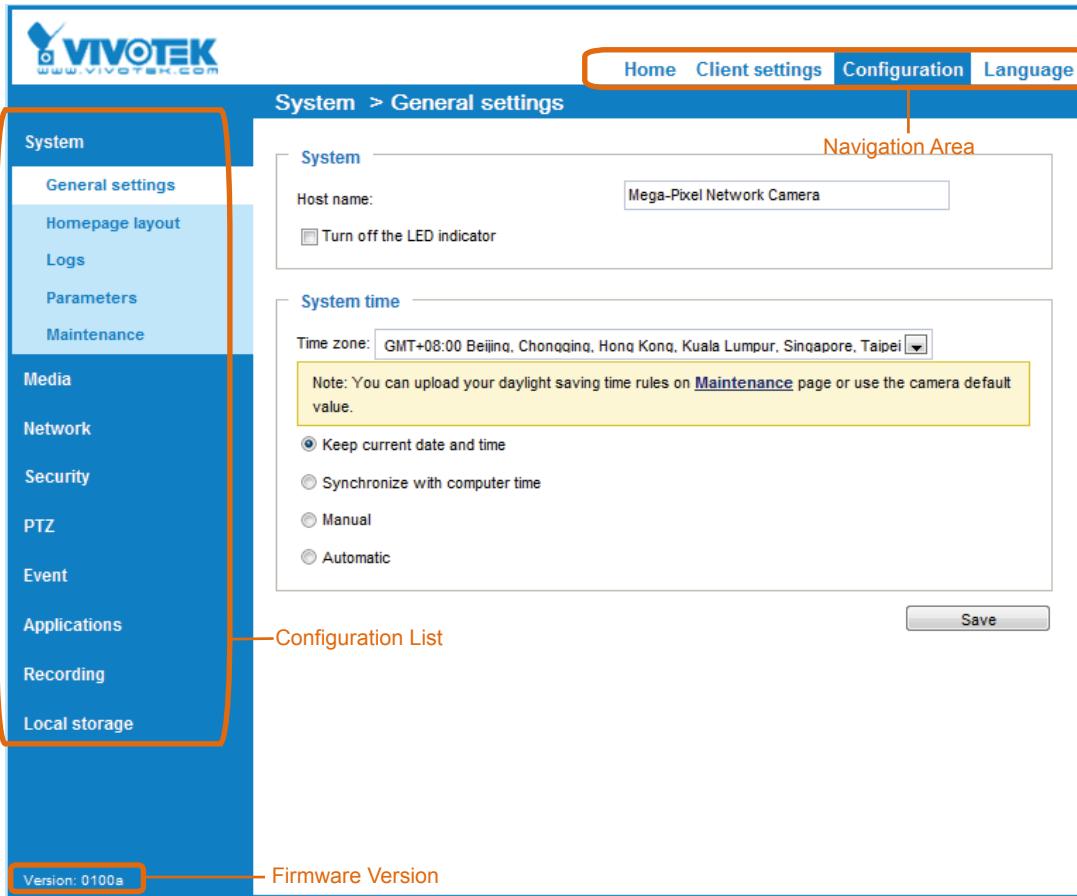
Due to possible occurrences of unsteady network transmission, live streaming may lag and not be very smoothly. If you enable this option, the live streaming will be stored on the client PC's cache memory for a few seconds before being played on the client computer's live view window. This helps produce a smoother live streaming. If you enter a value of 3,000 milliseconds, the streaming will delay for 3 seconds.

Configuration

Click **Configuration** on the main page to enter the camera setting pages. Note that only Administrators can access the configuration page.

VIVOTEK provides an easy-to-use user interface that helps you set up your network camera with minimal effort. In order to simplify the user interface, detailed information will be hidden unless you click on the function item. When you click on the first sub-item, the detailed information for the first sub-item will be displayed; when you click on the second sub-item, the detailed information for the second sub-item will be displayed and that of the first sub-item will be hidden.

The following is the interface of the main page:



Each function on the configuration list will be explained in the following sections.

The Navigation Area provides access to all different views from the **Home** page (for live viewing), **Configuration** page, and multi-language selection.

System > General settings

This section explains how to configure the basic settings for the Network Camera, such as the host name and system time. It is composed of the following two columns: System and System Time.

System

Host name:

Turn off the LED indicator

Host name: Enter a desired name for the Network Camera. The name will be displayed at the top center of the main page.

Turn off the LED indicator: Click to disable the onboard LEDs.

System time

System time

Time zone:

Note: You can upload your daylight saving time rules on [Maintenance](#) page or use the camera default value.

Keep current date and time
 Synchronize with computer time
 Manual
 Automatic

Save

Time zone : Select the appropriate time zone from the list. If you want to upload Daylight Savings Time rules, please refer to **System > Maintenance > Import/ Export files** on page 59 for details.

Keep current date and time: Select this option to preserve the current date and time of the Network Camera. The Network Camera's internal real-time clock maintains the date and time even when the power of the system is turned off.

Synchronize with computer time: Select this option to synchronize the date and time of the Network Camera with the local computer. The read-only date and time of the PC is displayed as updated.

Manual: The administrator can enter the date and time manually. Note that the date and time format are [yyyy/mm/dd] and [hh:mm:ss].

Automatic: The Network Time Protocol is a protocol which synchronizes computer clocks by periodically querying an NTP Server.

NTP server: Assign the IP address or domain name of the time-server. Leaving the text box blank connects the Network Camera to the default time servers.

Update interval: Select to update the time using the NTP server on an hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly basis.

When finished with the settings on this page, click **Save** at the bottom of the page to enable the settings.

System > Homepage layout

This section explains how to set up your own customized homepage layout.

General settings

This column shows the settings of your homepage layout. You can manually select the background and font colors in Theme Options (the second tab on this page). The settings will be displayed automatically in this Preview field. The following shows the homepage using the default settings:

The screenshot shows the 'General settings' tab selected. It displays a preview of the homepage with the VIVOTEK logo at the top left. Below it is a video stream selector set to '1'. There's a 'Digital output' switch set to 'On'. A 'Manual trigger:' button is present. Under 'Client settings', there's a link to 'Powered by VIVOTEK'. To the right is a live video feed showing a kitchen scene. Below the preview is a checkbox labeled 'Hide Powered by VIVOTEK'.

- Hide Powered by VIVOTEK: If you check this item, it will be removed from the homepage.

Logo graph

Here you can change the logo at the top of your homepage.

The screenshot shows the 'Logo graph' configuration page. It has a 'Default' radio button and a 'Custom' radio button (which is selected). Below the radio buttons are two logo preview areas: one for 'Default' (showing the standard VIVOTEK logo) and one for 'Custom' (showing a larger, more detailed version of the VIVOTEK logo). To the right of the custom logo preview is a 'Browse...' button and an 'Upload' button. At the bottom is a 'Logo link:' input field containing 'http://www.vivotek.com'.

Follow the steps below to upload a new logo:

1. Click **Custom** and the Browse field will appear.
2. Select a logo from your files.
3. Click **Upload** to replace the existing logo with a new one.
4. Enter a website link if necessary.
5. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

Customized button

If you want to hide the manual trigger buttons on the homepage, please uncheck this item. This item is selected by default.

The screenshot shows the 'Customized button' configuration page. It has a checkbox labeled 'Show manual trigger button' which is checked by default. At the bottom is a 'Save' button.

Theme Options

Here you can change the color of your homepage layout. There are three types of preset patterns for you to choose from. The new layout will simultaneously appear in the **Preview** field. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

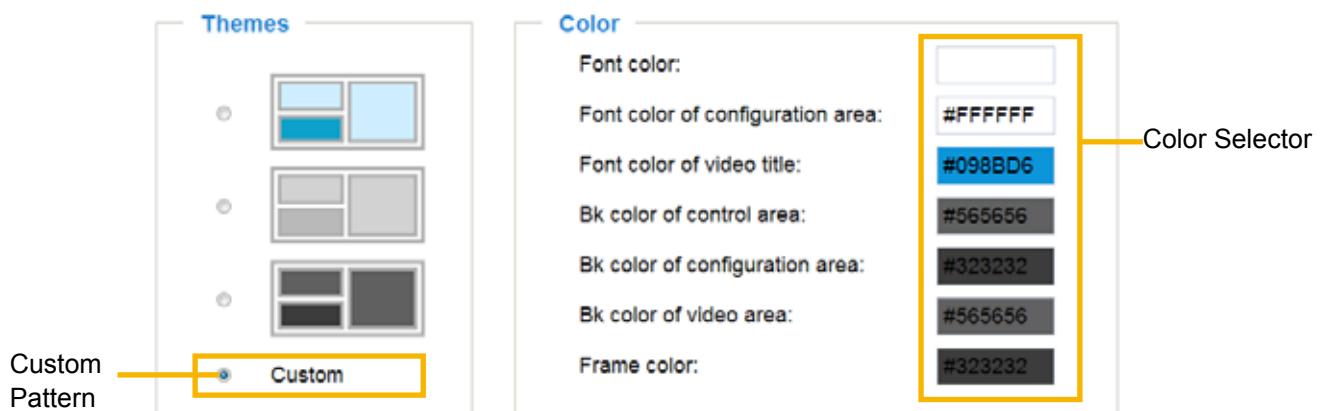
The screenshot shows the 'Theme options' tab selected. On the left, there's a preview window showing a video stream of a kitchen counter with a fruit bowl. Below it is a control bar with icons for camera, play/pause, volume, and other controls. To the left of the preview is a sidebar with 'General settings' and 'Theme options' tabs. Under 'Theme options', there are sections for 'Themes' (with three preset patterns shown) and 'Color' (with color swatches and hex codes). A 'Save' button is at the bottom right. Several labels with orange arrows point to specific elements:

- Font Color of the Video Title (points to the blue text 'Mega-Pixel Network')
- Background Color of the Control Area (points to the light blue background of the preview window)
- Font Color of the Configuration Area (points to the blue text in the sidebar)
- Background Color of the Configuration Area (points to the blue background of the sidebar)
- Preset patterns (points to the 'Themes' section)
- Font Color of the Video Title (points to the blue text 'Mega-Pixel Network' in the preview window)
- Background Color of the Video Area (points to the light blue background of the preview window)
- Frame Color (points to the blue border around the preview window)

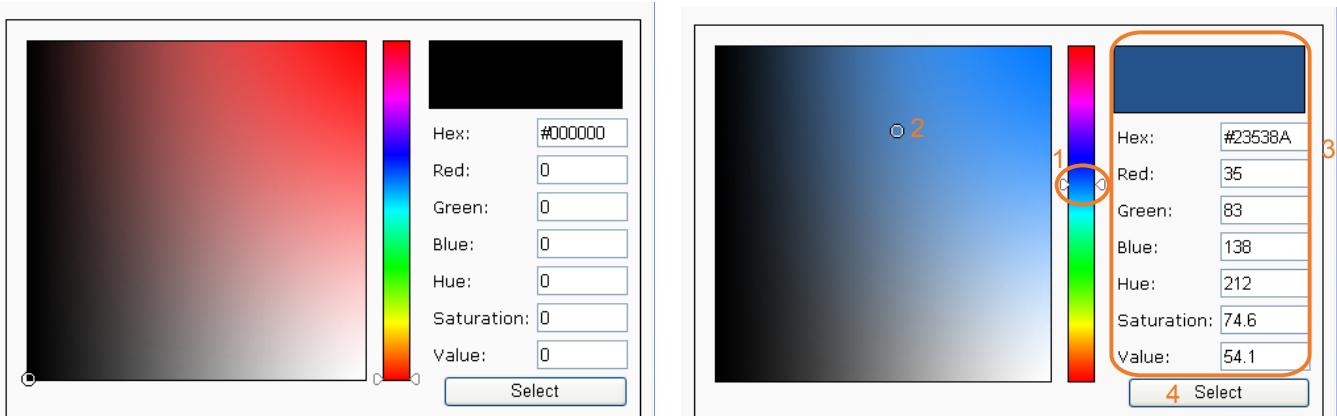


■ Follow the steps below to set up a custom homepage:

1. Click **Custom** on the left column.
2. Click to select a color on on the right column.



3. The palette window will pop up as shown below.

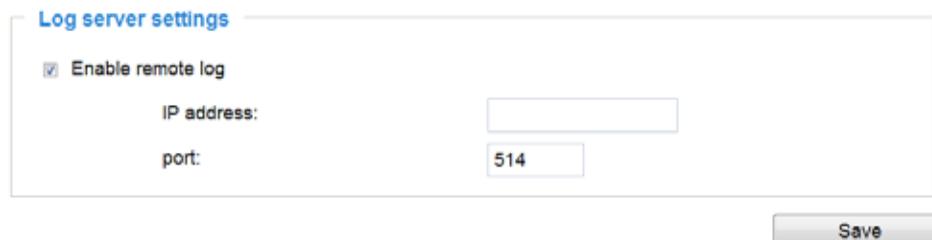


4. Drag the slider bar and click on the left square to select a desired color.
5. The selected color will be displayed in the corresponding fields and in the **Preview** column.
6. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

System > Logs

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to backup system log to a remote server.

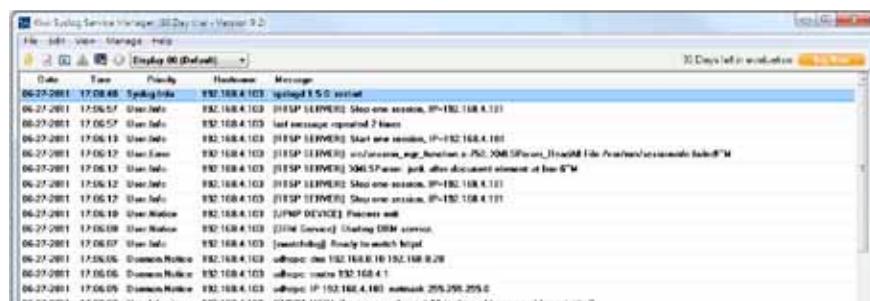
Log server settings



Follow the steps below to set up the remote log:

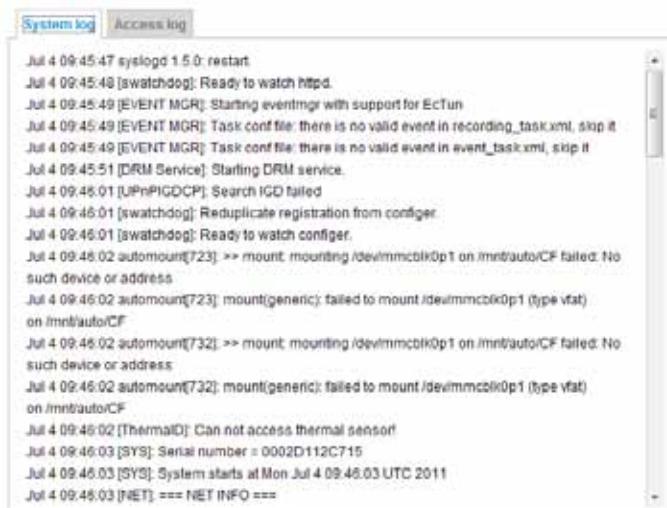
1. Select **Enable remote log**.
2. In the IP address text box, enter the IP address of the remote server.
2. In the port text box, enter the port number of the remote server.
3. When completed, click **Save** to enable the setting.

You can configure the Network Camera to send the system log file to a remote server as a log backup. Before utilizing this feature, it is suggested that the user install a log-recording tool to receive system log messages from the Network Camera. An example is Kiwi Syslog Daemon. Visit <http://www.kiwisyslog.com/kiwi-syslog-daemon-overview/>.



System log

This column displays the system log in chronological order. The system log is stored in the Network Camera's buffer and dated events will be overwritten when the number of events reaches a limit.



Access log

Access log displays the access time and IP address of all viewers (including operators and administrators) in a chronological order. The access log is stored in the Network Camera's buffer and older events will be overwritten when the number of events reaches a limit.

The screenshot shows a software interface with a tab bar at the top. The 'Access log' tab is selected and highlighted in blue. Below the tabs, there is a scrollable list area containing the following log entries:

- May 4 19:00:17 [RTSP SERVER]: Start one session, IP=192.168.4.101
- May 4 19:00:39 [RTSP SERVER]: Stop one session, IP=192.168.4.101
- May 4 19:00:59 [RTSP SERVER]: Start one session, IP=192.168.4.101
- May 4 19:14:42 [RTSP SERVER]: Stop one session, IP=192.168.4.101
- May 4 19:16:11 [RTSP SERVER]: Start one session, IP=192.168.4.101

System > Parameters

The View Parameters page lists the entire system's parameters in an alphabetical order. If you need technical assistance, use a text-editor program to copy and save the parameters listed on this page. Send the parameter text file to VIVOTEK's technical support.

The screenshot shows a software interface titled 'Parameters'. The main window contains a large block of text representing the system's configuration parameters. The text is as follows:

```

system_hostname='Mega-Pixel Network Camera'
system_ledoff='0'
system_lowlight='1'
system_date='2000/01/01'
system_time='01:17:19'
system_datetime=''
system_ntp=''
system_timezoneindex='320'
system_daylight_enable='0'
system_daylight_dstactualmode='1'
system_daylight_auto_begintime='NONE'
system_daylight_auto_endtime='NONE'
system_daylight_timezones=',-360,-320,-280,-240,-241,-200,-201,-160,
system_updateinterval='0'
system_info_modelname='FE8181'
system_info_extendedmodelname='FE8181'
system_info_serialnumber='00FE81810227'
system_info_firmwareversion='FE8181-VVTK-0100a2'
system_info_language_count='9'
system_info_language_i0='English'
system_info_language_i1='Deutsch'
system_info_language_i2='Español'
system_info_language_i3='Français'
system_info_language_i4='Italiano'
system_info_language_i5='日本語'
system_info_language_i6='Português'
system_info_language_i7='简体中文'
system_info_language_i8='繁體中文'
system_info_language_i9=''

```

System > Maintenance

This chapter explains how to restore the Network Camera to factory default, upgrade firmware version, etc.

General settings > Upgrade firmware

The screenshot shows a user interface for upgrading firmware. At the top left is the title 'Upgrade firmware'. Below it is a text input field labeled 'Select firmware file:' with a 'Browse...' button to its right. To the right of the input field is a large 'Upgrade' button.

This feature allows you to upgrade the firmware of your Network Camera. It takes a few minutes to complete the process.

Note: Do not power off the Network Camera during the upgrade!

Follow the steps below to upgrade the firmware:

1. Download the latest firmware file from the VIVOTEK website. The file is in .pkg file format.
2. Click **Browse...** and specify the firmware file.
3. Click **Upgrade**. The Network Camera starts to upgrade and will reboot automatically when the upgrade completes.

If the upgrade is successful, you will see “Reboot system now!! This connection will close”. After that, re-access the Network Camera.

The following message is displayed when the upgrade has succeeded.

A rectangular message box containing the text "Reboot system now!!" on the first line and "This connection will close." on the second line.

The following message is displayed when you have selected an incorrect firmware file.

A rectangular message box containing the following text:
Starting firmware upgrade...
Do not power down the server during the upgrade.
The server will restart automatically after the upgrade is completed.
This will take about 1 - 5 minutes.
Wrong PKG file format
Unpack fail

General settings > Reboot

The screenshot shows a user interface for rebooting. At the top left is the title 'Reboot'. Below it is a large 'Reboot' button.

This feature allows you to reboot the Network Camera, which takes about one minute to complete. When completed, the live video page will be displayed in your browser. The following message will be displayed during the reboot process.

A blue rectangular message box containing the text "The device is rebooting now. Your browser will reconnect to <http://192.168.5.151:80/>" on the first line and "If the connection fails, please manually enter the above IP address in your browser." on the second line.



If the connection fails after rebooting, manually enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field to resume the connection.

General settings > Restore

Restore

Restore all settings to factory default except settings in

Network Daylight saving time Custom language VADP

This feature allows you to restore the Network Camera to factory default settings.

Network: Select this option to retain the Network Type settings (please refer to Network Type on page 78).

Daylight Saving Time: Select this option to retain the Daylight Saving Time settings (please refer to Import/Export files below on this page).

Custom Language: Select this option to retain the Custom Language settings.

VADP: Retain the VADP modules (3rd-party software stored on the SD card) and related settings.

If none of the options is selected, all settings will be restored to factory default. The following message is displayed during the restoring process.

The device is rebooting now. Your browser will reconnect to <http://192.168.5.151:80/>
If the connection fails, please manually enter the above IP address in your browser.



Import/Export files

This feature allows you to Export / Update daylight saving time rules, custom language file, and configuration file.

Export files

Export daylight saving time configuration file	<input type="button" value="Export"/>
Export language file	<input type="button" value="Export"/>
Export configuration file	<input type="button" value="Export"/>
Export server status report	<input type="button" value="Export"/>

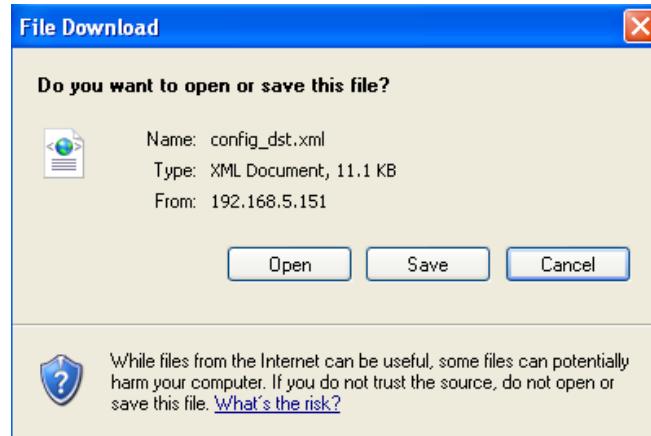
Upload files

Update daylight saving time rules:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse..."/>	<input type="button" value="Upload"/>
Update custom language file:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse..."/>	<input type="button" value="Upload"/>
Upload configuration file:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse..."/>	<input type="button" value="Upload"/>

Export daylight saving time configuration file: Click to set the start and end time of DST.

Follow the steps below to export:

1. In the Export files column, click **Export** to export the daylight saving time configuration file from the Network Camera.
2. A file download dialog will pop up as shown below. Click **Open** to review the XML file or click **Save** to store the file for editing.



3. Open the file with Microsoft® Notepad and locate your time zone; set the start and end time of DST. When completed, save the file.

In the example below, DST begins each year at 2:00 a.m. on the second Sunday in March and ends at 2:00 a.m. on the first Sunday in November.

```

config_dst - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help

<Day></Day>
<weekInMonth>First</weekInMonth>
<dayOfWeek>Sunday</dayOfWeek>
<Hour>2</Hour>
</EndTime>
</Timezone>
<Timezone id="-240" name="(GMT-06:00) Central Time (US and Canada)">
<StartTime>
<shift>-60</shift>
<Month>3</Month>
<Day></Day>
<weekInMonth>Second</weekInMonth>
<dayOfWeek>Sunday</dayOfWeek>
<Hour>2</Hour>
</StartTime>
<EndTime>
<shift>-60</shift>
<Month>11</Month>
<Day></Day>
<weekInMonth>First</weekInMonth>
<dayOfWeek>sunday</dayOfWeek>
<Hour>2</Hour>
</EndTime>
</Timezone>
<Timezone id="-241" name="(GMT-06:00) Mexico City">

```

Update daylight saving time rules: Click **Browse...** and specify the XML file to update.

If incorrect date and time are assigned, you will see the following warning message when uploading the file to the Network Camera.

The screenshot shows two windows side-by-side. On the left is a Microsoft Notepad window displaying the same XML configuration file as above. On the right is a Microsoft Internet Explorer window showing the URL <http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/upload.cgi>. The error message in the browser window is: "invalid <Month> value in Timezone id: -240 . . .".

The following message is displayed when attempting to upload an incorrect file format.



Export language file: Click to export language strings. VIVOTEK provides nine languages: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡體中文, and 繁體中文.

Update custom language file: Click **Browse...** and specify your own custom language file to upload.

Export configuration file: Click to export all parameters for the device and user-defined scripts.

Export daylight saving time configuration file: Click **Browse...** to update a configuration file. Please note that the model and firmware version of the device should be the same as the configuration file. If you have set up a fixed IP or other special settings for your device, it is not suggested to update a configuration file.

Export server status report: Click to export the current server status report, such as time, logs, parameters, process status, memory status, file system status, network status, kernel message..., and so on.

Tips:

- If a firmware upgrade is accidentally disrupted, say, by a power outage, you still have a last resort method to restore normal operation. See the following for how to bring the camera back to work:

Applicable scenario:

- (1) Power disconnected during firmware upgrade.
- (2) Unknown reason causing abnormal LED status, and a Restore cannot recover normal working condition.

You can use the following methods to activate the camera with its backup firmware:

- (1) Press and hold down the reset button for at least one minute.
- (2) Power on the camera until the Red LED blinks rapidly.
- (3) After boot up, the firmware should return to the previous version before the camera hanged. (The procedure should take 5 to 10 minutes, longer than the normal boot-up process). When this process is completed, the LED status should return to normal.

Media > Image

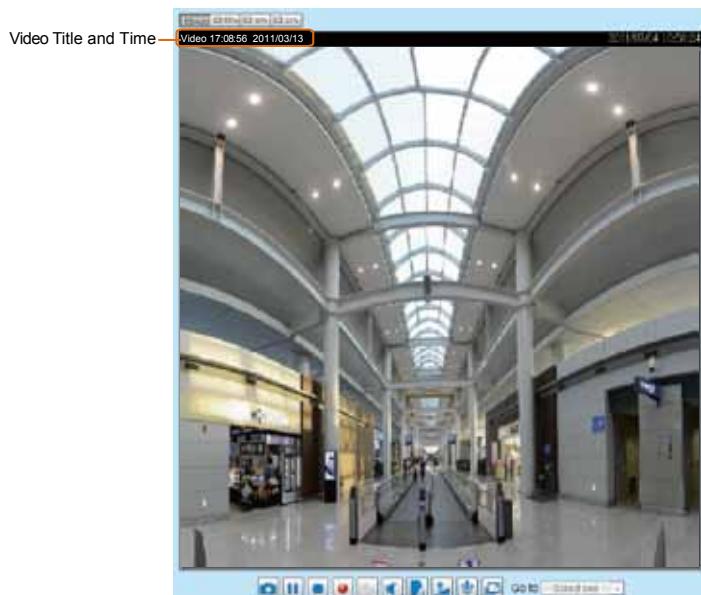
This section explains how to configure the image settings of the Network Camera. It is composed of the following tabbed windows: General settings, Image settings, Exposure, and Privacy mask, and Pixel Calculator.

General settings

General settings	Image settings	Exposure	Privacy mask	Pixel calculator
Video Settings Video title: <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Show information in videos and snapshots				
Mount type: <input checked="" type="radio"/> Ceiling <input type="radio"/> Wall <input type="radio"/> Floor				
Position of timestamp and video title on image: <input type="button" value="Top"/> <input type="button" value="Small"/>				
Timestamp and video title font-size: <input type="button" value="Small"/>				
Color: <input type="radio"/> B/W <input checked="" type="radio"/> Color				
Power line frequency: <input type="radio"/> 50 Hz <input checked="" type="radio"/> 60 Hz				
Video orientation: <input type="checkbox"/> Flip <input type="checkbox"/> Mirror				
Day/Night settings				
<input type="button" value="Save"/>				

Video title: Enter a name that will be displayed on the title bar of the live video as well as the view cell on the ST7501 and VAST recording software.

Show information in videos and snapshots: Enter a name that will be displayed on the title bar of the live video as the picture shown below.



Mount type: There are 3 Mount types - Ceiling, Wall, and Floor.

Ceiling: The Ceiling mount type automatically delivers upside-down images. The Ceiling mode supports the following Display modes - 1O, 1P, 1R, 2P, 1O3R, 4R, 4R PRO, and 1O8R.

Wall: The Wall mount type applies to the monitoring of long, side-to-side surveillance areas, such as when mounted on a wall facing a corridor. Different Mount types have different options with the Display mode settings. For example, the **1P2R** (1 Panoramic & 2 Regional) and **1P3R** (1 Panoramic

& 3 Regional) display modes are only available when the “Wall” Mount type is applied.

Floor: The Display modes with the Floor mount type are identical to those for the Ceiling mount except that the images are not vertically flipped.

Position of timestamp and video title on image: Select to display time stamp and video title on the top or at the bottom of the video stream.

Timestamp and video title font size: Select the font size for the time stamp and title.

Color: Select to display color or black/white video streams.

Power line frequency: Set the power line frequency consistent with local utility settings to eliminate image flickering associated with fluorescent lights.

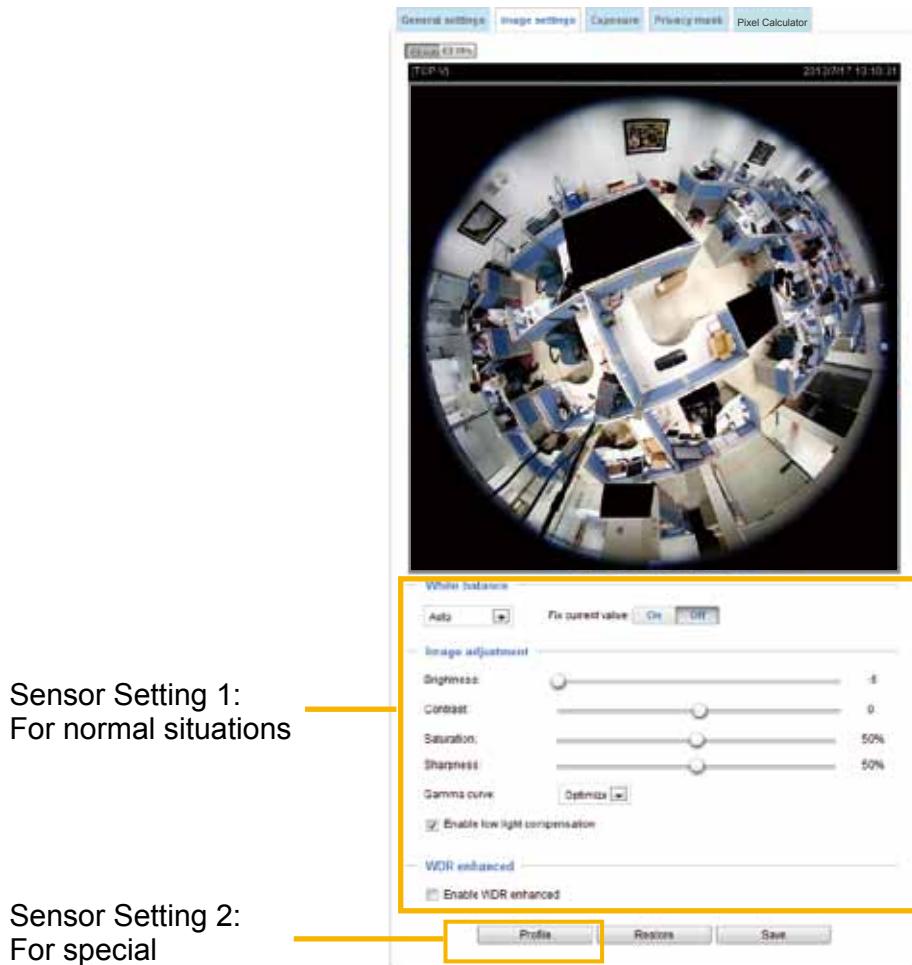
Video orientation: Flip - vertically reflect the display of the live video; Mirror - horizontally reflect the display of the live video. Select both options if the Network Camera is installed upside-down (e.g., on the ceiling) to correct the image orientation. Please note that the preset locations will be cleared after you configure the flip/mirror option.

[Day/Night Settings](#)

This only provides a link to the Exposure window. See page 67 for details.

Image settings

On this page, you can tune the White balance, Image adjustment and WDR enhanced parameters. You can configure two sets of preferred settings: one for normal situations, the other for special situations, such as day/night/schedule mode.



White balance: Adjust the value for the best color temperature.

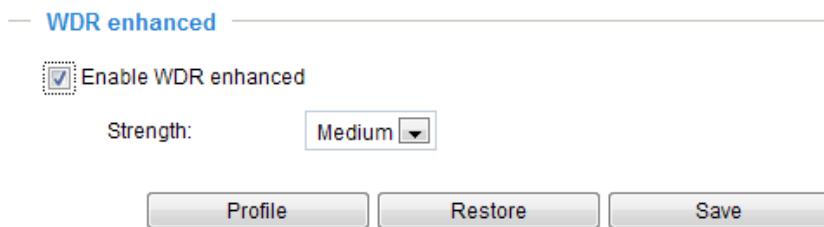
- Auto: It will automatically adjust the color temperature of the light in response to different light sources. You may follow the steps below to adjust the white balance to the best color temperature.
 1. Set the White balance to **Auto**.
 2. Place a sheet of white paper (or a color of a cool color temperature, such as blue) in front of the lens, then allow the Network Camera to adjust the color temperature automatically.
 3. Check the **Off** button on **Fix current value** to confirm the setting when the camera automatically measured and adjusted the white balance.
- Manual: This item allows users to manually input the R gain & B gain ratios.

Image Adjustment

- Brightness: Adjust the image brightness level, which ranges from -5 to +5.
- Contrast: Adjust the image contrast level, which ranges from -5 to +5.
- Saturation: Adjust the image saturation level, which ranges from 0% to 100%. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

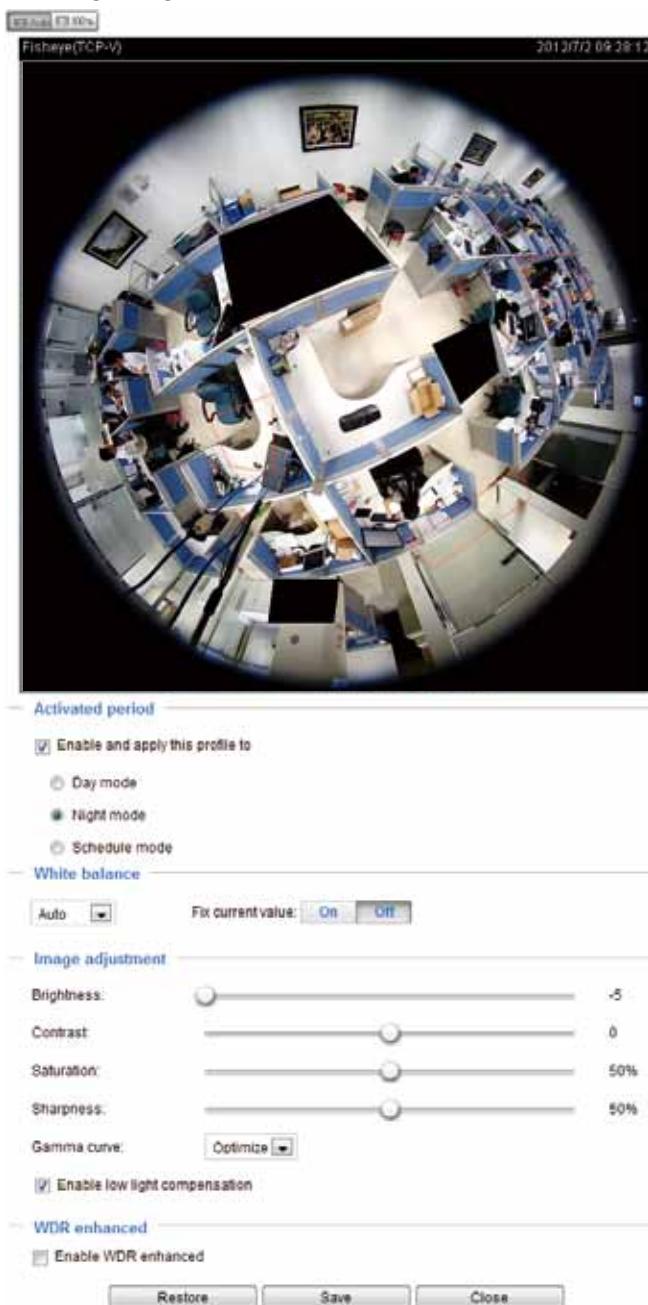
- Sharpness: Adjust the image sharpness level, which ranges from 0% to 100%.
- Gamma curve: Adjust the image sharpness level, which ranges from 0.45 to 1, from Detailed to Contrast. You may let firmware **Optimize** your display or select the **Manual** mode, and pull the slide bar pointer to change the preferred level of Gamma correction towards higher contrast or towards the higher luminance for detailed expression for both dark and lighted areas of an image.
- Enable low light compensation: Select this option in low light mode, and the values of sharpness and brightness will change automatically. This function also benefits from an automated noise reduction feature.

Enable WDR enhanced: This function allows users to identify more image details with an extreme contrast from an object of interest with one shadowed side against a bright background, e.g., an entrance. You may select the **Enable WDR enhanced** checkbox, and then adjust the strength (low, medium, high) to reach the best image quality.



You can click on **Restore** to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the setting.

If you want to configure another sensor setting for day/night/schedule mode, please click **Profile** to open the Profile Settings page as shown below.



Please follow the steps below to setup a profile:

1. Select the **Enable and apply this profile** checkbox.
2. Select the applied mode: Day mode, Night mode, or Schedule mode. Please manually enter a range of time if you choose Schedule mode.
3. Configure the White balance and Image adjustment settings in the following columns. Please refer to the previous page for detailed information.
4. Click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

Exposure

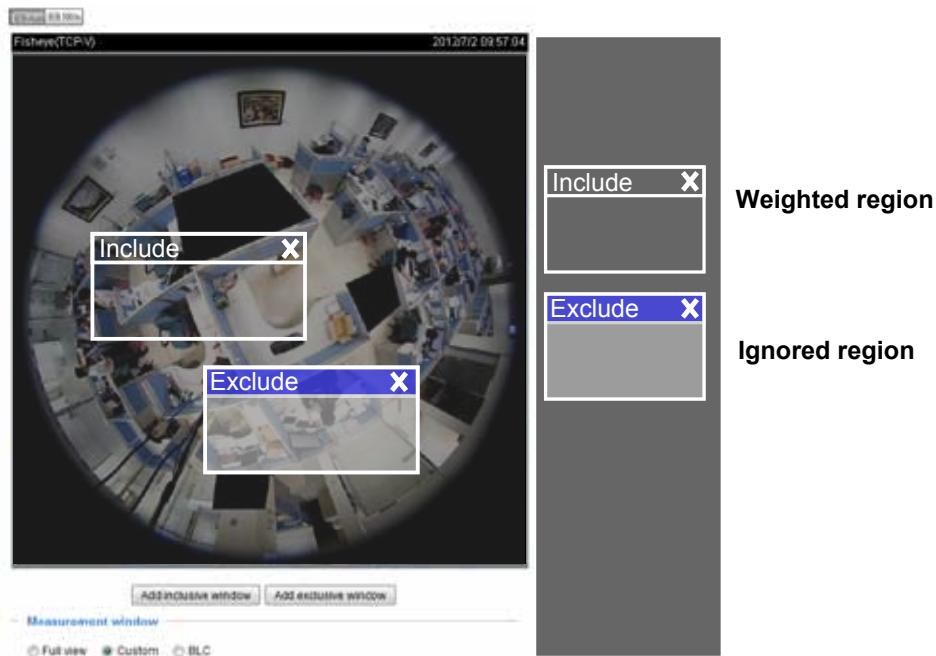
On this page, you can set the Exposure measurement window, Exposure level, Exposure mode, Exposure time, Gain control, and Day/Night mode settings. You can configure two sets of Exposure settings: one for normal situations, the other for special situations, such as the day/night/schedule mode.



Measurement Window: This function allows users to set measurement window(s) for low light compensation. For example, where low-light objects are posed against an extremely bright background. You may want to exclude the bright sunlight shining through a building's corridor.

- Full view: Calculate the full range of view and offer appropriate light compensation.
- Custom: This option allows you to manually add customized windows as inclusive or exclusive regions. A total of 10 windows can be configured. Please refer to the next page for detailed illustration.

The inclusive window refers to the “weighed window”; the exclusive window refers to “ignored window”. It adopts the weighed averages method to calculate the value. The inclusive windows have a higher priority. You can overlap these windows, and, if you place an exclusive window within a larger inclusive window, the exclusive part of the overlapped windows will be deducted from the inclusive window. An exposure value will then be calculated out of the remaining of the inclusive window.



- **BLC (Back Light Compensation):** This option will automatically add a “weighted region” in the middle of the window and give the necessary light compensation.

Exposure control:

- **Exposure level:** You can manually set the Exposure level, which ranges from -2.0 to +2.0 (dark to bright).
- **Flickerless:** Under some circumstances when there is a difference between the video capture frequency and local AC power frequency (NTSC or PAL), the mismatch causes color shifts or flickering images. If the above mismatch occurs, select the **Flickerless** checkbox, and the range of Exposure time (the shutter time) will be limited to a range in order to match the AC power frequency. See the screen capture below.

You can click and drag the semi-circular pointers on the **Exposure time** and **Gain control** slide bars to specify a range of shutter time and Gain control values within which the camera can automatically tune to an optimal imaging result. For example, you may prefer a shorter shutter time to better capture moving objects, while a faster shutter reduces light and needs to be compensated by electrical brightness gains.

— **Exposure control** —

Exposure level:	<input type="text" value="0"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Flickless	
Exposure time:	<input max="1/30" min="1/120" type="range" value="1/120"/>
Gain control:	<input max="100" min="0" type="range" value="0"/>

Day/Night

Day/Night

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Switch to B/W in night mode	
<input type="checkbox"/> Turn on external IR illuminator in night mode	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Turn on built-in IR illuminator in night mode	
IR cut filter:	Auto mode
Sensitivity:	Normal

Select auto mode will disable profile of exposure settings.

Switch to B/W in night mode

Select this checkbox to enable the Network Camera to automatically switch to Black & White display during the night mode.

Turn on external IR illuminator in night mode

If your camera is installed with an IR illuminator and the digital output signals are connected to it, you can let system firmware turn on the supplementary illuminator during low-light conditions.

Turn on built-in IR illuminator in night mode

This option is enabled by default. This camera comes with IR lights under the top panel. When the onboard sensor detects a low-light condition, the onboard IRs will turn on.

IR cut filter

With a removable IR-cut filter, this Network Camera can automatically remove the filter to let Infrared light pass into the sensor during low light conditions.

- Auto mode (The **Day/Night Exposure Profile** will not be available if Auto mode is selected)
The Network Camera automatically removes the filter by judging the level of ambient light.

■ Day mode

In day mode, the Network Camera switches on the IR cut filter at all times to block infrared light from reaching the sensor so that the colors will not be distorted.

■ Night mode

In night mode, the Network Camera switches off the IR cut filter at all times for the sensor to accept infrared light, thus helping to improve low light sensitivity.

■ Synchronize with digital input

The Network Camera automatically removes the IR cut filter when a digital input is triggered, for example, when the camera is accompanied by an external IR light that comes with its own sensor and provides a signal to the camera. Some camera housings come with such mechanism.

■ Schedule mode

The Network Camera switches between day mode and night mode based on a specified schedule. Enter the start and end time for day mode. Note that the time format is [hh:mm] and is expressed in 24-hour clock time. By default, the start and end time of a day mode are set to 07:00 and 18:00.

Sensitivity

Tune the responsiveness of the IR filter to lighting conditions as Low, Normal, or High.

When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the settings.

If you want to configure another sensor setting for a specific lighting condition in day/night/schedule mode, please click **Profile** to open the Profile settings page as shown below.

Please follow the steps below to setup a profile:

1. Check **Enable and apply this profile**.
2. Select the applied mode: **Day mode**, **Night mode**, or **Schedule mode**. Please manually enter a range of time through which you want the Schedule mode to apply.
3. Configure Exposure control settings in the folowing columns. Please refer to the previous page for detailed information.
4. Click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit the window.

Privacy mask

Click **Privacy Mask** to open the settings page. On this page, you can block out certain sensitive zones to address privacy concerns.



■ To set the privacy mask windows, follow the steps below:

1. Click **New** to add a new window. A text box will appear allowing you to enter a name for the mask.
2. Use four mouse clicks to mark a square area, which is recommended to be at least twice the size of the object (height and width) you want to cover.
3. Enter a Window Name and click **Save** to enable the setting.
4. Check **Enable privacy mask** to enable this function.

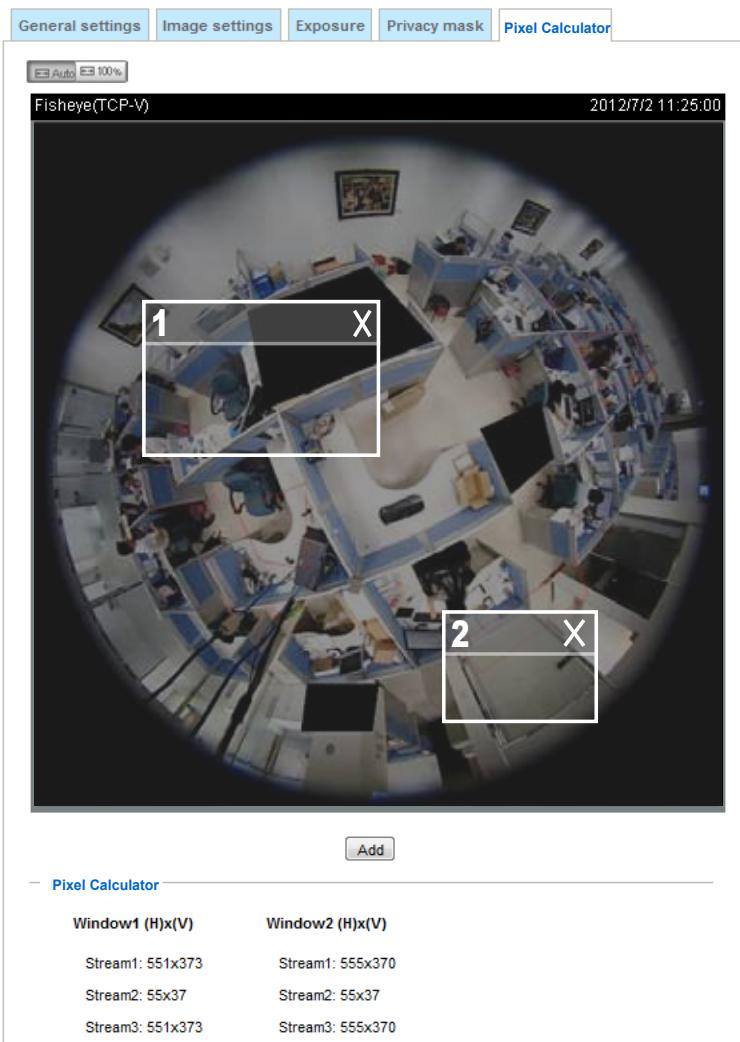
NOTE:

- Up to 5 privacy mask windows can be configured on the same screen.
- To delete a mask, use the red cross button and then click on the **Save** button.

Pixel Calculator

Click the **Add** button at the lower screen to create a pixel calculator window. Place your cursor on the window to move it to an area of your interest, and change the size of window to fit the area of interest.

Once they are drawn, the numbers of pixels on the sides of windows will appear. This allows you to calculate if your current configuration fulfills a requirement, for instance, for recognizing the faces of persons passing through a location. A facial recognition usually requires around 130 pixels per meter or higher.



The pixels thus calculated are listed at the lower screen on a per-stream basis depending on the frame size you configure for each video stream.

1. Operational requirement: Identify a human or a human face.
2. Why human face? There are less variances in the size of a face than that for limbs and body. Human face is normally 16cm wide.
3. The recommended pixel number is, 40 to 80 for facial identification; or 100 pixels per foot (30.48cm)
- 3-1. One example is a human face in retail:
- 3-2. Another example is a doorway:
If the requirement is 100 pixels per foot, the camera will have to cover 700 pixels. This application aims to identify a subject passing through a specific area.
4. Other factors may include that a person will move in your area of interest: The face may not always face the camera.
5. Details can be affected by weak lighting or the view angle. Therefore, higher the pixels, higher the chance you identify the subject.
6. The pixel calculator visual tool looks like the following.



With the visual tool, you can estimate a coverage area, the distance from the subject, and place a ruler or an object of known size. You can then draw a calculator frame to cover the subject of your interest.

The calculated numbers will be listed at the lower screen. You will then understand if the current setting fulfill your requests for the number of pixels.

Media > Video

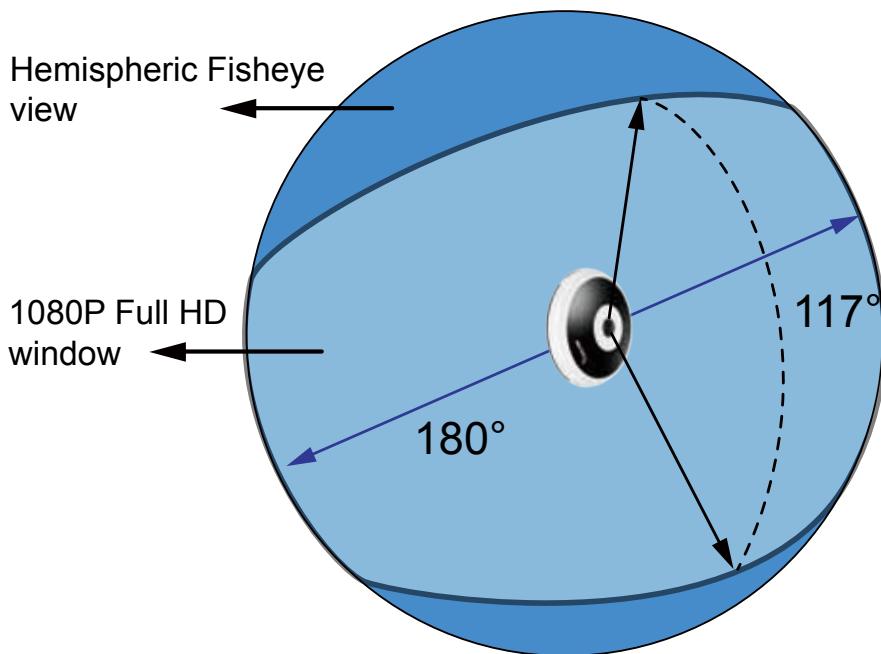
FOV

The Field of View window allows you to select either the Fisheye mode or a 1080P Full HD mode. The 1080P Full HD mode provides a dewarped section (1920x1080 pixels) out of the 180 degrees hemispheric view. The 1080P Full HD mode provides a higher frame rate of up to 30fps. It is as if using the fisheye camera as a standard fixed dome camera with a wide view angle.

In the 1080P Full HD mode, regional and panoramic view modes will not be available. Also, changing the FOV option will erase the motion detection, privacy mask, and preset positions you previously configured.



Below is a conceptual drawing showing the coverage of the 1080P Full HD mode.

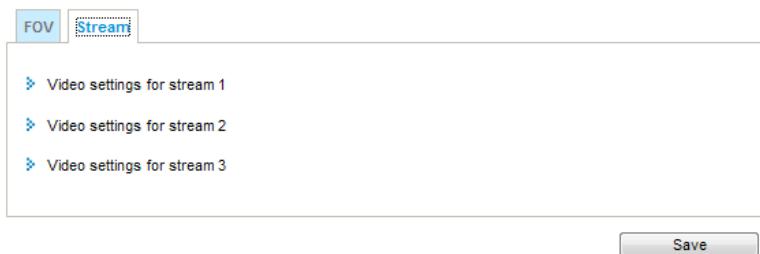


NOTE:

If the FOV 1080P mode is selected, the Local dewarp function will not be available.

Media > Video

Stream settings



This Network Camera supports multiple streams with frame sizes ranging from 192 x 192 to 1920 x 1920.

Please follow the steps below to set up those settings for an individual stream:

1. Select a stream to configure its viewing region.
2. Choose a proper **Frame Size** from the drop-down list according to the size of monitored device.
3. Select the Maximum frame rate.

■ The parameters of the multiple streams:

	Frame size
Stream 1	1920 x 1920 ~ 192 x 192 (Selectable)
Stream 2	1920 x 1920 ~ 192 x 192 (Selectable)
Stream 3	1920 x 1920 ~ 192 x 192 (Selectable)

To change the frame size, frame rate, and other related settings, click on video settings for a video stream to its individual configuration panel.

Click the stream item to display the detailed information.

The screenshot shows the video settings for three streams:

- Stream 1:** Local dewarp mode: 10. Compression mode: H.264 (selected). Frame size: 1920x1920. Maximum frame rate: 15 fps. Intra frame period: 1 S. Video quality: Constant bit rate (selected), Target bit rate: 4Mbps, Policy: Frame rate priority.
- Stream 3:** Local dewarp mode: 10. Compression mode: H.264 (selected). Frame size: 1920x1920. Maximum frame rate: 15 fps. Intra frame period: 1 S. Video quality: Constant bit rate (selected).
- Stream 2:** Local dewarp mode: 10. Compression mode: H.264 (selected). Frame size: 512x512. Maximum frame rate: 5 fps. Intra frame period: 1 S. Video quality: Constant bit rate (selected), Target bit rate: 40Kbps, Policy: Frame rate priority.

This Network Camera offers real-time H.264, MPEG-4 and MJPEG compression standards (Triple Codec) for real-time viewing.

If **H.264** or **MPEG-4** mode is selected, the video is streamed via RTSP protocol. There are several parameters for you to adjust the video performance:

Stream 2 settings (H.264 selected):

- Frame size: 512x512.
- Maximum frame rate: 5 fps.
- Intra frame period: 1 S.
- Video quality: Constant bit rate (selected), Target bit rate: 40Kbps, Policy: Frame rate priority.
- Other modes: JPEG (disabled).

■ Frame size

You can set up different video resolutions for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones and a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth.

■ Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality.

Regardless of the power line frequency setting (60Hz or 50Hz), the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 12fps, and 15fps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

■ Intra frame period

Determine how often to plant an I frame. The shorter the duration, the more likely you will get better video quality, but at the cost of higher network bandwidth consumption. Select the intra frame period from the following durations: 1/4 second, 1/2 second, 1 second, 2 seconds, 3 seconds, and 4 seconds.

■ Video quality

- **Constant bit rate:** A complex scene generally produces a larger file size, meaning that higher bandwidth will be needed for data transmission. The bandwidth utilization is configurable to match a selected level, resulting in mutable video quality performance. The bit rates are selectable at the following rates: 20Kbps, 30Kbps, 40Kbps, 50Kbps, 64Kbps, 128Kbps, 256Kbps, 512Kbps, 768Kbps, 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps, 4Mbps, 6Mbps, 8Mbps, and 16Mbps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value up to 40Mbps.

- **Target bit rate:** select a bit rate from the pull-down menu. The bit rate ranges from 20kbps to a maximum of 16Mbps. The bit rate then becomes the Average or Upper bound bit rate number. The Network Camera will strive to deliver video streams around or within the bit rate limitation you impose.

- **Policy:** If Frame Rate Priority is selected, the Network Camera will try to maintain the frame rate per second performance, while the image quality will sometimes be compromised. If Image quality priority is selected, the Network Camera might drop some video frames in order to maintain image quality.

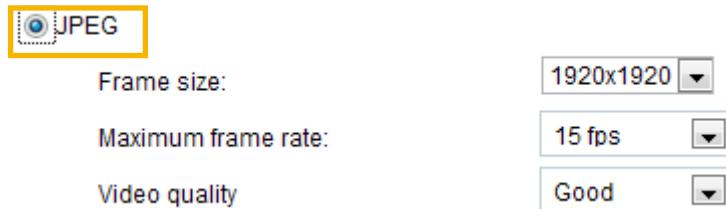
- **Fixed quality:** On the other hand, if **Fixed quality** is selected, all frames are transmitted with the same quality; bandwidth utilization is therefore unpredictable. The video quality can be adjusted to the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, and Excellent. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

- **Maximum bit rate:** With the guaranteed image quality, you might still want to place a bit rate limitation to control the size of video streams for bandwidth and storage concerns. The configurable bit rate starts from 1Mbps to 40Mbps.

The Maximum bit rate setting in the Fixed quality configuration can ensure a reasonable and limited use of network bandwidth. For example, in low light conditions where a Fixed quality setting is applied, video packet sizes can tremendously increase when noises are produced with electrical gain.

You may also manually enter a bit rate number by selecting the **Customized** option.

If **JPEG** mode is selected, the Network Camera continuously sends JPEG images to the client, producing a moving effect similar to a filmstrip. Every single JPEG image transmitted guarantees the same image quality, which in turn comes at the expense of variable bandwidth usage. Because the media contents are a combination of JPEG images, no audio data is transmitted to the client. There are three parameters provided in MJPEG mode to control the video performance:



■ Frame size

You can set up different video resolution for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones and a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth.

■ Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality.

The frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, and 15fps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value. The frame rate will decrease if you select a higher resolution.

■ Video quality

Refer to the previous page setting an average or upper bound threshold for controlling the bandwidth consumed for transmitting motion jpegs. The configuration method is identical to that for MPEG4 and H.264.



NOTE:

- ▶ *Video quality and fixed quality refers to the compression rate. If you select to enter a Customized value in the Fixed quality menu, a lower value will produce higher quality.*
- ▶ *Converting high-quality video may significantly increase the CPU loading, and you may encounter streaming disconnection or video loss while capturing a complicated scene. In the event of occurrence, we suggest you customize a lower video resolution or reduce the frame rate to obtain smooth video.*

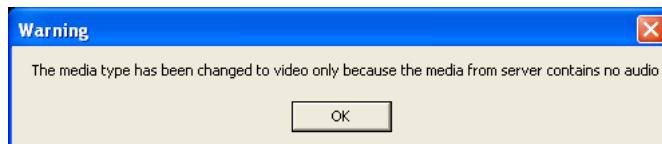
Media > Audio

Audio Settings

Audio settings

<input type="checkbox"/> Mute	
Microphone source:	Internal <input type="button" value="▼"/>
Internal microphone input gain:	<input type="range" value="69"/> 69%
External microphone input gain:	<input type="range" value="69"/> 69%
Audio type	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> AAC bit rate:	16 Kbps <input type="button" value="▼"/>
<input type="radio"/> G.711:	pcmu <input type="button" value="▼"/>
<input type="radio"/> G.726	32 Kbps <input type="button" value="▼"/>

Mute: Select this option to disable audio transmission from the Network Camera to all clients. Note that if mute mode is turned on, no audio data will be transmitted even if audio transmission is enabled on the Client Settings page. In that case, the following message is displayed:



Internal microphone input gain: Select the gain of the internal audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from -33dB (least) to 21dB (most).

External microphone input gain: Select the gain of the external audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from -33dB (least) to 21dB (most).

Audio type: Select audio codec AAC, GSM-AMR, or G.711 and the bit rate.

- AAC provides good sound quality at the cost of higher bandwidth consumption. The bit rates are selectable from: 16Kbps, 32Kbps, 48Kbps, 64Kbps, 96Kbps, and 128Kbps.
- G.711 also provides good sound quality and requires about 64Kbps. Select pcmu (μ -Law) or pcma (A-Law) mode.
- G.726 is a speech codec standard covering voice transmission at rates of 16, 24, 32, and 40kbit/s.

When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the settings.

Network > General settings

This section explains how to configure a wired network connection for the Network Camera.

Network Type

Network type

<input checked="" type="radio"/> LAN	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Get IP address automatically <input type="radio"/> Use fixed IP address <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable UPnP presentation <input type="checkbox"/> Enable UPnP port forwarding
<input type="radio"/> PPPoE	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable IPv6

Save

LAN

Select this option when the Network Camera is deployed on a local area network (LAN) and is intended to be accessed by local computers. The default setting for the Network Type is LAN. Remember to click **Save** when you complete the Network setting.

Get IP address automatically: Select this option to obtain an available dynamic IP address assigned by the DHCP server each time the camera is connected to the LAN.

Use fixed IP address: Select this option to manually assign a static IP address to the Network Camera.

Network type

<input checked="" type="radio"/> LAN	<input type="radio"/> Get IP address automatically <input checked="" type="radio"/> Use fixed IP address
	IP address: <input type="text" value="192.168.4.108"/> Subnet mask: <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/> Default router: <input type="text" value="192.168.4.1"/> Primary DNS: <input type="text" value="192.168.0.10"/> Secondary DNS: <input type="text" value="192.168.0.20"/> Primary WINS server: <input type="text" value="192.168.0.10"/> Secondary WINS server: <input type="text" value="192.168.0.20"/>
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable UPnP presentation <input type="checkbox"/> Enable UPnP port forwarding
<input type="radio"/> PPPoE	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable IPv6

Save

1. You can use the Installation Wizard 2 utility on the software CD to discover the Network Camera on LAN. Please refer to Software Installation on page 30 for details.
2. Enter the Static IP, Subnet mask, Default router, and Primary DNS provided by your ISP.

Subnet mask: This is used to determine if the destination is in the same subnet. The default value is "255.255.255.0".

Default router: This is the gateway used to forward frames to destinations in a different subnet. Invalid router setting will fail the transmission to destinations in different subnet.

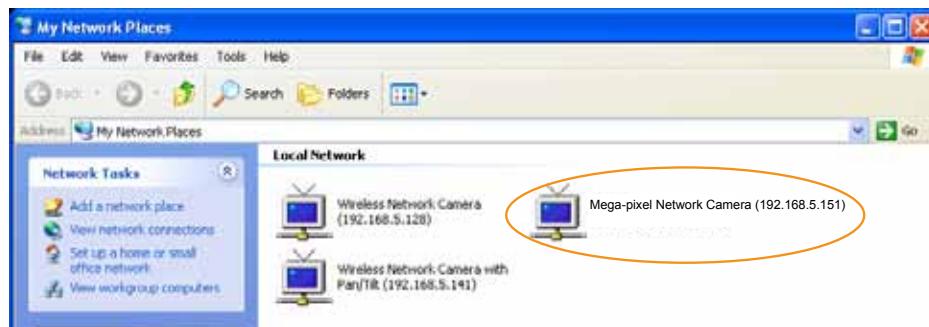
Primary DNS: The primary domain name server that translates hostnames into IP addresses.

Secondary DNS: Secondary domain name server that backups the Primary DNS.

Primary WINS server: The primary WINS server that maintains the database of computer name and IP address.

Secondary WINS server: The secondary WINS server that maintains the database of computer name and IP address.

Enable UPnP presentation: Select this option to enable UPnP™ presentation for your Network Camera so that whenever a Network Camera is presented to the LAN, shortcuts of connected Network Cameras will be listed in My Network Places. You can click the shortcut to link to the web browser. Currently, UPnP™ is supported by Windows XP or later. Note that to utilize this feature, please make sure the UPnP™ component is installed on your computer.



Enable UPnP port forwarding: To access the Network Camera from the Internet, select this option to allow the Network Camera to open ports on the router automatically so that video streams can be sent out from a LAN. To utilize of this feature, make sure that your router supports UPnP™ and it is activated.

PPPoE (Point-to-point over Ethernet)

Select this option to configure your Network Camera to make it accessible from anywhere as long as there is an Internet connection. Note that to utilize this feature, it requires an account provided by your ISP.

Follow the steps below to acquire your Network Camera's public IP address.

1. Set up the Network Camera on the LAN.
2. Go to Configuration > Event > Event settings > Add server (please refer to Add server on page 118) to add a new email or FTP server.
3. Go to Configuration > Event > Event settings > Add media (please refer to Add media on page 122). Select System log so that you will receive the system log in TXT file format which contains the Network Camera's public IP address in your email or on the FTP server.
4. Go to Configuration > Network > General settings > Network type. Select PPPoE and enter the user name and password provided by your ISP. Click **Save** to enable the setting.

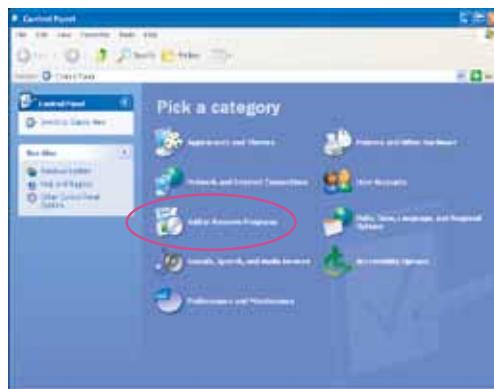
5. The Network Camera will reboot.

6. Disconnect the power to the Network Camera; remove it from the LAN environment.

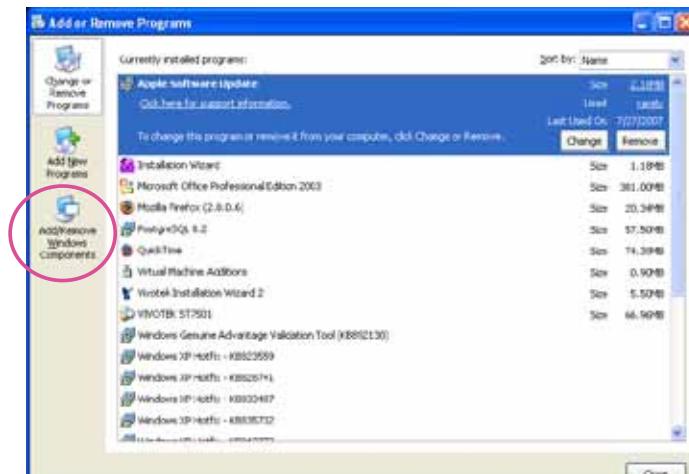
 **NOTE:**

- If the default ports are already used by other devices connected to the same router, the Network Camera will select other ports for the Network Camera.
- If UPnP™ is not supported by your router, you will see the following message:
Error: Router does not support UPnP port forwarding.
- Below are steps to enable the UPnP™ user interface on your computer:
Note that you must log on to the computer as a system administrator to install the UPnP™ components.

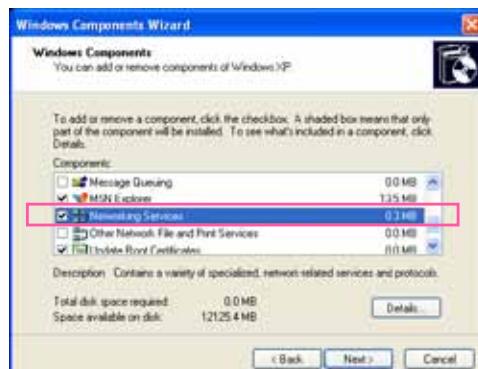
1. Go to Start, click **Control Panel**, then click **Add or Remove Programs**.



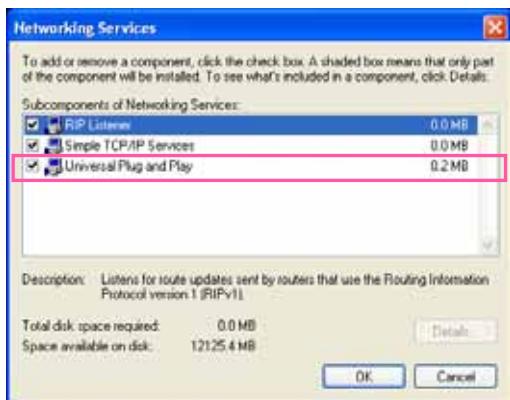
2. In the Add or Remove Programs dialog box, click **Add/Remove Windows Components**.



3. In the Windows Components Wizard dialog box, select **Networking Services** and click **Details**.



4. In the Networking Services dialog box, select **Universal Plug and Play** and click **OK**.



5. Click **Next** in the following window.



6. Click **Finish**. UPnP™ is enabled.

► How does UPnP™ work?

UPnP™ networking technology provides automatic IP configuration and dynamic discovery of devices added to a network. Services and capabilities offered by networked devices, such as printing and file sharing, are available among each other without the need for cumbersome network configuration. In the case of Network Cameras, you will see Network Camera shortcuts under My Network Places.

► Enabling UPnP port forwarding allows the Network Camera to open a secondary HTTP port on the router-not HTTP port-meaning that you have to add the secondary HTTP port number to the Network Camera's public address in order to access the Network Camera from the Internet. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

From the Internet	In LAN
http://203.67.124.123:8080	http://192.168.4.160 or http://192.168.4.160:8080

► If the PPPoE settings are incorrectly configured or the Internet access is not working, restore the Network Camera to factory default; please refer to **Restore** on page 59 for details. After the Network Camera is reset to factory default, it will be accessible on the LAN.

Enable IPv6

Select this option and click **Save** to enable IPv6 settings.

Please note that this only works if your network environment and hardware equipment support IPv6. The browser should be Microsoft® Internet Explorer 6.5, Mozilla Firefox 3.0 or above.

Network type

LAN
 PPPoE

User name:

Password:

Confirm password:

Enable IPv6

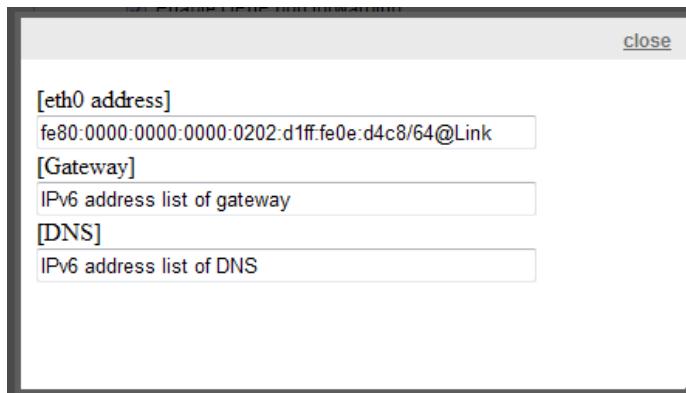
IPv6 information

Manually setup the IP address

Save

When IPv6 is enabled, by default, the network camera will listen to router advertisements and be assigned with a link-local IPv6 address accordingly.

IPv6 Information: Click this button to obtain the IPv6 information as shown below.



If your IPv6 settings are successful, the IPv6 address list will be listed in the pop-up window. The IPv6 address will be displayed as follows:

Refers to Ethernet

[eth0 address]	2001:0c08:2500:0002:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4/64@Global	Link-global IPv6 address/network mask
	fe80:0000:0000:0000:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4/64@Link	Link-local IPv6 address/network mask
[Gateway]	fe80:211:d8ff:fea2:1a2b	
[DNS]	2010:05c0:978d::	

Please follow the steps below to link to an IPv6 address:

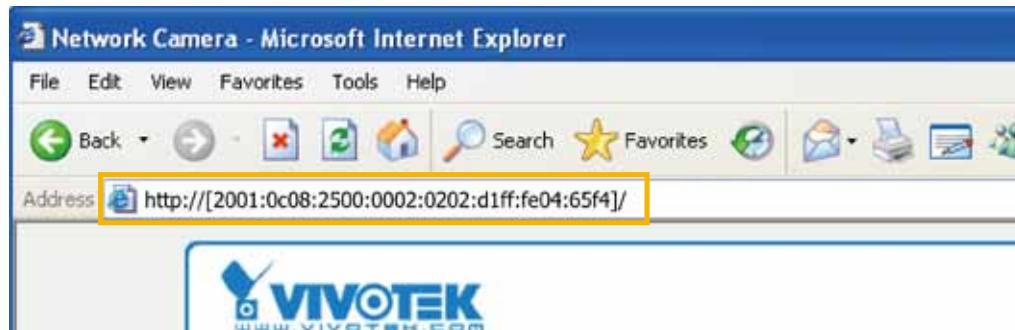
1. Open your web browser.
2. Enter the link-global or link-local IPv6 address in the address bar of your web browser.
3. The format should be:

http://[2001:0c08:2500:0002:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4]/

IPv6 address

4. Press **Enter** on the keyboard or click **Refresh** button to refresh the webpage.

For example:



NOTE:

- If you have a Secondary HTTP port (the default value is 8080), you can also link to the webpage in the following address format: (Please refer to **HTTP streaming** on page 86 for detailed information.)

[http://\[2001:0c08:2500:0002:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4\]:8080](http://[2001:0c08:2500:0002:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4]:8080)

Secondary HTTP port

- If you choose PPPoE as the Network Type, the [PPPoE address] will be displayed in the IPv6 information column as shown below.

```
[eth0 address]  
fe80:0000:0000:0000:0202:d1ff:fe11:2299/64@Link  
  
[ppp0 address]  
fe80:0000:0000:0000:0202:d1ff:fe11:2299/10@Link  
  
2001:b100:01c0:0002:0202:d1ff:fe11:2299/64@Global  
  
[Gateway]  
fe80::90:1a00:4142:8ced  
  
[DNS]  
2001:b000::1
```

Manually setup the IP address: Select this option to manually set up IPv6 settings if your network environment does not have DHCPv6 server and router advertisements-enabled routers.

If you check this item, the following blanks will be displayed for you to enter the corresponding information:

Enable IPv6

IPv6 information

Manually setup the IP address

Optional IP address / Prefix length

Optional default router

Optional primary DNS

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Port

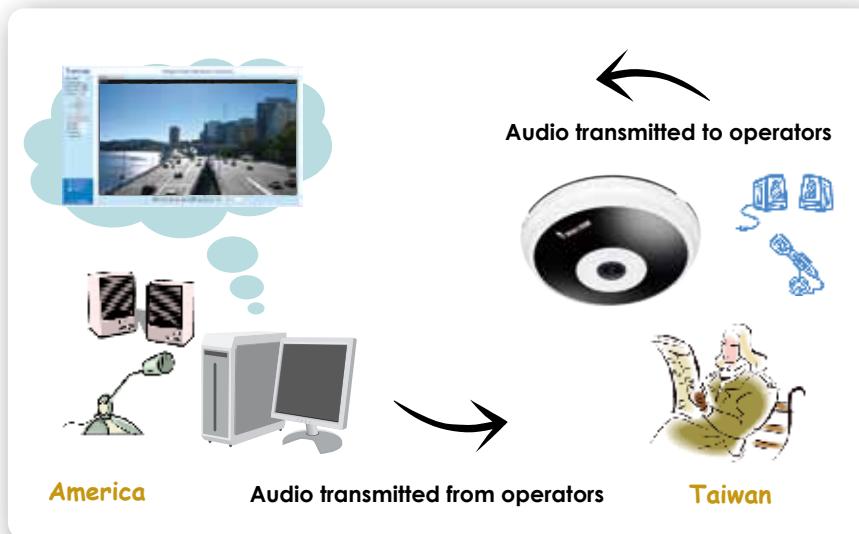
port	
HTTPS port:	443
Two way audio port:	5060
FTP port:	21

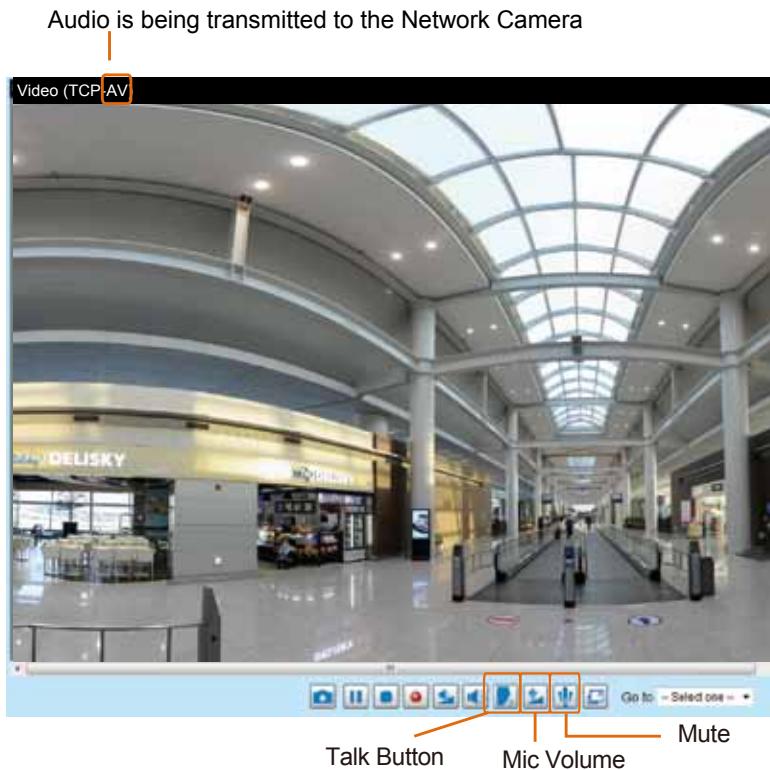
HTTPS port: By default, the HTTPS port is set to 443. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

Two way audio port: By default, the two way audio port is set to 5060. Also, it can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

The Network Camera supports two way audio communication so that operators can transmit and receive audio simultaneously. By using the Network Camera's built-in or external microphone and an external speaker, you can communicate with people around the Network Camera.

Note that as JPEG only transmits a series of JPEG images to the client, to enable the two-way audio function, make sure the video mode is set to "MPEG-4" or "H.264" on the Media > Video > Stream settings page and the media option is set to "Media > Video > Stream settings" on the Client Settings page. Please refer to Client Settings on page 49 and Stream settings on page 73.





Click to enable audio transmission to the Network Camera; click to adjust the volume of microphone; click to turn off the audio. To stop talking, click again.

FTP port: The FTP server allows the user to save recorded video clips. You can utilize VIVOTEK's Installation Wizard 2 to upgrade the firmware via FTP server. By default, the FTP port is set to 21, or assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

Network > Streaming protocols

HTTP streaming

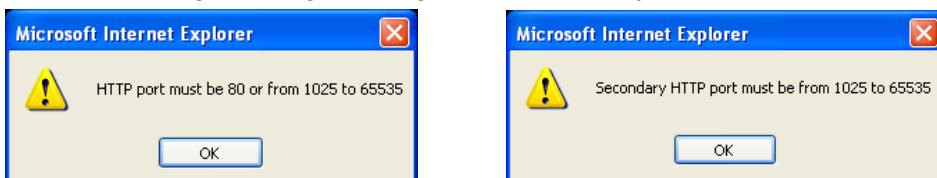
To utilize HTTP authentication, make sure that your have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security > User account on page 97 for details.

HTTP streaming	RTSP streaming												
<table border="0"> <tr> <td style="width: 150px;">Authentication:</td> <td><input type="button" value="basic"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>HTTP port:</td> <td><input type="text" value="80"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Secondary HTTP port:</td> <td><input type="text" value="8080"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access name for stream 1:</td> <td><input type="text" value="video.mjpg"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access name for stream 2:</td> <td><input type="text" value="video2.mjpg"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access name for stream 3:</td> <td><input type="text" value="video3.mjpg"/></td> </tr> </table>		Authentication:	<input type="button" value="basic"/>	HTTP port:	<input type="text" value="80"/>	Secondary HTTP port:	<input type="text" value="8080"/>	Access name for stream 1:	<input type="text" value="video.mjpg"/>	Access name for stream 2:	<input type="text" value="video2.mjpg"/>	Access name for stream 3:	<input type="text" value="video3.mjpg"/>
Authentication:	<input type="button" value="basic"/>												
HTTP port:	<input type="text" value="80"/>												
Secondary HTTP port:	<input type="text" value="8080"/>												
Access name for stream 1:	<input type="text" value="video.mjpg"/>												
Access name for stream 2:	<input type="text" value="video2.mjpg"/>												
Access name for stream 3:	<input type="text" value="video3.mjpg"/>												
<input type="button" value="Save"/>													

Authentication: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides two types of security settings for an HTTP transaction: basic and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format and there can be potential risks of being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm and thus provide better protection against unauthorized access.

HTTP port / Secondary HTTP port: By default, the HTTP port is set to **80** and the secondary HTTP port is set to **8080**. They can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535. If the ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning messages will be displayed:



To access the Network Camera on the LAN, both the HTTP port and secondary HTTP port can be used to access the Network Camera. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

On the LAN
http://192.168.4.160 or
http://192.168.4.160:8080

Access name for stream 1 ~ 3: This Network camera supports multiple streams simultaneously. The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source. Users can click **Media > Video > Stream settings** to set up the video quality of linked streams. For more information about how to set up the video quality, please refer to Stream settings on page 73.

When using Mozilla Firefox or Netscape to access the Network Camera and the video mode is set to **JPEG**, users will receive video comprised of continuous JPEG images. This technology, known as “server push”, allows the Network Camera to feed live pictures to Mozilla Firefox and Netscape.

URL command -- <http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream 1 ~ 5>>

For example, when the Access name for **stream 2** is set to **video2.jpg**:

1. Launch Mozilla Firefox or Netscape.
2. Type the above URL command in the address bar. Press **Enter**.
3. The JPEG images will be displayed in your web browser.



! IMPORTANT:

- **Microsoft® Internet Explorer** does not support server push technology; therefore, using <http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream 1 ~ 3>> will fail to access the Network Camera.
- Users can only use URL commands to request the stream 5. For more information about URL commands, please refer to page 152.

RTSP Streaming

To utilize RTSP streaming authentication, make sure that you have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to **Security > User account** on page 97 for details.

HTTP streaming	RTSP streaming																		
<table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">Authentication:</td> <td style="width: 50%; text-align: right;">disable ▾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access name for stream 1:</td> <td style="text-align: right;">live.sdp</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access name for stream 2:</td> <td style="text-align: right;">live2.sdp</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Access name for stream 3:</td> <td style="text-align: right;">live3.sdp</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RTSP port:</td> <td style="text-align: right;">554</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RTP port for video:</td> <td style="text-align: right;">5556</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RTCP port for video:</td> <td style="text-align: right;">5557</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RTP port for audio:</td> <td style="text-align: right;">5558</td> </tr> <tr> <td>RTCP port for audio:</td> <td style="text-align: right;">5559</td> </tr> </table>		Authentication:	disable ▾	Access name for stream 1:	live.sdp	Access name for stream 2:	live2.sdp	Access name for stream 3:	live3.sdp	RTSP port:	554	RTP port for video:	5556	RTCP port for video:	5557	RTP port for audio:	5558	RTCP port for audio:	5559
Authentication:	disable ▾																		
Access name for stream 1:	live.sdp																		
Access name for stream 2:	live2.sdp																		
Access name for stream 3:	live3.sdp																		
RTSP port:	554																		
RTP port for video:	5556																		
RTCP port for video:	5557																		
RTP port for audio:	5558																		
RTCP port for audio:	5559																		

Authentication: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides three types of security settings for streaming via RTSP protocol: disable, basic, and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format, but there can be potential risks of it being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm, thus providing better protection against unauthorized access.

The availability of the RTSP streaming for the three authentication modes is listed in the following table:

	Quick Time player	VLC Player
Disable	O	O
Basic	O	O
Digest	O	X

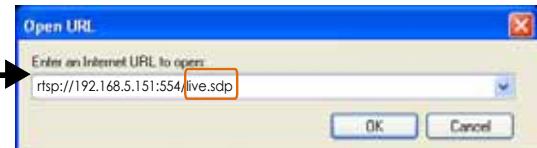
Access name for stream 1 ~ 3: This Network camera supports multiple streams simultaneously. The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source.

If you want to use an **RTSP player** to access the Network Camera, you **HAVE TO** set the video mode to **H.264 / MPEG-4** and use the following RTSP URL command to request transmission of the streaming data.

rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<access name for stream1 ~ 3>

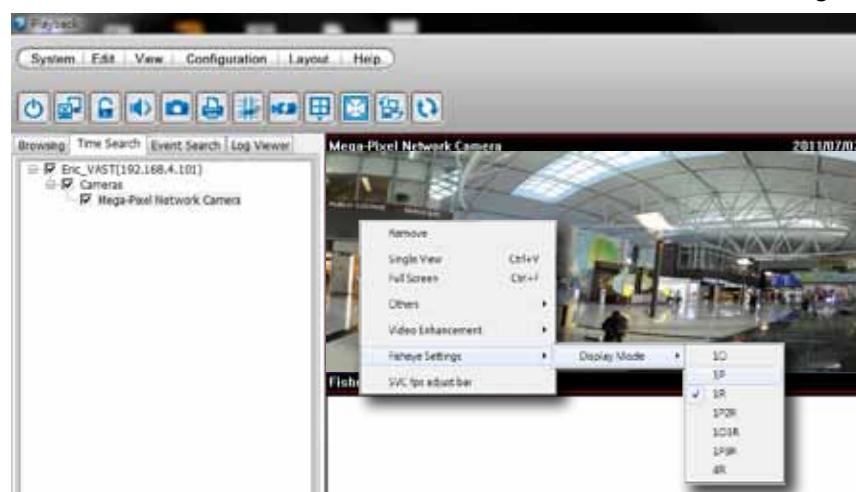
For example, when the access name for **stream 1** is set to **live.sdp**:

1. Launch an RTSP player.
2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will pop up.
3. Type the above URL command in the address field.
4. The live video will be displayed in your player as shown below.



NOTE:

An original, circular view will be displayed using all RTSP players. For access to the Regional Views, you can install VIVOTEK's ST7501 or VAST software. You can right-click on a live view window to see the Display mode options.

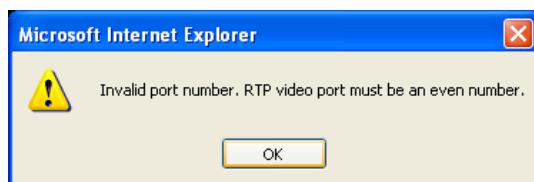


RTSP port /RTP port for video, audio/ RTCP port for video, audio

- RTSP (Real-Time Streaming Protocol) controls the delivery of streaming media. By default, the port number is set to 554.
- The RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) is used to deliver video and audio data to the clients. By default, the RTP port for video is set to 5556 and the RTP port for audio is set to 5558.
- The RTCP (Real-time Transport Control Protocol) allows the Network Camera to transmit the data by monitoring the Internet traffic volume. By default, the RTCP port for video is set to 5557 and the RTCP port for audio is set to 5559.

The ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The RTP port must be an even number and the RTCP port is the RTP port number plus one, and thus is always an odd number. When the RTP port changes, the RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the RTP ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:



Multicast settings for stream 1 ~ 3: Click the items to display the detailed configuration information. Select the Always multicast option to enable multicast for streams 1 ~ 3.

▼ Multicast settings for stream 1:

Always multicast

Multicast group address:	239.128.1.99
Multicast video port:	5560
Multicast RTCP video port:	5561
Multicast audio port:	5562
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5563
Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15

▼ Multicast settings for stream 2:

Always multicast

Multicast group address:	239.128.1.100
Multicast video port:	5564
Multicast RTCP video port:	5565
Multicast audio port:	5566
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5567
Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15

Unicast video transmission delivers a stream through point-to-point transmission; multicast, on the other hand, sends a stream to the multicast group address and allows multiple clients to acquire the stream at the same time by requesting a copy from the multicast group address. Therefore, enabling multicast can effectively save Internet bandwidth.

The ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The multicast RTP port must be an even number and the multicast RTCP port number is the multicast RTP port number plus one, and thus is always odd. When the multicast RTP port changes, the multicast RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the multicast RTP video ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:



Multicast TTL [1~255]: The multicast TTL (Time To Live) is the value that tells the router the range a packet can be forwarded.

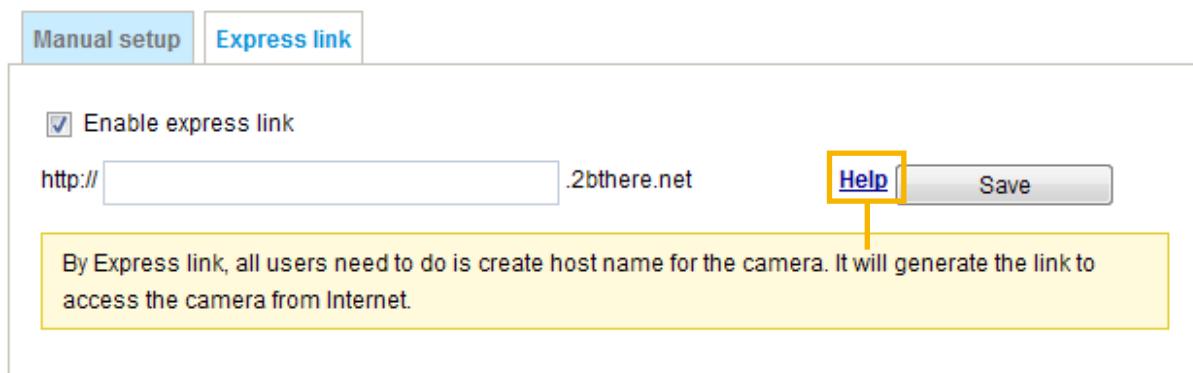
Initial TTL	Scope
0	Restricted to the same host
1	Restricted to the same subnetwork
32	Restricted to the same site
64	Restricted to the same region
128	Restricted to the same continent
255	Unrestricted in scope

Network > DDNS

This section explains how to configure the dynamic domain name service for the Network Camera. DDNS is a service that allows your Network Camera, especially when assigned with a dynamic IP address, to have a fixed host and domain name.

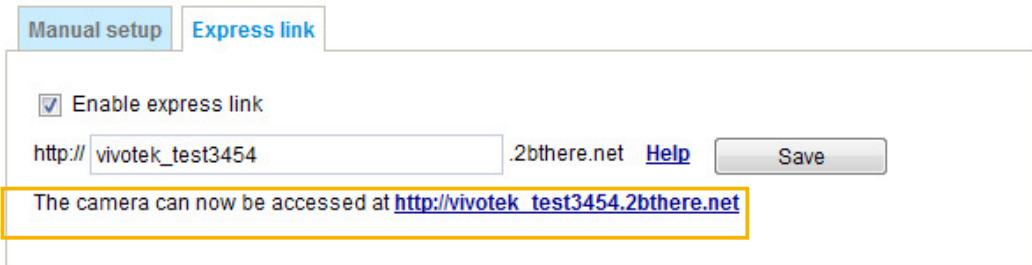
Express link

Express Link is a free service provided by VIVOTEK server, which allows users to register a domain name for a network device. One URL can only be mapped to one MAC address. This service will check out if the host name is valid and automatically open a port on your router. Unlike DDNS, which requires a user to manually check out details about UPnP port forwarding, the Express Link is more convenient and easy to set up.



Please follow the steps below to enable Express Link:

1. Make sure that your router supports UPnP port forwarding and it is activated, or you may see the following warning message: Express link is not supported under current network environment.
2. Check **Enable express link**.
3. Enter a host name for the network device and click **Save**. If the host name has been used by another device, a warning message will show up. If the host name is valid, it will show a message as shown below.



Manual setup

DDNS: Dynamic domain name service

The screenshot shows a configuration interface for DDNS. At the top, there are two tabs: "Manual setup" (which is selected) and "Express link". Below the tabs, there is a section titled "Enable DDNS" with a checkbox. A dropdown menu labeled "Provider" is set to "Dyndns.org(Dynamic)". There are five input fields for "Host name", "User name", "Password", "Email", and "Key". To the right of the "Email" field is a note "[*.tzo.com]".

Enable DDNS: Select this option to enable the DDNS setting.

Provider: Select a DDNS provider from the provider drop-down list.

VIVOTEK offers **Safe100.net**, a free dynamic domain name service, to VIVOTEK customers. It is recommended that you register **Safe100.net** to access VIVOTEK's Network Cameras from the Internet. Additionally, we offer other DDNS providers, such as Dyndns.org(Dynamic), Dyndns.org(Custom), TZO.com, DHS.org, CustomSafe100, dyn-interfree.it.

Note that before utilizing this function, please apply for a dynamic domain account first.

■ Safe100.net

1. In the DDNS column, select **Safe100.net** from the drop-down list. Click **I accept** after reviewing the terms of the Service Agreement.
2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name (xxxx.safe100.net), Email, Key, and Confirm Key, and click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, a success message will be displayed in the DDNS Registration Result column.

The screenshot shows the "Register" page for Safe100.net. It has fields for "Host name" (WTK.safe100.net), "Email" (wtk@vivotek.com), "Key" (four dots), and "Confirm key" (four dots). Below the fields is a note: "To apply for a domain name for the camera, or to modify the previously registered information, fill in the following fields and then click "Register"." A "Register" button is shown. The "DDNS registration result" section contains a message: "[Register] Successfully. Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address." A "copy" button is located next to the message. Below this, another note says: "Upon successful registration, you can click [copy] to automatically upload relevant information to the DDNS form or you can manually fill it in. Then, click "Save" to save new settings."

3. Click **Copy** and all the registered information will automatically be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column at the top of the page as seen in the following screen.

DDNS: Dynamic domain name service

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable DDNS	<input type="button" value="Save"/>
Provider:	Safe100.net
Host name:	wtk.safe100.net [*safe100.net]
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com
Key:	****

Register

Host name:	wtk.safe100.net
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com
Key:	**** <input type="button" value="Forget key"/>
Confirm key:	****

To apply for a domain name for the camera, or to modify the previously registered information, fill in the following fields and then click "Register".

DDNS registration result

[Register] Successfully. Your account information has been mailed to registered e-mail address.

Upon successful registration, you can click [copy](#) to automatically upload relevant information to the DDNS form or you can manually fill it in. Then, click "Save" to save new settings.

4. Select Enable DDNS and click **Save** to enable the setting.

■ CustomSafe100

VIVOTEK offers documents to establish a CustomSafe100 DDNS server for distributors and system integrators. You can use CustomSafe100 to register a dynamic domain name if your distributor or system integrators offer such services.

1. In the DDNS column, select CustomSafe100 from the drop-down list.
2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name, Server name, Email, Key, and Confirm Key; then click **Register**. Enter “ns1.safe100.net” as the Server name.

After a host name has been successfully created, you will see a success message in the DDNS Registration Result column.

3. Click **Copy** and all for the registered information will be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column.
4. Select Enable DDNS and click **Save** to enable the setting.

Forget key: Click this button if you have forgotten the key to Safe100.net or CustomSafe100. Your account information will be sent to your email address.

Refer to the following links to apply for a dynamic domain account when selecting other DDNS providers:

■ [Dyndns.org\(Dynamic\) / Dyndns.org\(Custom\)](http://www.dyndns.com/): visit <http://www.dyndns.com/>

Network > QoS (Quality of Service)

Quality of Service refers to a resource reservation control mechanism, which guarantees a certain quality to different services on the network. Quality of service guarantees are important if the network capacity is insufficient, especially for real-time streaming multimedia applications. Quality can be defined as, for instance, a maintained level of bit rate, low latency, no packet dropping, etc.

The following are the main benefits of a QoS-aware network:

- The ability to prioritize traffic and guarantee a certain level of performance to the data flow.
- The ability to control the amount of bandwidth each application may use, and thus provide higher reliability and stability on the network.

Requirements for QoS

To utilize QoS in a network environment, the following requirements must be met:

- All network switches and routers in the network must include support for QoS.
- The network video devices used in the network must be QoS-enabled.

QoS models

CoS (the VLAN 802.1p model)

IEEE802.1p defines a QoS model at OSI Layer 2 (Data Link Layer), which is called CoS, Class of Service. It adds a 3-bit value to the VLAN MAC header, which indicates the frame priority level from 0 (lowest) to 7 (highest). The priority is set up on the network switches, which then use different queuing disciplines to forward the packets.

Below is the setting column for CoS. Enter the **VLAN ID** of your switch (0~4095) and choose the priority for each application (0~7).

CoS	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable CoS	
VLAN ID:	1
Live video:	0 ▾
Live audio:	0 ▾
Event/Alarm:	0 ▾
Management:	0 ▾

If you assign Video the highest priority level, your network switch will handle video packets first.

NOTE:

- A VLAN-capable Switch (802.1p) is required. Web browsing may fail if the CoS setting is incorrect.
- Class of Service technologies do not guarantee a level of service in terms of bandwidth and delivery time; they offer a “best-effort.” Users can think of CoS as “coarsely-grained” traffic control and QoS as “finely-grained” traffic control.
- Although CoS is simple to manage, it lacks scalability and does not offer end-to-end guarantees since it is based on L2 protocol.

QoS/DSCP (the DiffServ model)

DSCP-ECN defines QoS at Layer 3 (Network Layer). The Differentiated Services (DiffServ) model is based on packet marking and router queuing disciplines. The marking is done by adding a field to the IP header, called the DSCP (Differentiated Services Codepoint). This is a 6-bit field that provides 64 different class IDs. It gives an indication of how a given packet is to be forwarded, known as the Per Hop Behavior (PHB). The PHB describes a particular service level in terms of bandwidth, queueing theory, and dropping (discarding the packet) decisions. Routers at each network node classify packets according to their DSCP value and give them a particular forwarding treatment; for example, how much bandwidth to reserve for it.

Below are the setting options of DSCP (DiffServ Codepoint). Specify the DSCP value for each application (0~63).

QoS/DSCP

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable QoS/DSCP	
Live video:	0
Live audio:	0
Event/Alarm:	0
Management:	0

Save

Network > SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol)

This section explains how to use the SNMP on the network camera. The Simple Network Management Protocol is an application layer protocol that facilitates the exchange of management information between network devices. It helps network administrators to remotely manage network devices and find, solve network problems with ease.

- The SNMP consists of the following three key components:

1. Manager: Network-management station (NMS), a server which executes applications that monitor and control managed devices.
2. Agent: A network-management software module on a managed device which transfers the status of managed devices to the NMS.
3. Managed device: A network node on a managed network. For example: routers, switches, bridges, hubs, computer hosts, printers, IP telephones, network cameras, web server, and database.

Before configuring SNMP settings on the this page, please enable your NMS first.

SNMP Configuration

Enable SNMPv1, SNMPv2c

Select this option and enter the names of Read/Write community and Read Only community according to your NMS settings.

Enable SNMPv1, SNMPv2c

SNMPv1, SNMPv2c Settings	
Read/Write community:	Private
Read only community:	Public

Enable SNMPv3

This option contains cryptographic security, a higher security level, which allows you to set the Authentication password and the Encryption password.

- Security name: According to your NMS settings, choose Read/Write or Read Only and enter the community name.
- Authentication type: Select MD5 or SHA as the authentication method.
- Authentication password: Enter the password for authentication (at least 8 characters).
- Encryption password: Enter a password for encryption (at least 8 characters).

Enable SNMPv3

SNMPv3 Settings	
Read/Write Security name:	Private
Authentication Type:	MD5
Authentication Password:	
Encryption Password:	
Read only Security name:	Public
Authentication Type:	MD5
Authentication Password:	
Encryption Password:	

Security > User Account

This section explains how to enable password protection and create multiple accounts.

Root Password

The administrator account name is “root”, which is permanent and can not be deleted. If you want to add more accounts in the Manage User column, please apply the password for the “root” account first.

1. Type the password identically in both text boxes, then click **Save** to enable password protection.
2. A window will prompt for authentication; type the correct user’s name and password in their respective fields to access the Network Camera.

Privilege management

Digital Output & PTZ control: You can modify the management privilege as operators or viewers. Select or de-select the checkboxes, and then click **Save** to enable the settings. If you give Viewers the privilege, Operators will also have the ability to control the Network Camera through the main page. (Please refer to Configuration on page 51).

Allow anonymous viewing: If you select this item, any client can access the live stream without entering a User ID and Password.

Account management

Administrators can create up to 20 user accounts.

1. Input the new user’s name and password.
2. Select the privilege level for the new user account. Click **Add** to enable the setting.

Access rights are sorted by user privilege (Administrator, Operator, and Viewer). Only administrators can access the Configuration page. Though operators cannot access the Configuration page, they can use the URL Commands to get and set the value of parameters. For more information, please refer to URL Commands of the Network Camera on page 151. Viewers access only the main page for live viewing.

Here you also can change a user’s access rights or delete user accounts.

1. Select an existing account to modify.
2. Make necessary changes and click **Update** or **Delete** to enable the setting.

Security > HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol over SSL)

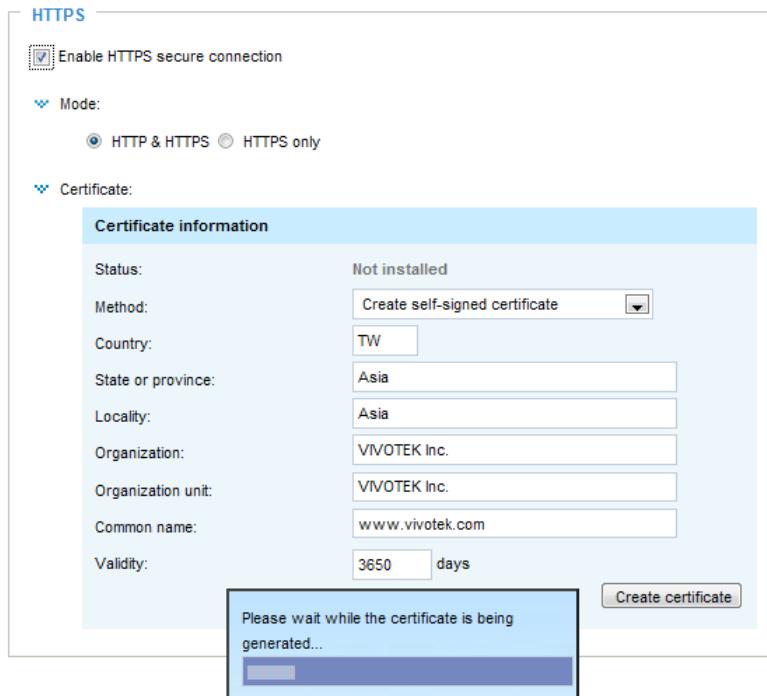
This section explains how to enable authentication and encrypted communication over SSL (Secure Socket Layer). It helps protect streaming data transmission over the Internet on higher security level.

Create and Install Certificate Method

Before using HTTPS for communication with the Network Camera, a **Certificate** must be created first. There are three ways to create and install a certificate:

Create self-signed certificate

1. Select the first option.
2. Check **Enable HTTPS secure connection**, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only".
3. Click **Create certificate** to generate a certificate.

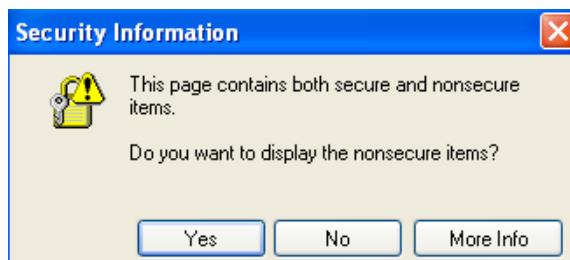
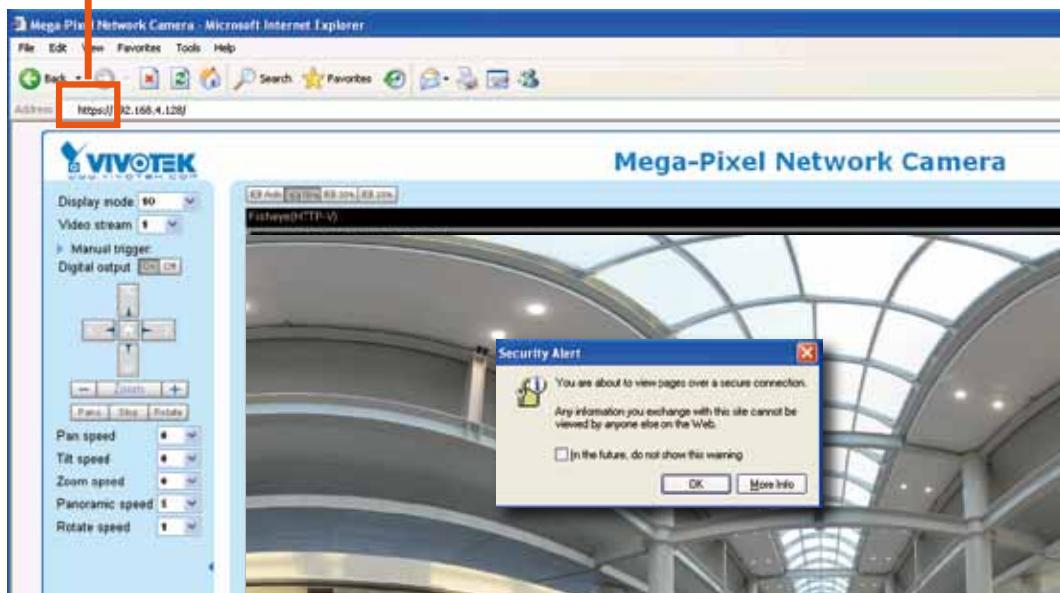


4. The Certificate Information will automatically be displayed in the lower screen as shown below. You can click **Certificate properties** to view detailed information about the certificate.

Certificate information	
Status:	Active
Method:	Create self-signed certificate
Country:	TW
State or province:	Asia
Locality:	Asia
Organization:	VIVOTEK Inc.
Organization unit:	VIVOTEK Inc.
Common name:	www.vivotek.com
Certificate properties Remove certificate	
Save	

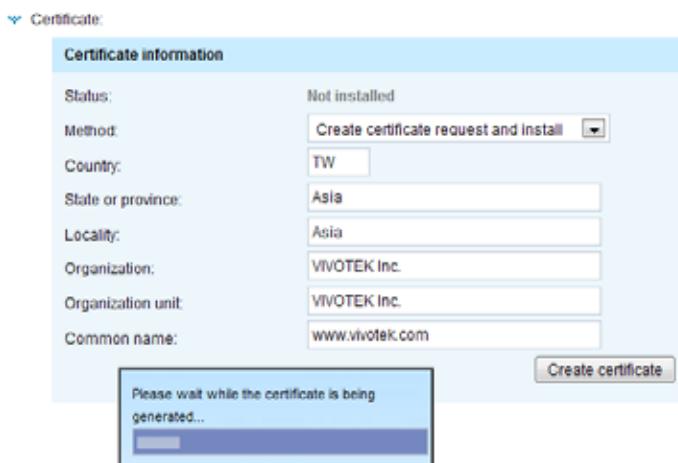
5. Click **Save** to preserve your configuration, and your current session with the camera will change to the encrypted connection.
6. If your web session does not automatically change to an encrypted HTTPS session, click **Home** to return to the main page. Change the URL address from “<http://>” to “<https://>” in the address bar and press **Enter** on your keyboard. Some Security Alert dialogs will pop up. Click **OK** or **Yes** to enable HTTPS.

<https://>

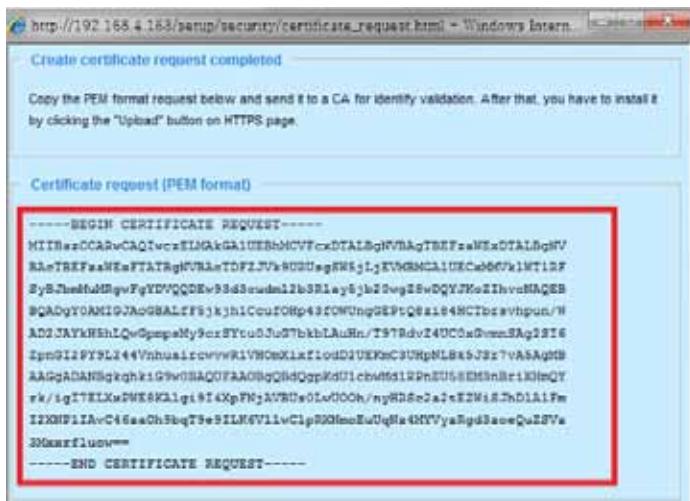


Create certificate request and install

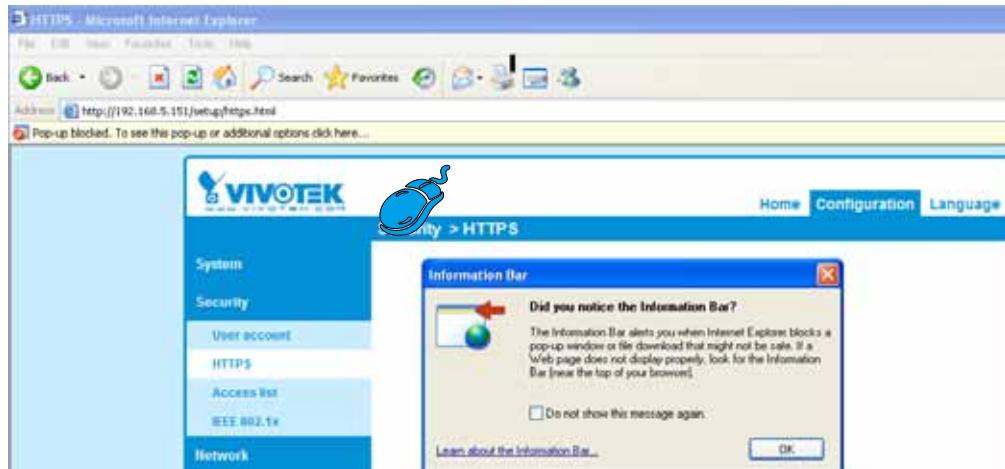
1. Select the option from the **Method** pull-down menu.
2. Click **Create certificate** to proceed.
3. The following information will show up in a pop-up window after clicking **Create**. Then click **Save** to generate the certificate request.



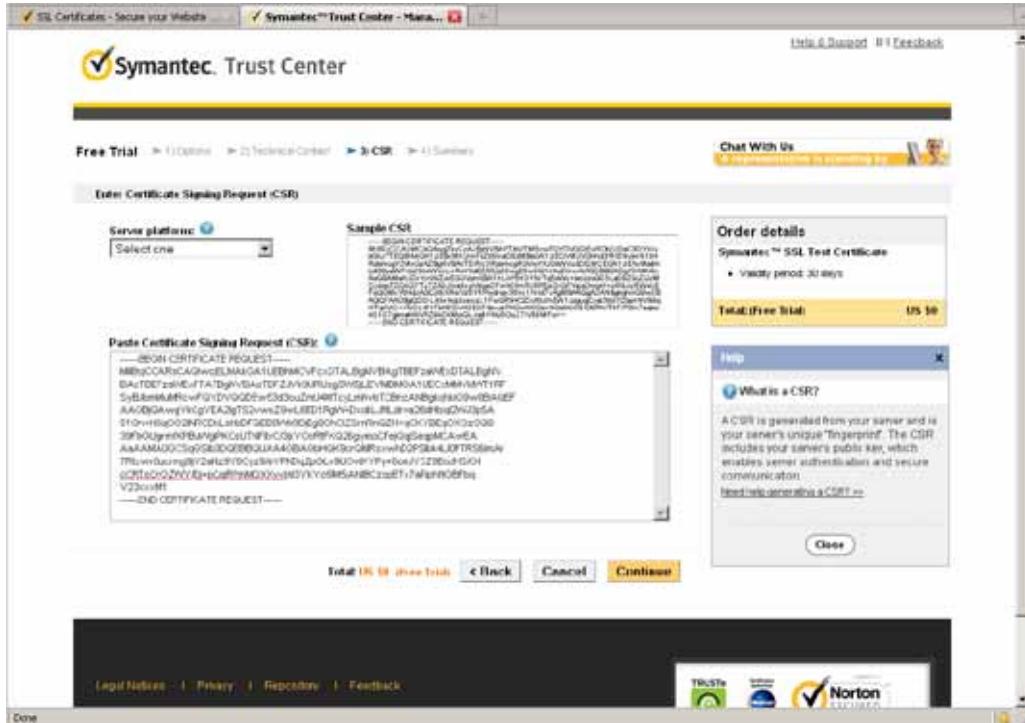
4. The Certificate request window will prompt.



If you see the following Information bar, click **OK** and click on the Information bar at the top of the page to allow pop-ups.



5. Look for a trusted certificate authority, such as Symantec's VeriSign Authentication Services, that issues digital certificates. Sign in and purchase the SSL certification service. Copy the certificate request from your request prompt and paste it in the CA's signing request window. Proceed with the rest of the process as CA's instructions on their webpage.



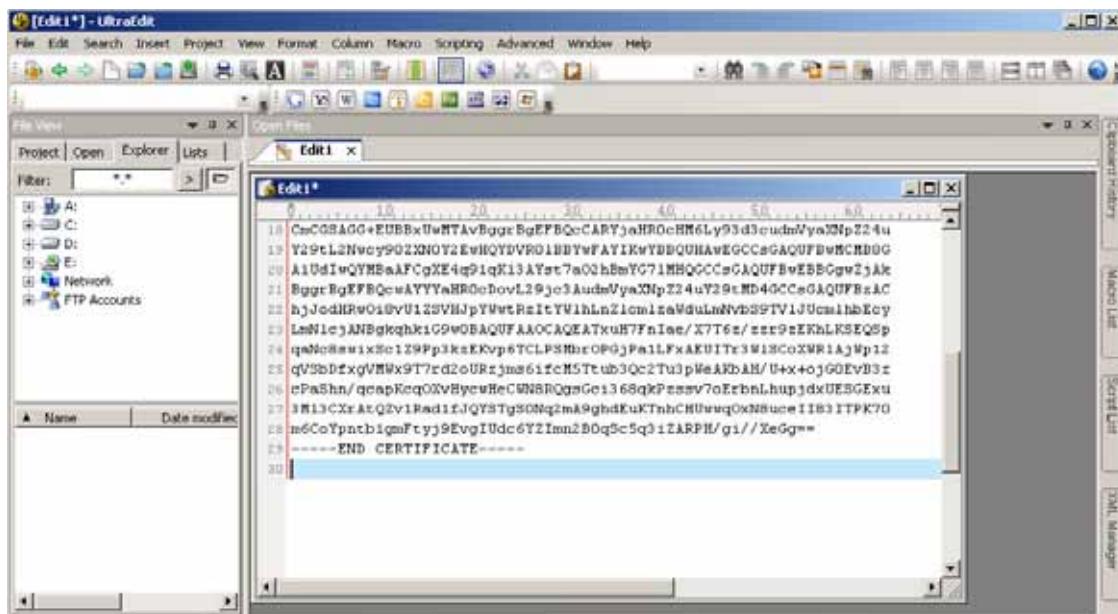
6. Once completed, your SSL certificate should be delivered to you via an email or other means. Copy the contents of the certificate in the email and paste it in a text/HTML/hex editor/converter, such as IDM Computer Solutions' UltraEdit.

```
immediately, please dial 866.991.4548 or 650.426.5112 option 3 or send an email to internet-sales@verisign.com

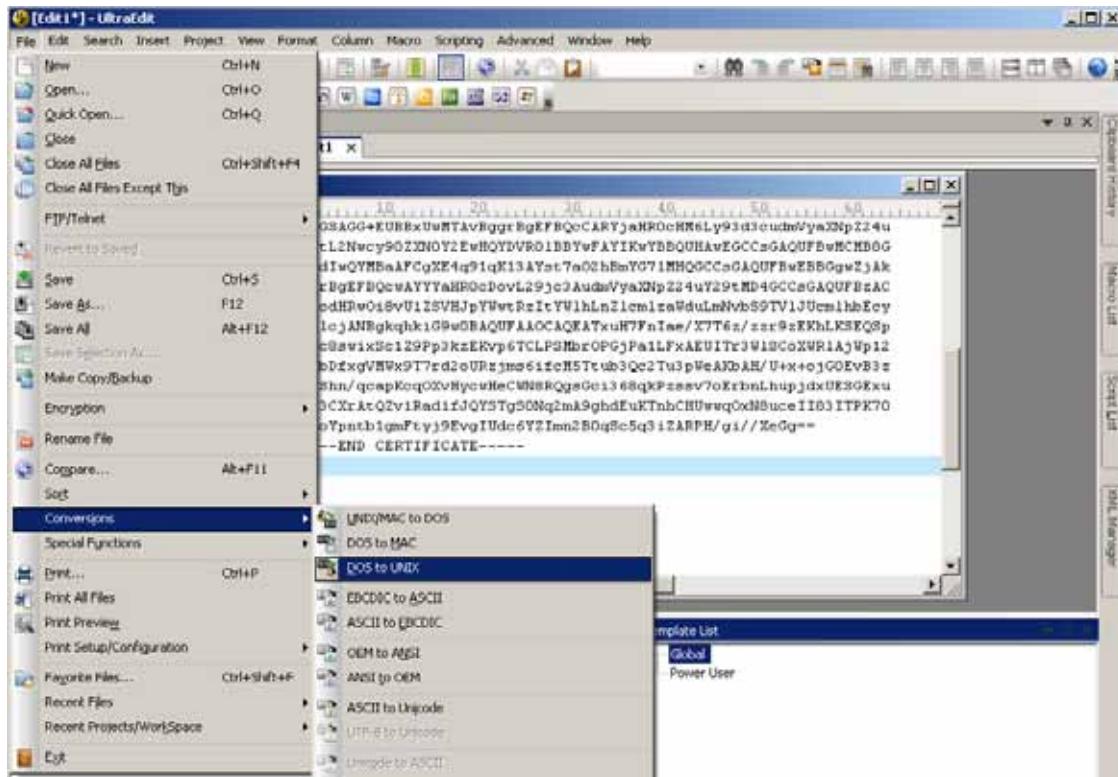
Thank you for your interest in Symantec!

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIIFQCCAcygAwIBAgIQFxtCahm3e88it0WQOCB1zIAHbgxhkj9W0BQAQFADCB
yaE1MAkAgA1UEBhNHCvVhNfzAVBgN7MdoT211cm1tAmdsLCBjcmh0fThwLgYU/VQl
EydgB3Iq5GVVzdCBQdXJwb3N1cy5Pmx5LiAgTm9gYXNzK7hmmf1cy4xQzBzbqjV
BAA1D91Wlcm1zGsmENvz2B8edBewzrsvLz3dy521Cjpe2lnh1z1n20V3Bz
L3R1c3Ry3NoykvwGTEsHCAgA1UEAx0dAdkVwY7pZ24gV7pZ24gV7pZ24gV7pZ24g
cnZic3BQSAkEcycB4XDTgjMDc4d3wDwF0xDTgjMDc4d3wDwF0xDTgjMDc4d3wDwF0
cAJBqHVBARTA1M0Q0/CwtrVQZQ1B6c21mQ0/CwtrVQZQFAB5221h9B0WEMYD
VQGNFaaH3VEFVEVL1Eiutiy4xFTATBqN5BaNUtFjV1V9NB0sgWb5j1f6mDgA1UE
CxQWV7VbXNgb2VpxXH119fC1m9g5j22Xjpc2inb1S20VYX8z13K1c3Ry3Aa
VyiHTEXMBAGA1UEAxQos1s1m21OCE3Hi5jh2/wg7/wg7qJMa21hvsNQGERuGAd
gt0AMIGJAgEBANiIE0trz0Mfc+C+bMYTvgtXICyT3a7zrzmuyLwpd1ideqodR
p/ha8htpIDQgSC1NmU8BCPPp/QixB8cpWq501D5C/gqmAKy1kxxPH/R
Nk11K9n1swb1cDyuaFEx85CMw+44500xE852Mu10gbA8X0W0hngTkgBbA83
ggGBBnIDITAZBgVNRREEEjAQgg9od3cuIm04HFcylm9r0fIAJbDgVHRHEAjaA2G4G
A10gDwEB/vQEAwFCEC8dGtEREEPA4mD1qhgA0mgJedgRN0i1v0125V7pTwE
RstTy3Jslz1lcm1zaMhLdNvbs97TVJ7cmhbEcYlshVhBRKbgfVHRBAPqzBRHDB8
CmCH3AS9g+EU8RaDwTAw8gr8p8X8p0cCAKyjAkR0z0N1y/#3d3cuds/yax0lp774u
Y29tLJhwey902XH0Y26hQD77010387wTAY1wvT8RQQUHwEcccwGAQfPhnC018g
A1UdiwQfDmaAFcXkE4g9lqKL3AYet7a02hmlG71H9gQCCeGMQfTBwLB86gnE2Ak
BqrBqEFBQcwqY7YHeRC0CwL237c1c3u0m7ya08p124xY29tM049C5gAQUTBzAC
hjJodfRw018vU1237h5jpwvRz1tVWhLmI2m1z4RdLdNvbs97TV17Ucm1hEcY
Ledi1cyAHbgkgnhx0w0h8QUTAACQAEKuut1f1asee/x7776z/zsrzefKHkL5tQ9p
quHe8wvtscl239p1ktErVp-ETCLF8MroP0gjFai1FKAU1t3W15CeKWL1A1Wp12
qV9B2Dfwp779n977z42zU7zjne61fdMStub3Qc27u39WeA5dAH/U/x+e)0SEBV9z
cFaShn/grapKoqDwVhy4wdeCM77#Qgs0c1384qkfssyy7oFcmhmpjdW0586wu
SN13CXrAtq2vIRad1fJQ93Tg90Mg2A8g-n-800K7taCmHw/qQhdHuse11001TPK70
m6CoVpnshigmFtyj3Evg1Udc6YIIm180q5c1q12ARPH/g1/XeGg=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----
```

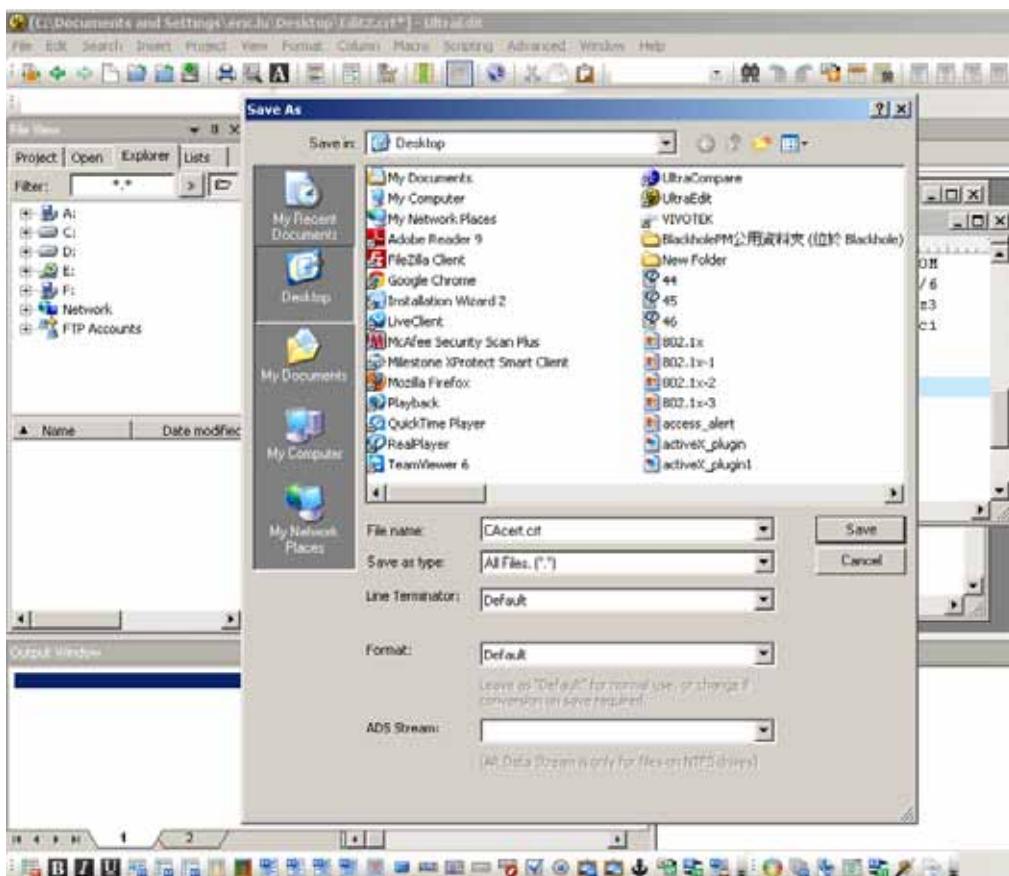
7. Open a new edit, paste the certificate contents, and press ENTER at the end of the contents to add an empty line.



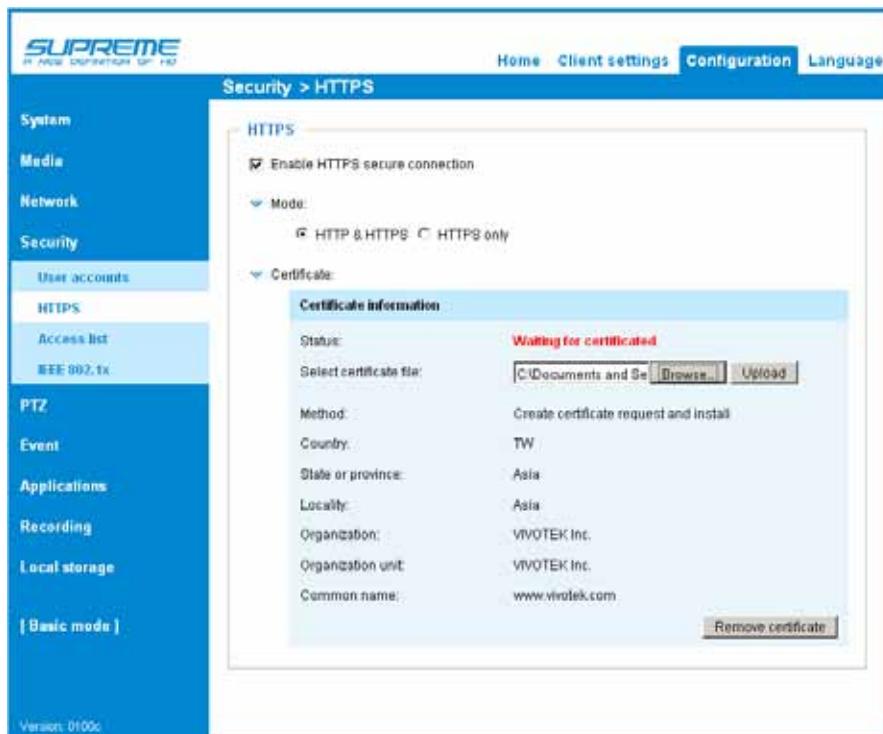
8. Convert file format from DOS to UNIX. Open **File** menu > **Conversions** > **DOS to Unix**.



9. Save the edit using the ".crt" extension, using a file name like "CAcert.crt."



10. Return to the original firmware session, use the **Browse** button to locate the crt certificate file, and click **Upload** to enable the certification.



11. When the certificate file is successfully loaded, its status will be stated as **Active**. Note that a certificate must have been created and installed before you can click on the "Save" button for the configuration to take effect.



12. To begin an encrypted HTTPS session, click **Home** to return to the main page. Change the URL address from "<http://>" to "<https://>" in the address bar and press **Enter** on your keyboard. Some Security Alert dialogs will pop up. Click **OK** or **Yes** to enable HTTPS.



Security > Access List

This section explains how to control access permission by verifying the client PC's IP address.

General Settings

General settings

Maximum number of concurrent streaming: [Connection management](#)

Maximum number of concurrent streaming connection(s) limited to: Simultaneous live viewing for 1~10 clients (including stream #1, #2, and #3). The default value is 10. If you modify the value and click **Save**, all current connections will be disconnected and automatically attempt to re-link (IE Explorer or Quick Time Player).

Connection management: Click this button to display the connection status window showing a list of the current connections. For example:

[Refresh](#) [Add to deny list](#) [Disconnect](#) [Close](#)

- IP address: Current connections to the Network Camera.
- Elapsed time: How much time the client has been at the webpage.
- User ID: If the administrator has set a password for the webpage, the clients have to enter a user name and password to access the live video. The user name will be displayed in the User ID column. If the administrator allows clients to link to the webpage without a user name and password, the User ID column will be empty.

There are some situations which allow clients access to the live video without a user name and password:

1. The administrator does not set up a root password. For more information about how to set up a root password and manage user accounts, please refer to Security > User account on page 97.
2. The administrator has set up a root password, but set **RTSP Authentication** to “disable”. For more information about **RTSP Authentication**, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 87.
3. The administrator has set up a root password, but allows anonymous viewing. For more information about **Allow Anonymous Viewing**, please refer to page 97.

- Refresh: Click this button to refresh all current connections.
- Add to deny list: You can select entries from the Connection Status list and add them to the Deny List to deny access. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and will automatically try to re-link again (IE Explore or Quick Time Player). If you want to enable the denied list, please check **Enable access list filtering** and click **Save** in the first column.

- Disconnect: If you want to break off the current connections, please select them and click this button. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and will automatically try to re-link again (IE Explorer or Quick Time Player).

Enable access list filtering: Check this item and click **Save** if you want to enable the access list filtering function.

Filter

Filter type: Select **Allow** or **Deny** as the filter type. If you choose **Allow Type**, only those clients whose IP addresses are on the Access List below can access the Network Camera, and the others cannot access. On the contrary, if you choose **Deny Type**, those clients whose IP addresses are on the Access List below will not be allowed to access the Network Camera, and the others can access.

Then you can **Add** a rule to the following Access List. Please note that the IPv6 access list column will not be displayed unless you enable IPv6 on the Network page. For more information about **IPv6 Settings**, please refer to Network > Enable IPv6 on page 82 for detailed information.

The screenshot shows the 'Filter' configuration window. At the top left is a checkbox labeled 'Enable access list filtering'. Below it is a 'Filter type' section with two radio buttons: 'Allow' (selected) and 'Deny'. Underneath are two sections for 'IPv4 access list' and 'IPv6 access list'. Each section contains a large text input area for listing IP addresses and two buttons at the bottom: 'Add' and 'Delete'.

There are three types of rules:

Single: This rule allows the user to add an IP address to the Allowed/Denied list.
For example:

The screenshot shows the 'Filter address' dialog box. It includes a 'Rule' dropdown menu set to 'Single', an 'IP address' input field, and 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom.

Network: This rule allows the user to assign a network address and corresponding subnet mask to the Allow/Deny List. The routing prefix is written in CIDR notation. For example:

Filter address

Rule: Network

Network address / Network mask: 192.168.2.0 / 24

OK Cancel

accesses from IP address 192.168.2.x will be blocked.

If IPv6 filter is preferred, you will be prompted by the following window. Enter the IPv6 address and the two-digit prefix length to specify the range of IP addresses in your configuration.

>Add Ipv6 filter list

Filter address

Rule: Network

Network address / Network mask:

OK Cancel

Range: This rule allows the user to assign a range of IP addresses to the Allow/Deny List.

Note: This rule is only applied to IPv4.

For example:

Filter address

Rule: Range

IP address - IP address: 192.168.2.0 - 192.168.2.255

OK Cancel

Administrator IP address

Always allow the IP address to access this device: You can check this item and add the Administrator's IP address in this field to make sure the Administrator can always connect to the device.

Administrator IP address

Always allow the IP address to access this device

Save

Security > IEEE 802.1x

Enable this function if your network environment uses IEEE 802.1x, which is a port-based network access control. The network devices, intermediary switch/access point/hub, and RADIUS server must support and enable 802.1x settings.

The 802.1x standard is designed to enhance the security of local area networks, which provides authentication to network devices (clients) attached to a network port (wired or wireless). If all certificates between client and server are verified, a point-to-point connection will be enabled; if authentication fails, access on that port will be prohibited. 802.1x utilizes an existing protocol, the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP), to facilitate communication.

- The components of a protected network with 802.1x authentication:



1. Suppliant: A client end user (camera), which requests authentication.
2. Authenticator (an access point or a switch): A “go between” which restricts unauthorized end users from communicating with the authentication server.
3. Authentication server (usually a RADIUS server): Checks the client certificate and decides whether to accept the end user’s access request.

- VIVOTEK Network Cameras support two types of EAP methods to perform authentication: **EAP-PEAP** and **EAP-TLS**.

Please follow the steps below to enable 802.1x settings:

1. Before connecting the Network Camera to the protected network with 802.1x, please apply a digital certificate from a Certificate Authority (i.e., MIS of your company) which can be validated by a RADIUS server.
2. Connect the Network Camera to a PC or notebook outside of the protected LAN. Open the configuration page of the Network Camera as shown below. Select **EAP-PEAP** or **EAP-TLS** as the EAP method. In the following blanks, enter your ID and password issued by the CA, then upload related certificate(s).

IEEE 802.1x		IMPORTANT
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable IEEE 802.1x		
EAP method:	EAP-PEAP 	
Identity:	<input type="text"/>	
Password:	<input type="text"/>	
CA certificate:	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Browse..."/>
Status:	no file	
	<input type="button" value="Upload"/> <input type="button" value="Remove"/>	

The maximum length of password is 200 symbols.

IEEE 802.1x

Enable 802.1x

EAP method: **EAP-TLS**

Identity:

Private key password:

CA certificate: [Browse...](#) [Upload](#)

Status: no file [Remove](#)

client certificate: [Browse...](#) [Upload](#)

Status: no file [Remove](#)

Client private key: [Browse...](#) [Upload](#)

Status: no file [Remove](#)

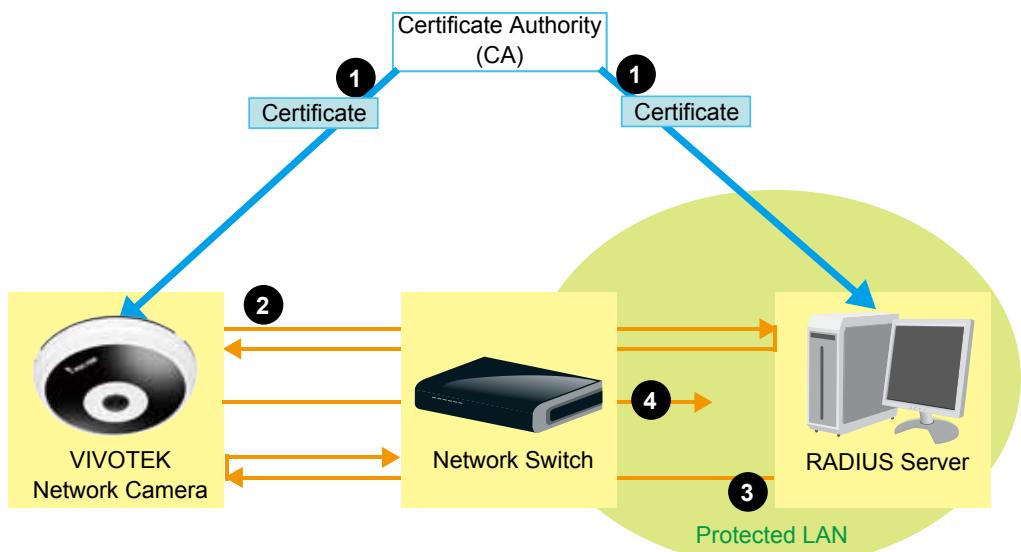
- When all settings are complete, move the Network Camera to the protected LAN by connecting it to an 802.1x enabled switch. The devices will then start the authentication automatically.



NOTE:

► *The authentication process for 802.1x:*

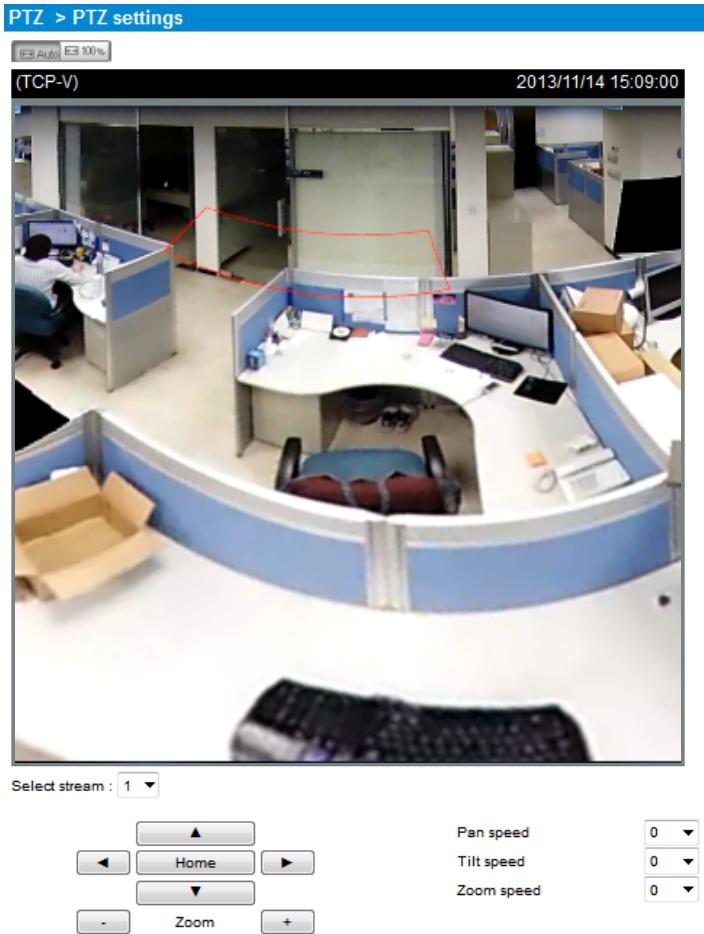
- The Certificate Authority (CA) provides the required signed certificates to the Network Camera (the supplicant) and the RADIUS Server (the authentication server).*
- A Network Camera requests access to the protected LAN using 802.1X via a switch (the authenticator). The client offers its identity and client certificate, which is then forwarded by the switch to the RADIUS Server, which uses an algorithm to authenticate the Network Camera and returns an acceptance or rejection back to the switch.*
- The switch also forwards the RADIUS Server's certificate to the Network Camera.*
- Assuming all certificates are validated, the switch then changes the Network Camera's state to authorized and is allowed access to the protected network via a pre-configured port.*



PTZ > PTZ settings

This window is functional only when you configure a video stream to be using the Local dewarp function. See Configuration > Media > Video.

Changing the Field of View



In this window, functional items related to the preset positions have been cancelled. This window is now used for changing the field of view when the Local dewarp is applied to a video stream.

1. First select a video stream for which the field of view will take effect. Note that you must manually select a Local dewarp mode (e.g., 1R or 1P) in Media > Video window first.

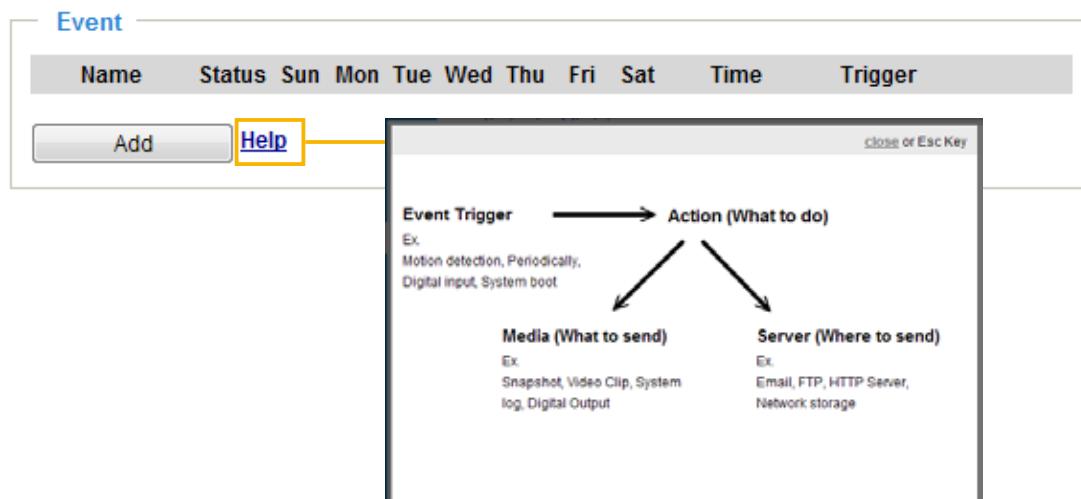


2. Adjust the shooting area to the desired position using the PTZ keypad on the live screen.

Note that the pan, tilt, zoom speeds only applies in this window. They do not apply to the live view window.

Event > Event settings

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to respond to particular situations (event). A typical application is that when a motion is detected, the Network Camera sends buffered images to an FTP server or e-mail address as notifications. Click on **Help**, there is an illustration shown in the pop-up window explaining that an event can be triggered by many sources, such as motion detection or external digital input devices. When an event is triggered, you can specify what type of action that will be performed.



Event

An event is an action initiated by a user-defined trigger source. In the **Event** column, click **Add** to open the event settings window.

The screenshot shows the 'Event' settings window with the 'Add' button highlighted. The configuration steps are outlined as follows:

- 1. Schedule**: Set the days of the week for the event.
- 2. Trigger**: Set the trigger duration (e.g., 10 seconds).
- 3. Action**: Configure the action details, including the event name, enable status, priority, and schedule.

Event schedule

Time

Save event **Close**

- Event name: Enter a name for the event setting.
- Enable this event: Select this checkbox to enable the event setting.
- Priority: Select the relative importance of this event (High, Normal, or Low). Events with a higher priority setting will be executed first.
- Detect next motion detection or digital input after seconds: Enter the duration in seconds to pause motion detection after a motion is detected. This prevents too many events to be triggered within a short time.

Follow the steps 1~3 to arrange the three elements -- Schedule, Trigger, and Action to set an event. A total of 3 event settings can be configured.

1. Schedule

Specify the period for the event. Please select the days of the week and the time in a day (in 24-hr time format) to specify when will the event-triggering conditions take effect.

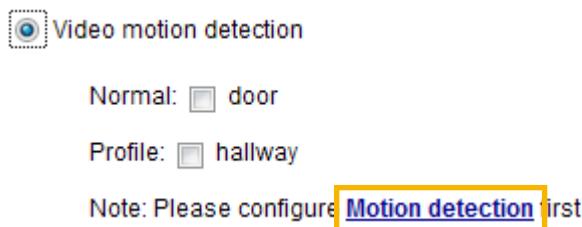
2. Trigger

This is the cause or stimulus which defines what will trigger the event. The trigger source can be configured to use the Network Camera's built-in motion detection mechanism or external digital inputs.

There are several choices of trigger sources as shown below. Select each item to display its related options.

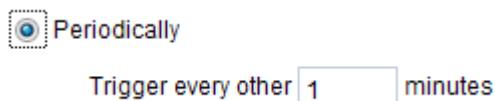
■ Video motion detection

This option makes use of the built-in motion detection mechanism as a trigger source. To enable this function, you need to configure a Motion Detection Window first. For more information, please refer to Motion Detection on page 128 for details.



■ Periodically

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger periodically for every other defined minute. Up to 999 minutes are allowed.



■ Digital input

This option allows the Network Camera to use an external digital input device or sensor as a trigger source. Depending on your application, there are many choices with digital input devices on the market which help detect changes in temperature, vibration, sound, light, etc.

■ System boot

This option triggers the Network Camera when the power to the Network Camera is disconnected.

■ Recording notify

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the recording disk is full or when recording starts to overwrite older data.

■ Audio detection

A preset threshold can be configured with an external microphone as the trigger to system event. The triggering condition can be an input exceeding or falling below a threshold. Audio detection can take place as a complement to motion detection or as a method to detect activities not covered by the camera's view.

Audio detection

- Normal: Trigger event when detected audio rises above alarm level
- Profile: Trigger event when detected audio rises above alarm level

Note: Please configure [Audio detection](#) first

Once you have a preset audio alarm level, you can define the triggering condition either as an audio input rises above or falls below the alarm level.

■ Camera tampering detection

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the camera detects that it is being tampered with. To enable this function, you need to configure the Tampering Detection option first. Please refer to page 131 for detailed information.

Camera tampering detection

- Enable camera tampering detection
- Trigger duration seconds [10~600]

■ Manual Trigger

This option allows user to enable event triggers manually by clicking the on/off button on the homepage. Please configure 1 ~ 3 events before using this function.

Manual Trigger

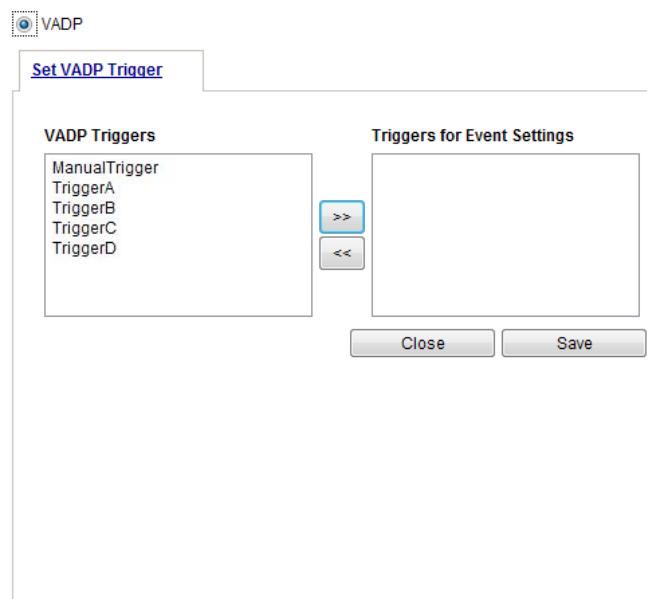
- 1
- 2
- 3



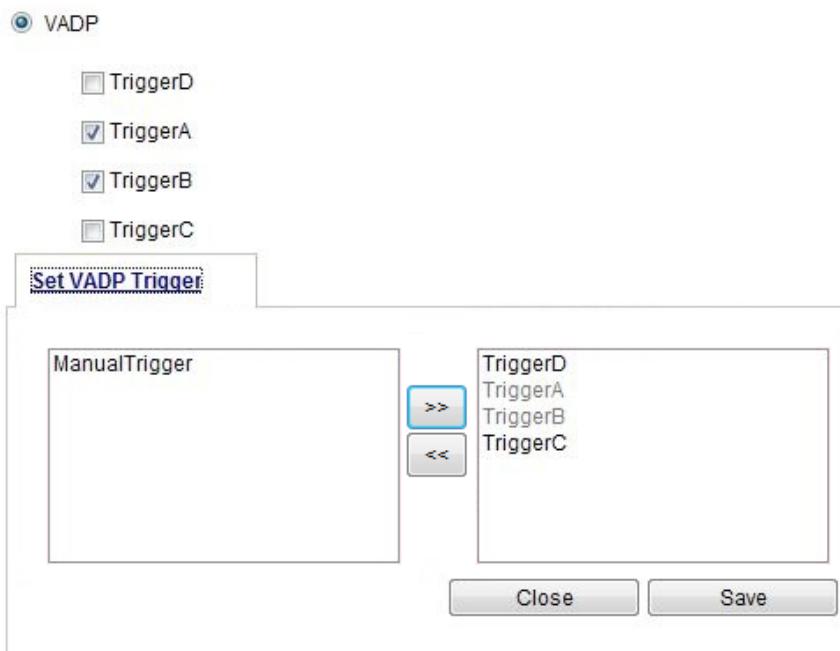
■ VADP

It is presumed that you already uploaded and enabled the VADP modules before you can associate VADP triggers with an Event setting.

Click on the Set VADP Trigger button to open the VADP setup menu. The triggering conditions available with 3rd-party software modules known as VADP will be listed. Use the arrow buttons to select these triggers. Users may implant these modules for different purposes such as triggering motion detection, or applications related to video analysis, etc. Please refer to page 134 for the configuration options with VADP modules.



Once the triggers are configured, they will be listed under the VADP option.



3. Action

Define the actions to be performed by the Network Camera when a trigger is activated.

Event name: ddd

Enable this event

Priority: Normal

Detect next motion detection or digital input after 10 second(s).

Action

- Trigger digital output for 1 seconds
- Backup media if the network is disconnected

Server	Media	Extra parameter
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SD snapshot SD test View		<input type="checkbox"/> Create folders by date time and hour automatically
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NAS snapshot View		
Add server		Add media

Close **Save event**

■ Trigger digital output for seconds

Select this option to turn on the external digital output device when a trigger is activated. Specify the length of the trigger interval in the text box.

■ Backup media if the network is disconnected

Select this option to backup media file on SD card if the network is disconnected. Please note that this function will only apply after you set up the connection to networked storage (NAS). For more information about how to set up network storage, please refer to page 144.

To configure an event with video recording or snapshots, it is necessary to configure/provide servers and storage media settings so that the Network Camera will know where to send the media files to when a trigger is activated.

Add server

Click **Add server** to unfold the server setting window. You can specify how the notification messages are delivered when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 server settings can be configured.

There are four choices of server types available: Email, FTP, HTTP, and Network storage. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

Add server

Server name: Email

Server type

Email

Sender email address: Camera@vivotek.com

Recipient email address: VIVOTEK@vivotek.com

Server address: Ms.vivotek.tw

User name:

Password:

Server port: 25

This server requires a secure connection (SSL)

FTP

HTTP

Network storage

Test **Close** **Save server**

Server type - Email

Select to send the media files via email when a trigger is activated.

- Server name: Enter a name for the server setting.
- Sender email address: Enter a valid email address as the sender address.
- Recipient email address: Enter a valid email address as the recipient address.
- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the email server.
- User name: Enter the user name of the email account if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password of the email account if necessary.
- Server port: The default mail server port is set to 25. You can also manually set another port.

If your SMTP server requires a secure connection (SSL), check **This server requires a secure connection (SSL)**.

To verify if the email settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window. If successful, you will also receive an email indicating the result.



Click **Save server** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the Add server page.

After you set up the first event server, a new item for event server will automatically appear on the Server list. If you wish to add more server options, click **Add server**.



Server type - FTP

Select to send the media files to an FTP server when a trigger is activated.

Server name:

Server type

Email

FTP

Server address:

Server port:

User name:

Password:

FTP folder name:

Passive mode

HTTP

Network storage

Test **Close** **Save server**

- Server name: Enter a name for the server setting.
- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the FTP server.
- Server port: By default, the FTP server port is set to 21. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.
- User name: Enter the login name of the FTP account.
- Password: Enter the password of the FTP account.
- FTP folder name
Enter the folder where the media file will be placed. If the folder name does not exist, the Network Camera will create one on the FTP server.

■ Passive mode

Most firewalls do not accept new connections initiated from external requests. If the FTP server supports passive mode, select this option to enable passive mode FTP and allow data transmission to pass through the firewall.

To verify if the FTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as shown below. If successful, you will also receive a test.txt file on the FTP server.



Click **Save server** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the Add server page.

Server type - HTTP

Select to send the media files to an HTTP server when a trigger is activated.

Add server	Add media
Server name: <input type="text" value="HTTP"/> Server type <input checked="" type="radio"/> Email <input type="radio"/> FTP <input checked="" type="radio"/> HTTP URL: <input type="text" value="http://192.168.5.10/cgi-bin/upload.cgi"/> User name: <input type="text"/> Password: <input type="text"/> <input type="radio"/> Network storage	
Test Close Save server	

- Server name: Enter a name for the server setting.
- URL: Enter the URL of the HTTP server.
- User name: Enter the user name if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password if necessary.

To verify if the HTTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as below. If successful, you will receive a test.txt file on the HTTP server.

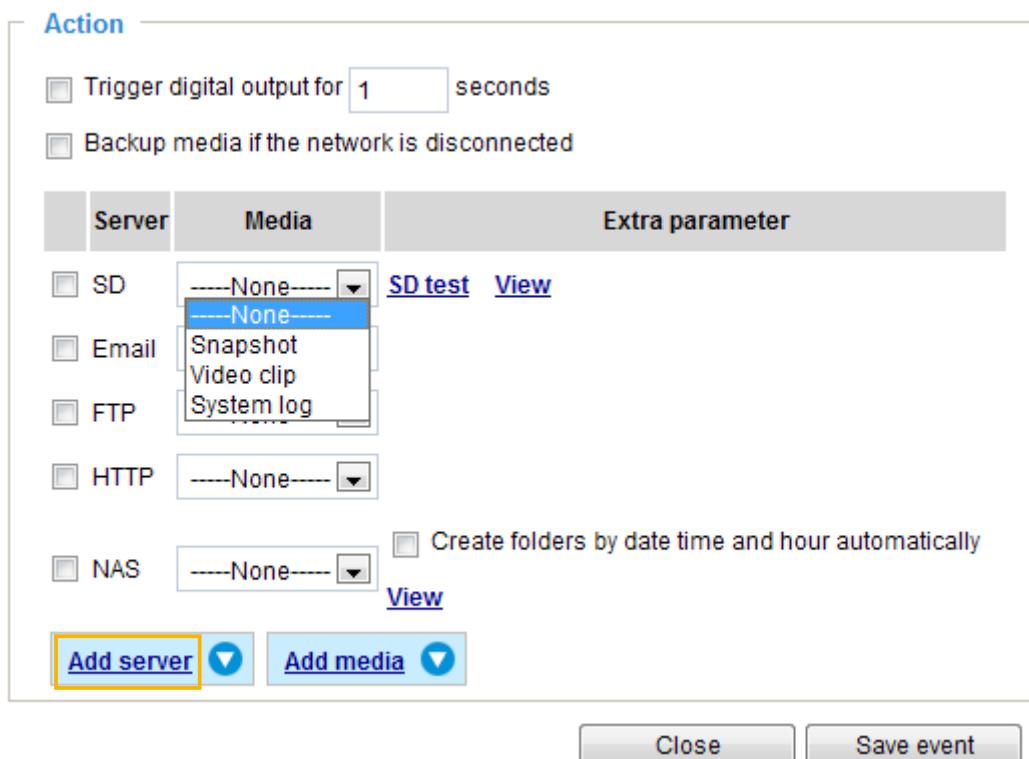


Click **Save server** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the Add server page.

Network storage:

Select to send the media files to a network storage location when a trigger is activated. Please refer to **NAS server** on page 144 for details.

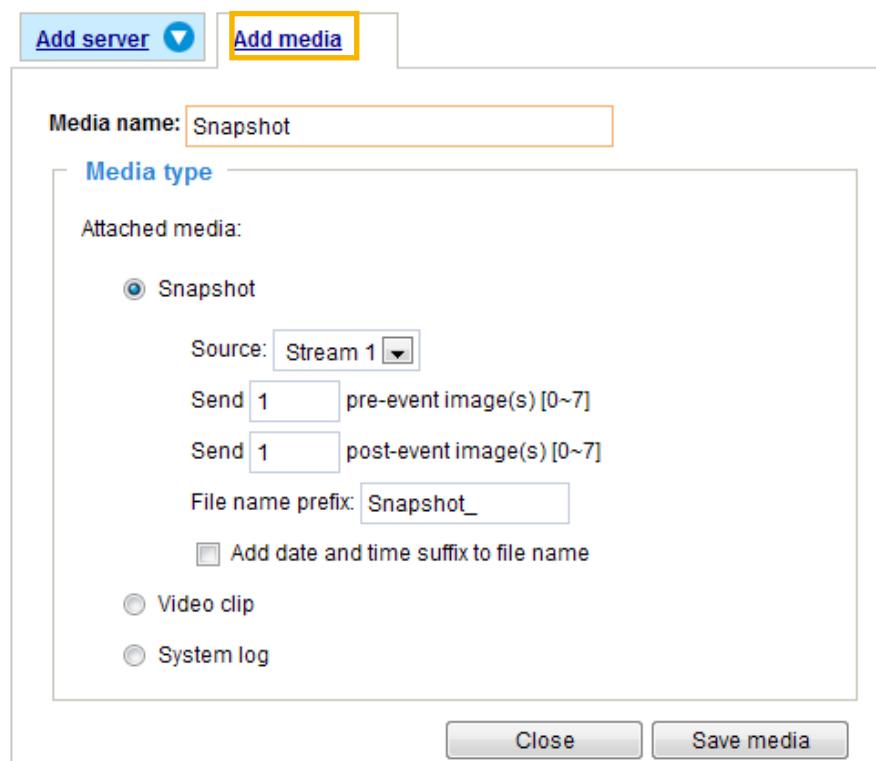
Click **Save server** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the Add server page.



- **SD Test:** Click to test your SD card. The system will display a message indicating success or failure. If you want to use your SD card for local storage, please format it before use. Please refer to page 147 for detailed information.

Add media

Click **Add media** to open the media setting window. You can specify the type of media that will be sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 media settings can be configured. There are three choices of media types available: Snapshot, Video Clip, and System log. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

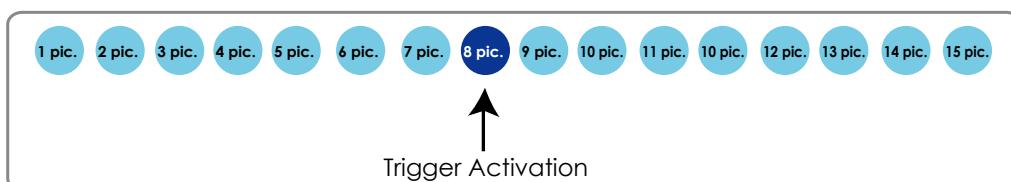


Media type - Snapshot

Select to send snapshots when a trigger is activated.

- **Media name:** Enter a name for the media setting.
- **Source:** Select to take snapshots from streams 1 ~ 3.
- **Send pre-event images**
The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide how many images to capture before a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.
- **Send post-event images**
Enter a number to decide how many images to capture after a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.

For example, if both the Send pre-event images and Send post-event images are set to 7, a total of 15 images are generated after a trigger is activated.



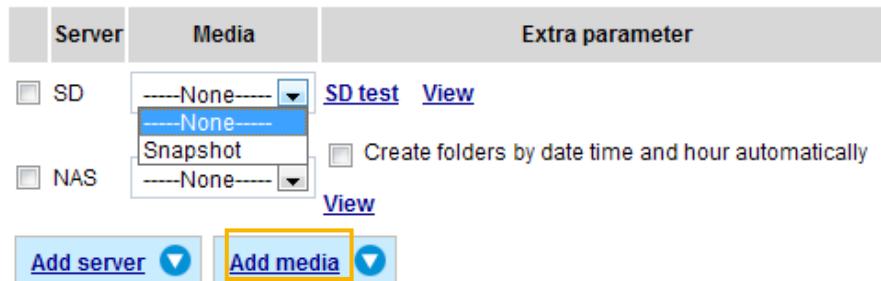
- **File name prefix**
Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

- Add date and time suffix to the file name. Select this option to add a date/time suffix to the file name. For example:



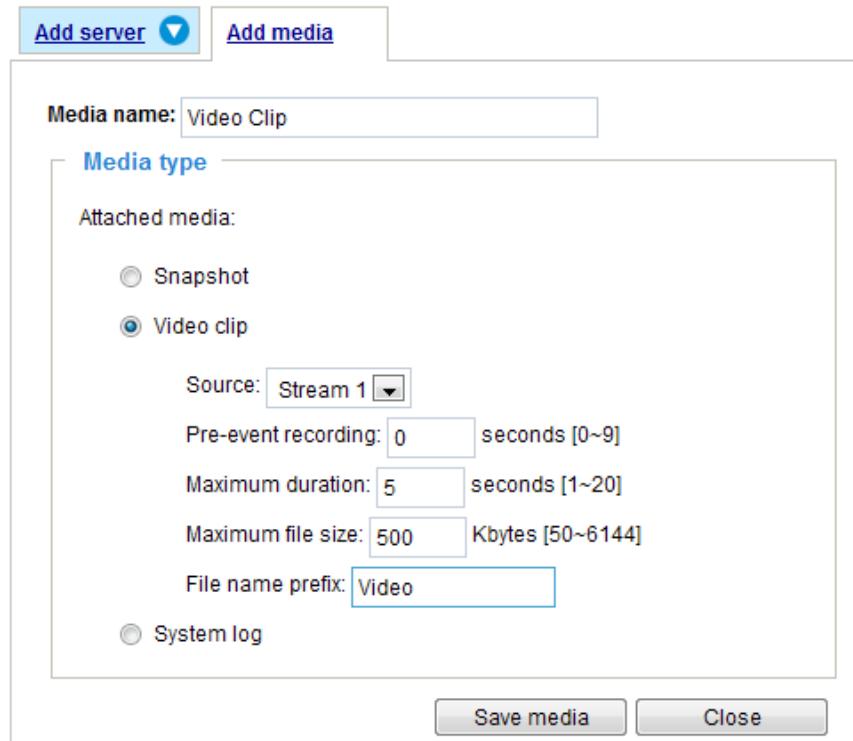
Click **Save media** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the Add media page.

After you set up the first media server, a new column for media server will automatically display on the Media list. If you wish to add more media options, click **Add media**.



Media type - Video clip

Select to send video clips when a trigger is activated.



- Media name: Enter a name for the media setting.

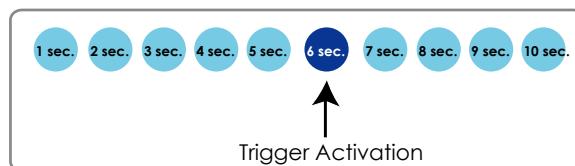
- Source: Select the source of video clip.

- Pre-event recording

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide the duration of recording before a trigger is activated. Up to 9 seconds of video can be recorded.

■ Maximum duration

Specify the maximum recording duration in seconds. Up to 10 seconds of video can be recorded. For example, if pre-event recording is set to 5 seconds and the maximum duration is set to 10 seconds, the Network Camera continues to record for another 4 seconds after a trigger is activated.



■ Maximum file size

Specify the maximum file size allowed.

■ File name prefix

Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

For example:



Click **Save media** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the Add media page.

Media type - System log

Select to send a system log when a trigger is activated.

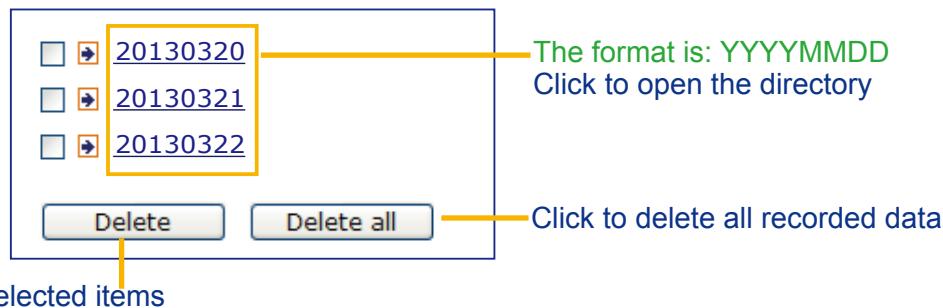
The screenshot shows a configuration interface for adding media. At the top, there are buttons for "Add server" and "Add media". The main area is titled "Media type". Under "Attached media:", three options are listed: "Snapshot" (radio button), "Video clip" (radio button), and "System log" (radio button, which is selected). At the bottom of the screen are "Save media" and "Close" buttons.

Click **Save media** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the Add media page.

The screenshot shows the "Action" configuration page. It features a table where users can select media types for different servers. The columns are "Server", "Media", and "Extra parameter". The "Media" column contains dropdown menus. For "SD", "Email", and "NAS", the dropdown is set to "----None----". For "FTP", the dropdown is set to "----None----" but has a "View" link below it. For "HTTP", the dropdown is set to "----None----". A checkbox "Create folders by date time and hour automatically" is located in the "Extra parameter" column. At the bottom, there are "Add server" and "Add media" buttons, along with "Close" and "Save event" buttons.

- View: Click this button to open a file list window. This function is only for SD card and Network Storage. If you click **View** button of SD card, a Local storage page will pop up for you to manage recorded files on SD card. For more information about Local storage, please refer to page 147. If you click **View** button of Network storage, a file directory window will pop up for you to view recorded data on Network storage.
- Create folders by date, time, and hour automatically: If you check this item, the system will generate folders automatically by date.

The following is an example of a file destination with video clips:



Click to delete selected items

Click **20130320** to open the directory:

The format is: HH (24r) Click to open the file list for that hour				
< 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 >				
	file name	size	date	time
<input type="checkbox"/>	Video Clip_58.mp4	2526004	2013/03/20	07 58 28
<input type="checkbox"/>	Video Clip_59.mp4	2563536	2013/03/20	07 59 28

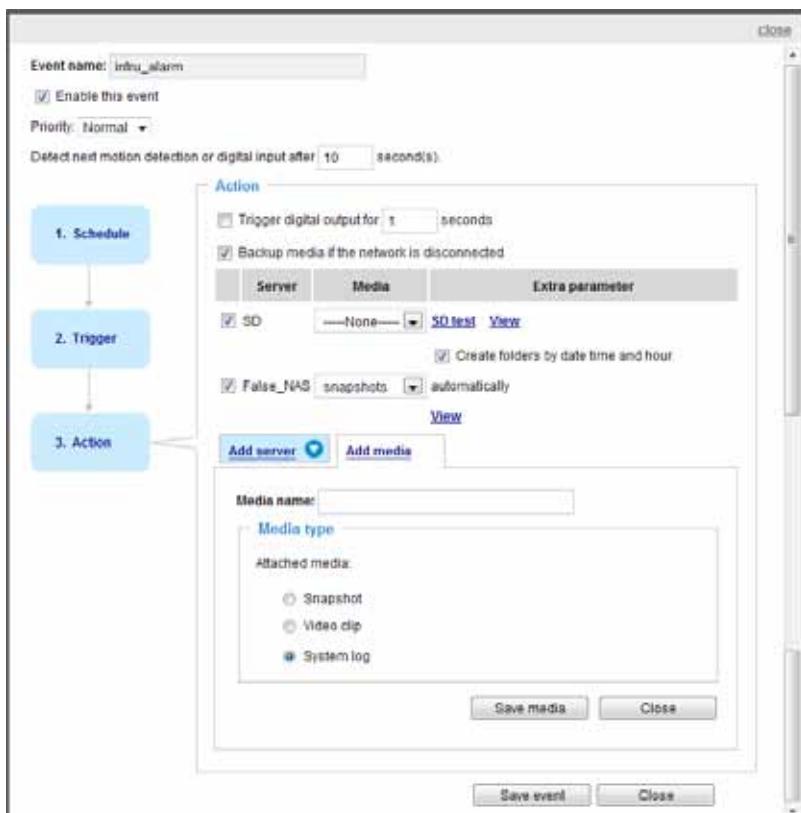
Below the table are three buttons: 'Delete', 'Delete all', and 'Back'. Callouts point to these buttons with the following text: 'Click to delete selected items', 'Click to delete all recorded data', and 'Click to go back to the previous level of the directory'.

< 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 >				
	file name	size	date	time
<input type="checkbox"/>	Video Clip_58.mp4	2526004	2013/03/20	07:58:28
<input type="checkbox"/>	Video Clip_59.mp4	2563536	2013/03/20	07:59:28

Below the table are three buttons: 'Delete', 'Delete all', and 'Back'. A callout points to the 'Delete' button with the text: 'Click to delete selected items'.

The format is: File name prefix + Minute (mm)
You can set up the file name prefix on Add media page.

Here is an example of the Event setting:



When completed the settings with steps 1~3 to arrange Schedule, Trigger, and Action of an event, click **Save event** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

The following is an example of the Event setting page:

Event											
Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Trigger	
intru_alarm	ON	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	00:00~24:00	motion	Delete
motiondetect	ON	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	00:00~24:00	motion	Delete

Server settings											
Name	Type	Address/Location									
False_NAS	ns	\JOCHEN-PC\False_NAS									

Media											
Available memory space: 18500KB											
Name	Type										
snapshots	snapshot										

Customized script											
Name	Date	Time									
Add											

When the Event Status is **ON**, once an event is triggered by motion detection, the Network Camera will automatically send snapshots via e-mail.

If you want to stop the event trigger, you can click **ON** to turn it to **OFF** status or click **Delete** to remove a previously-configured event setting.

To remove a server setting from the list, select a server name and click **Delete**. Note that only when the server setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

To remove a media setting from the list, select a media name and click **Delete**. Note that only when the media setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

Customized Script

This function allows you to upload a sample script (.xml file) to the webpage, which will save your time on configuring the settings. Please note that there is a limited number of customized scripts you can upload; if the current amount of customized scripts has reached the limit, an alert message will prompt. If you need more information, please contact VIVOTEK's technical support.

Customized Script

Name	Date	Time
User1	2013 04 13	18:13:46
User2	2013 04 13	18:11:32

Click to upload a file User1

Click to modify the script online

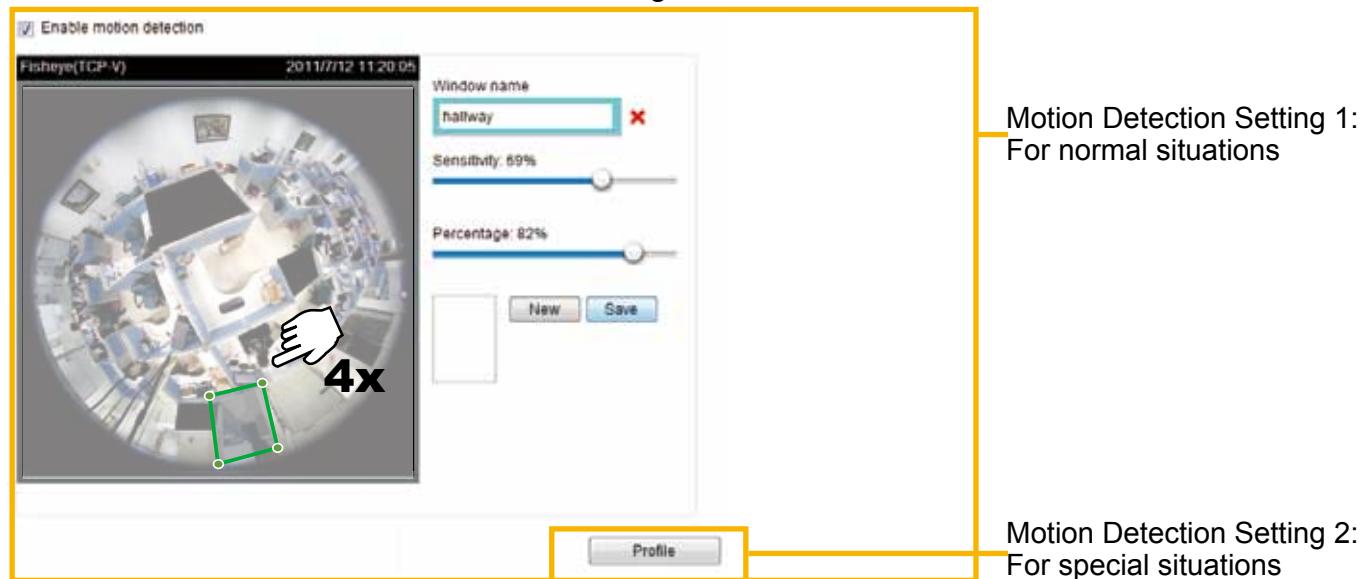
```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<eventmgr version="0102">
<maxprocess>1</maxprocess>
<!-- from 08:30:00-20:30:00 on Monday to Friday every week -->
<schedule id="0">
<duration>
<weekday>1-5</weekday>
<time>08:30:00-20:30:00</time>
</duration>
</schedule>
<!-- Motion -->
<motion condition="0">
<status id="0">trigger</status>
<status id="1">trigger</status>
</motion>
<event id="0">
<description>Mail system log to email address</description>
<condition>c0</condition>
<scheduleno>0c</scheduleno>
<delay>10</delay>
<!-- users can send email with title "Motion" to recipient pudding.yang@vivotek.com. The body of mail is the log messages -->
<process>
/usr/bin/smtpclient -s "Motion" -f IP7139@vivotek.com -b /var/log/messages -3 ms.vivotek.tw -M 3 pudding.yang@vivotek.com
</process>
<priority>0</priority>
</event>
</eventmgr>

```

Applications > Motion detection

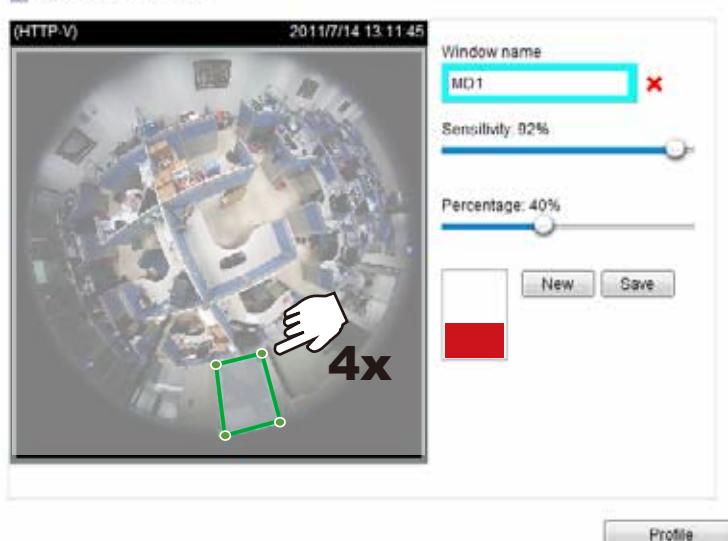
This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to enable motion detection. A total of five motion detection windows can be configured.



Follow the steps below to enable motion detection:

1. Click **New** to add a new motion detection window.
2. In the Window Name text box, enter a name for the motion detection window.
 - Use four mouse clicks to define the area where Motion Detection will take effect.
 - To change the four points of the rectangular, place your mouse cursor on any of it until it turns into a four-direction mark
3. Define the sensitivity to moving objects and the space ratio of all alerted pixels by moving the Sensitivity and Percentage slide bar.
4. Click **Save** to enable the settings.
5. Select **Enable motion detection** to enable this function.

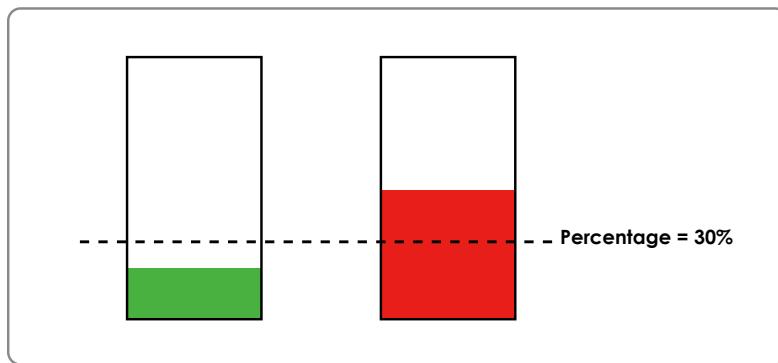
For example:



The Percentage Indicator will rise or fall depending on the variation between sequential images. When motions are detected by the Network Camera and are considered to have exceeded the defined threshold, the red bar rises. Meanwhile, the motion detection window will be outlined in red. Photos or videos can be captured instantly and configured to be sent to a remote server (Email, FTP) using this feature as a trigger source. For more information on how to set an event, please refer to Event settings

on page 113.

A green bar indicates that even though motions have been detected, the event has not been triggered because the image variations still fall under the defined threshold.



If you want to configure specific motion detection settings individually for day/night/schedule operations, please click **Profile** to open the Motion Detection Profile Settings page as shown below. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured on this page as well.

General settings

Enable this profile

This profile is applied to:

Day mode

Night mode

Schedule mode

Window name

Sensitivity: 0%

Percentage: 0%

New Save

Close Save

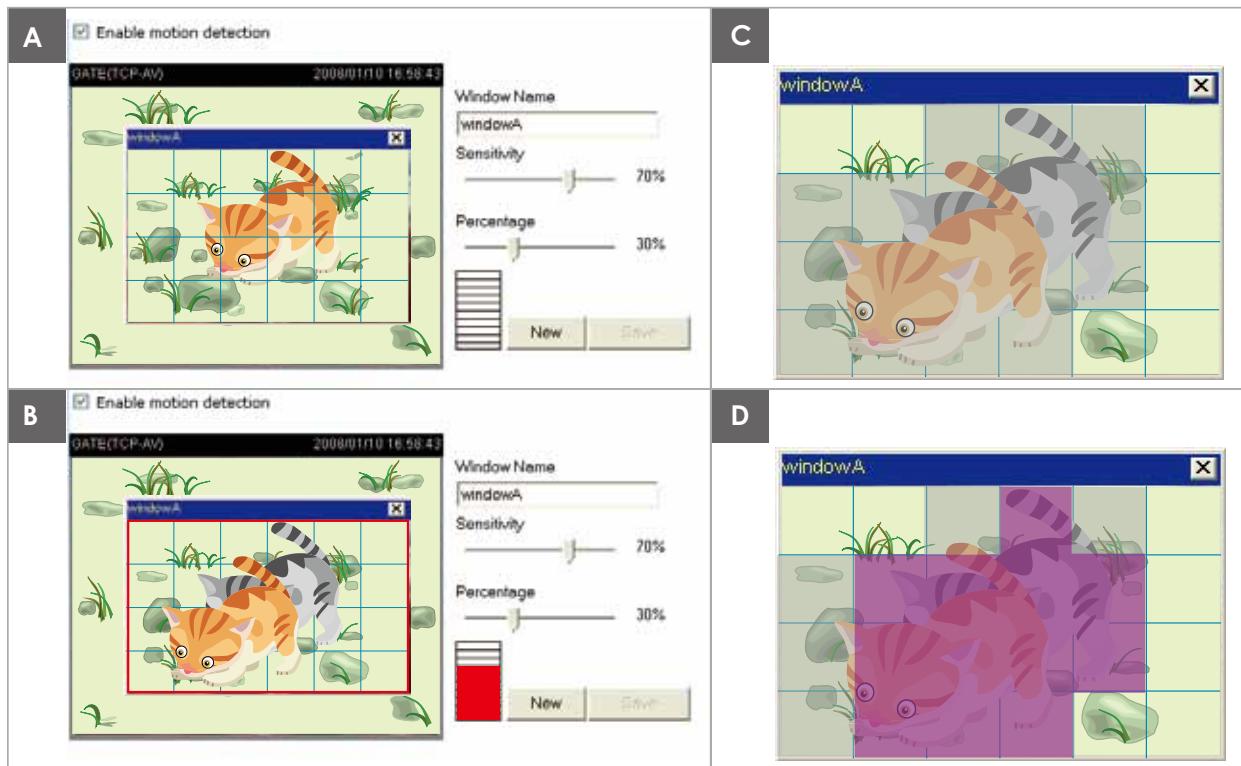
Please follow the steps below to set up a profile:

1. Create a new motion detection window.
2. Check **Enable this profile**.
3. Select the applicable mode: Day mode, Night mode, or Schedule mode. Please manually enter a time range if you prefer the Schedule mode.
4. Click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

This motion detection window will also be displayed on the Event settings page. You can go to Event > Event settings > Trigger to choose it as a trigger source. Please refer to page 114 for detailed information.

**NOTE:**

- How does motion detection work?



There are two motion detection parameters: Sensitivity and Percentage. In the illustration above, frame A and frame B are two sequential images. Pixel differences between the two frames are detected and highlighted in gray (frame C) and will be compared with the sensitivity setting. Sensitivity is a value that expresses the sensitivity to moving objects. Higher sensitivity settings are expected to detect slight movements while smaller sensitivity settings will neglect them. When the sensitivity is set to 70%, the Network Camera defines the pixels in the purple areas as "alerted pixels" (frame D).

Percentage is a value that expresses the proportion of "alerted pixels" to all pixels in the motion detection window. In this case, 50% of pixels are identified as "alerted pixels". When the percentage is set to 30%, the motions are judged to exceed the defined threshold; therefore, the motion window will be outlined in red.

*For applications that require a high level of security management, it is suggested to use **higher** sensitivity settings and **smaller** percentage values.*

Applications > DI and DO

Digital input	
Normal status:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> High <input type="radio"/> Low
Current status:	High
Digital output	
Normal status:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Open <input type="radio"/> Grounded
Current status:	Open
<input type="button" value="Save"/>	

Digital input: Select High or Low as the Normal status for the digital input. Connect the digital input pin of the Network Camera to an external device to detect the current connection status.

Digital output: Select Grounded or Open to define the normal status for the digital output. Connect the digital output pin of the Network Camera to an external device to determine the current status.

Set up the event source as DI on **Event > Event settings > Trigger**. Please refer to page 114 for detailed information.

Applications > Tampering detection

This section explains how to set up camera tamper detection. With tamper detection, the camera is capable of detecting incidents such as **redirection**, **blocking** or **defocusing**, or even **spray paint**.

Camera tampering detection	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable camera tampering detection	
Trigger duration	<input type="text" value="10"/> seconds [10~600]
<input type="button" value="Save"/>	

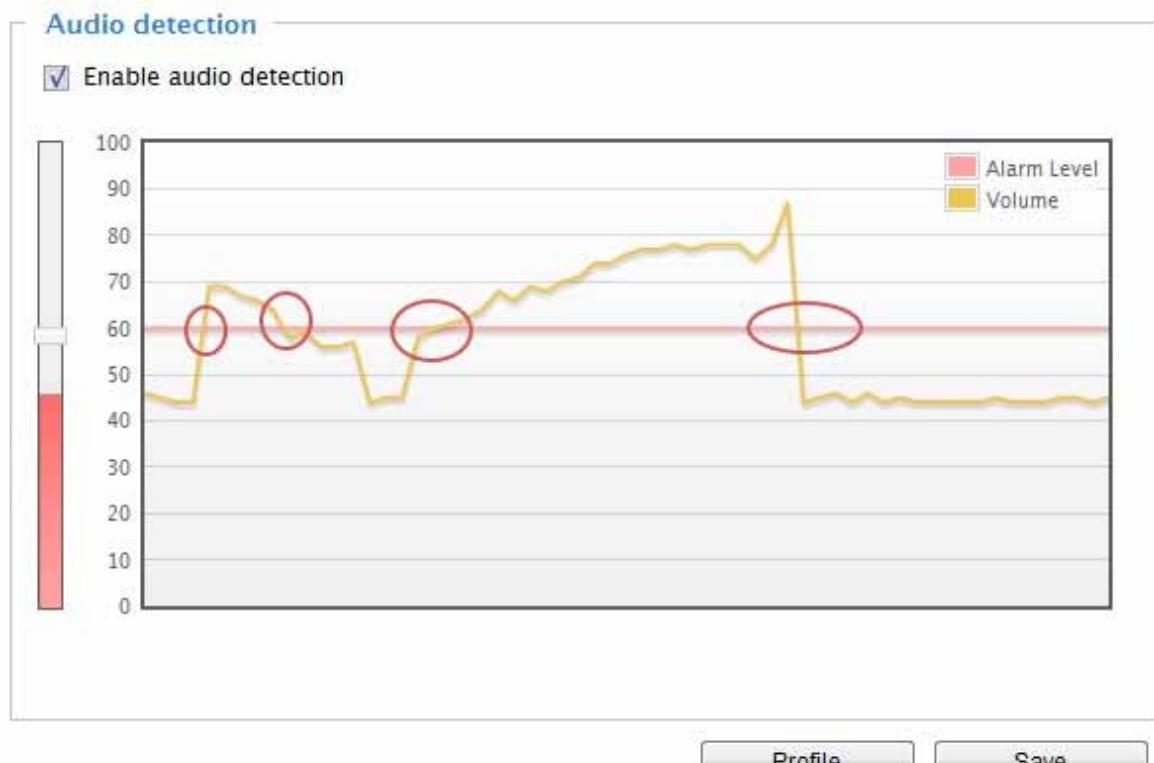
Please follow the steps below to set up the camera tamper detection function:

1. Check **Enable camera tampering detection**.
2. Enter the tamper trigger duration. (10 sec. ~ 10 min.) The tamper alarm will be triggered only when the tampering factor (the difference between current frame and pre-saved background) exceeds the trigger threshold.
3. Set up the event source as Camera Tampering Detection on **Event > Event settings > Trigger**. Please refer to page 114 for detailed information.

Applications > Audio detection

Audio detection, along with video motion detection, is applicable in the following scenarios:

1. Detection of activities not covered by camera view, e.g., a loud input by gun shots or breaking a door/window.
2. A usually noisy environment, such as a factory, suddenly becomes quiet due to a breakdown of machines.
3. A PTZ camera can be directed to turn to a preset point by the occurrence of audio events.
4. Dark environments where video motion detection may not function well.



The red circles indicate where the audio alarms can be triggered when breaching or falling below the preset threshold.

How to configure Audio detection:

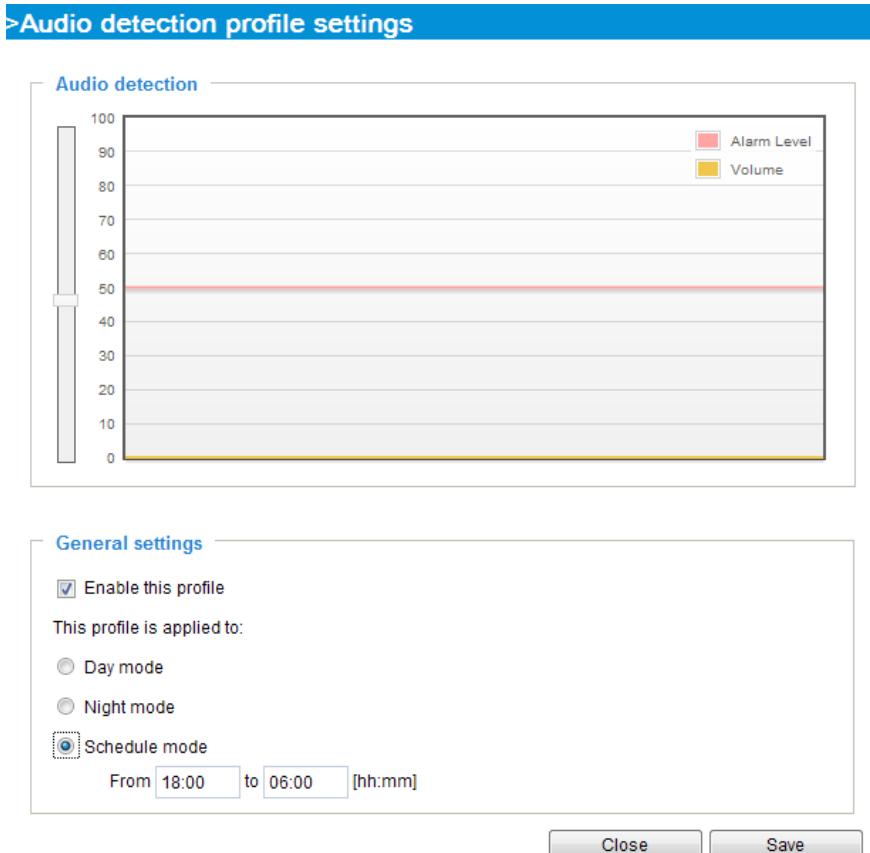
1. Once the Audio detection window is opened, the current sound input will be interactively indicated by a fluctuating yellow wave diagram.
2. Use a mouse click to drag the Alarm level tab to a preferred location on the slide bar.
3. Select the “Enable audio detection” checkbox and click Save to enable the feature.

NOTE:

1. Note that the volume numbers (0~100) on the side of wave diagram does not represent decibel (dB). Sound intensity level has already been mapped to preset values. You can, however, use the real-world inputs at your installation site that are shown on the wave diagram to configure an alarm level.
2. To configure this feature, you must not mute the audio in Configuration > Media > Audio. The default of the camera can be muted due to the lack of an internal microphone. An external microphone is provided by users.

You can use the **Profile** window to configure a different Audio detection setting. For example, a place can be noisy in the day time and become very quiet in the night.

1. Click on the **Enable this profile** checkbox. Once the Audio detection window is opened, the current sound input will be interactively indicated by a fluctuating yellow wave diagram.
2. Use a mouse click to drag the **Alarm level** tab to a preferred location on the slide bar.
3. Select the **Day**, **Night**, or **Schedule** mode check circles. You may also manually configure a period of time during which this profile will take effect.
4. Click **Save** and then click **Close** to complete your configuration.



⚠️ IMPORTANT:

- If the Alarm level and the received volume are set within a range of 20% on the wave diagram, frequent alarms will be triggered. It is recommended to set the Alarm level farther apart from the detected sound level.
- To configure and enable this feature, you **must not** configure video stream #1 into **Motion JPEG**. If an external microphone input is connected and recording of audio stream is preferred, audio stream is transmitted between camera and viewer/recording station **along with stream #1**.
- Refer to page 77 for Audio settings, and page 73 for video streaming settings.

Applications > VADP (VIVOTEK Application Development Platform)

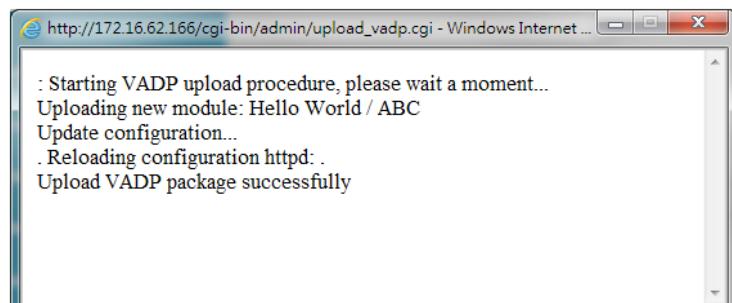
The screenshot shows the VADP application interface. It includes:

- Upload package:** A section with a checkbox for "Save to SD card", a "Select file" input field, a "Browse..." button, and an "Upload" button.
- Resource status:** A section displaying storage and SD card information:
 - Storage status:** storage_size: 10240 KBytes, Free size: 10240 KBytes
 - SD card status:** Detached, Total size: 0 KBytes, Free size: 0 KBytes, Used size: 0 KBytes, Use (%): 0 %
 - Memory status:** Total size: 24576 KBytes, Free size: 24576 KBytes
- Package list:** A table with columns: Module name, Vendor, Version, Status, License. Buttons below the table include Backup, Reload, Restore, Start, and Stop.

Users can store and execute VIVOTEK's or 3rd-party software modules onto the camera's flash memory or SD card. These software modules can apply in video analysis for intelligent video applications such as license plate recognition, object counting, or as an agent for edge recording, etc.

- Once the software package is successfully uploaded, the module configuration (vadp.xml) information is displayed. When uploading a module, the camera will examine whether the module fits the predefined VADP requirements. Please contact our technical support or the vendor of your 3rd-party module for the parameters contained within.
- Users can also run VIVOTEK's VADP packages as a means to access updated functionality instead of replacing the entire firmware.
- Note that for some cameras the flash is too small to hold VADP packages. These cameras will have its "Save to SD card" checkbox selected and grayed-out for all time.
- The file system of SD card (FAT32) does not support soft (symbolic) link. It will return failure if your module tries to create soft links on SD card.

To utilize a software module, acquire the software package and click **Browse** and **Upload** buttons. The screen message for a successful upload is shown below:



To start a module, select the checkcircle in front, and click the **Start** button.

Package list

Module name	Vendor	Version	Status	License	Download
Hello World	ABC	1.0.0	ON	yes	

Backup Reload Restore Start Stop

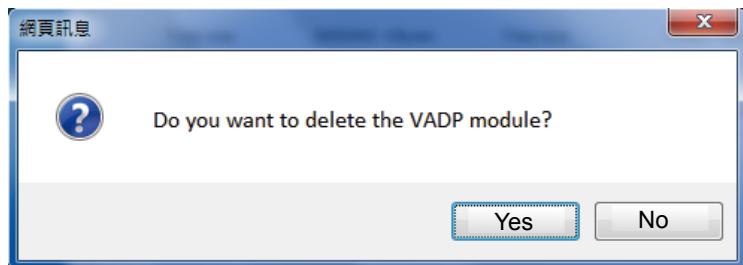
If you should need to remove a module, select the checkcircle in front and then click the **Stop** button. By then the module status will become **OFF**, and the **X** button will appear at the end of the row. Click on the **X** button to remove an existing module.

Package list

Module name	Vendor	Version	Status	License	Download
Hello World	ABC	1.0.0	ON	no	

Backup Reload Restore Start Stop

When prompted by a confirm message, Click **Yes** to proceed.



Note that the actual memory consumed while operating the module will be indicated on the **Memory status** field. This helps determine whether a running module has consumed too much of system resources.

Recording > Recording settings

This section explains how to configure the recording settings for the Network Camera.

Recording Settings

Insert your SD card and click here to test

Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Source	Destination	Delete
Add	SD test											



NOTE:

Please remember to format your SD card when used for the first time. Please refer to page 147 for detailed information.

Recording Settings

Click **Add** to open the recording setting window. On this page, you can define the adaptive recording, recording source, recording schedule, and recording capacity. A total of 2 recording settings can be configured.

Recording name:

Enable this recording

With adaptive recording

Pre-event recording:
 seconds [0~9]

Post-event recording:
 seconds [0~10]

Priority:

Source:

Trigger

1. Trigger
2. Destination

Schedule

Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat

Always

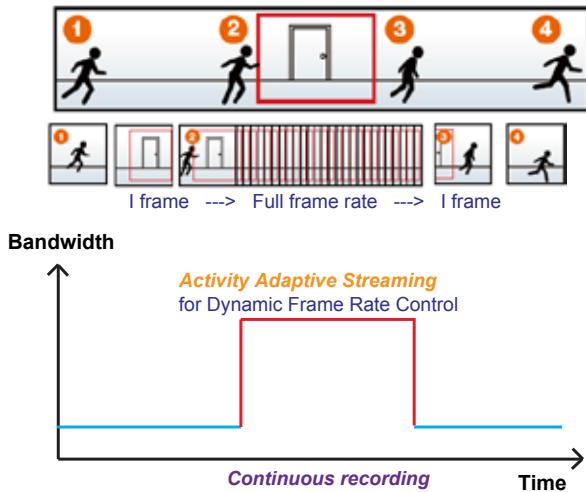
From to [hh:mm]

Network fail

Note: To enable recording notification please configure [Event](#) first

- Recording name: Enter a name for the recording setting.
- Enable this recording: Select this option to enable video recording.
- With adaptive recording:
Select this option will activate the frame rate control according to alarm trigger. The frame control means that when there is a triggered alarm/event, the frame rate will raise up to the value you've set on the Stream setting page. Please refer to page 73 for more information.

If you enable adaptive recording on Camera A, only when an event is triggered on Camera A will the server record the streaming data in full frame rate; otherwise, it will only request the I frame data during normal monitoring, thus effectively save lots of bandwidths and storage.



NOTE:

- ▶ To enable adaptive recording, please make sure you've set up the triggering sources such as Motion Detection, DI Device, or Manual Trigger.
- ▶ When there is no alarm trigger:
 - JPEG mode: record 1 frame per second.
 - H.264 mode: record the I frame only.
 - MPEG-4 mode: record the I frame only.
- ▶ When the Intra frame period has been set to larger than >1s on Video settings page, the Intra frame period will be forced into 1s when the adaptive recording is activated.

The alarm trigger includes: motion detection and DI detection. Please refer to Event settings on page 113.

■ Pre-event recording and post-event recording

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide the duration of recording before and after a trigger is activated.

■ Priority: Select the relative importance of this recording (High, Normal, or Low). Recording with a higher priority setting will be executed first.

■ Source: Select a stream for the recording source.



NOTE:

- ▶ To enable adaptive recording, please also **enable time shift caching stream** and **select a caching stream** on Media > Video > Stream settings. Please refer to page 73 for detailed instruction.
- ▶ To enable recording notification please configure **Event settings** first. Please refer to page 113.

Please follow steps 1~2 below to set up the recording:

1. Trigger

Select a trigger source.

Trigger

Schedule

Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat

Time

Always

From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]

Network fail

- Schedule: The server will start to record files on the local storage or network attached storage (NAS).
- Network fail: Since network fail, the server will start to record files onto the local storage (SD card).

2. Destination

You can select the SD card or network storage (NAS) for the recorded video files.

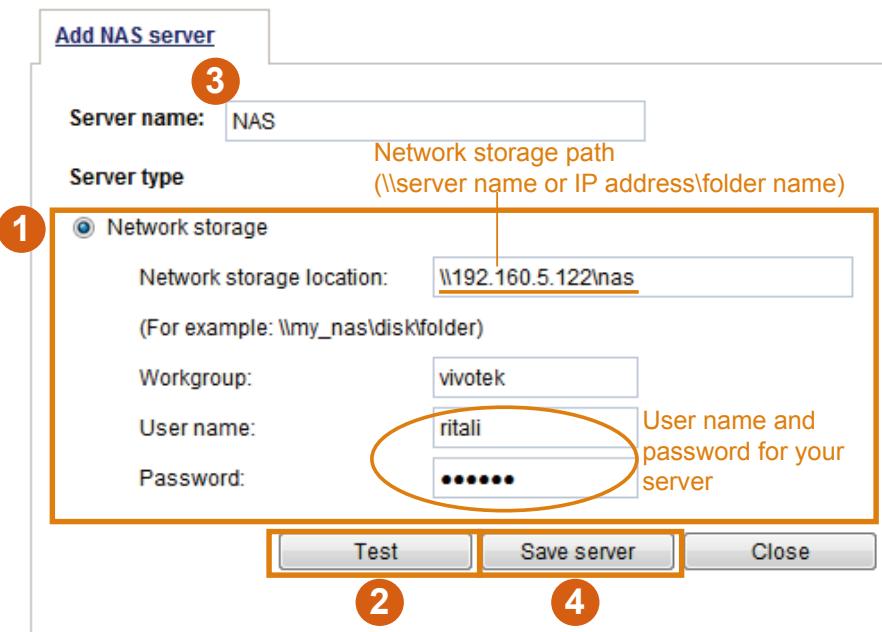


NAS server

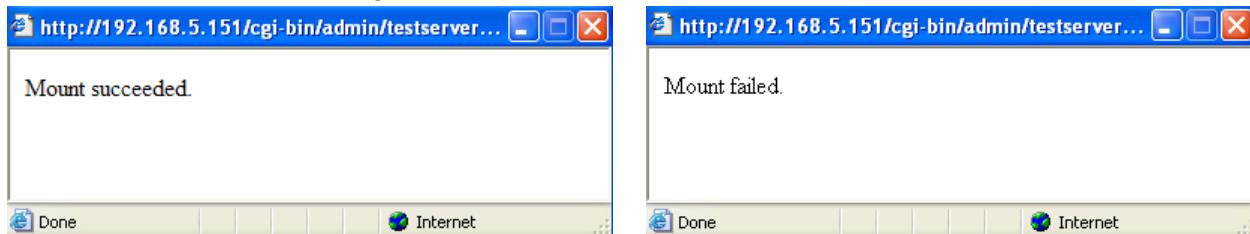
Click **Add NAS server** to open the server setting window and follow the steps below to set up:

1. Fill in the information for the access to the shared networked storage.

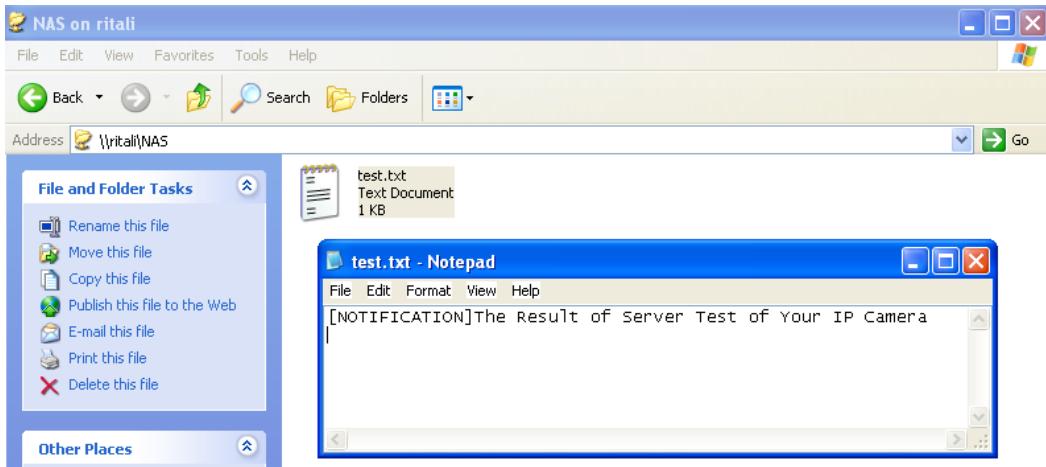
For example:



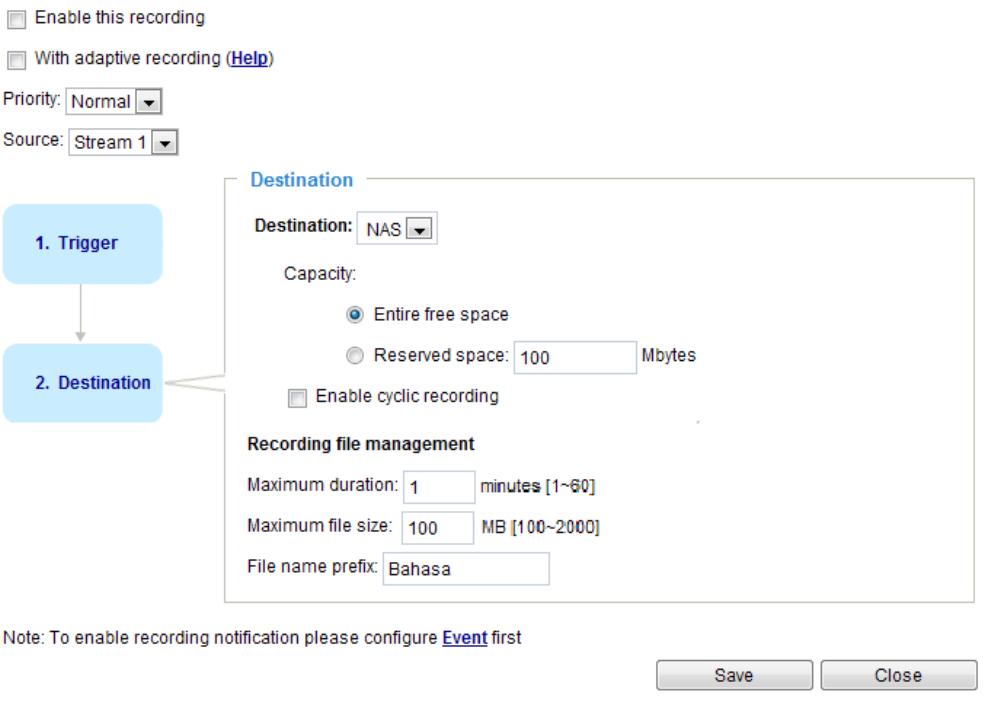
2. Click **Test** to check the setting. The result will be shown in the pop-up window.



If successful, you will receive a test.txt file on the networked storage server.



3. Enter a server name.
4. Click **Save** to complete the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.



- Capacity: You can either choose the entire available space or impose a reserved space. The **Reserved space** should be of the size of at least **15MBytes**. The reserved space can be used as a safe buffer especially when the cyclic recording function is enabled, during the transaction stage when a storage space is full and the incoming streaming data is about to overwrite the previously saved videos.
- File name prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.
- Enable cyclic recording: If you check this item, when the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest one.

Recording file management

- Maximum duration: This determines the length of each recorded video, applicable from 1 to 60 minutes.
- Maximum file size: This determines the file size of each concluded recording. The applicable sizes

range from 100 to 2000 Megabytes.

- File name prefix: Enter a name for each recorded video.

If you want to enable recording notification, please click **Event** to set up. Please refer to **Event > Event settings** on page 113 for more details.

When completed, select **Enable this recording**. Click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit this page. When the system begins recording, it will send the recorded files to the network storage or SD card. The new recording name will appear on the recording page as shown below.

To remove an existing recording setting from the list, single-click to select it and click **Delete**.

Recording settings												
Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Source	Destination	Delete
Video	ON	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	00:00~24:00	stream1	SD	Delete
Add SD test												

- **Video (Name)**: Click to open the Recording settings page to modify.
- **ON (Status)**: Click to manually adjust the Status. (**ON**: start recording; **OFF**: stop recording)
- **NAS or SD (Destination)**: Click to open the file list of recordings as shown below. For more information about folder naming rules, please refer to page 125 for details.

Local storage > SD card management

This section explains how to manage the local storage on the Network Camera. Here you can view SD card status, and implement SD card control.

SD card status

This column shows the status and reserved space of your SD card. Please remember to format the SD card when using for the first time.

SD card status

SD card status:	Detached	no SD card		
Total size:	0 KBytes	Free size:	0 KBytes	
Used size:	0 KBytes	Use (%):	0 %	
Format				

SD card status

SD card status:	Ready		
Total size:	7810152 KBytes	Free size:	7602048 KBytes
Used size:	208104 KBytes	Use (%):	2.665 %
Format			

SD card control

SD card control

<input type="checkbox"/> Enable cyclic storage
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable automatic disk cleanup
Maximum duration for keeping files: <input type="text" value="7"/> days
Save

- **Enable cyclic storage:** Check this item if you want to enable cyclic recording. When recording uses up all capacity, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest file.
- **Enable automatic disk cleanup:** Check this item and enter the number of days you wish to retain a file. For example, if you enter “7 days”, the recorded files will be stored on the SD card for 7 days.

When all settings are completed, click **Save** to enable your settings.

Local storage > Content management

This section explains how to manage the content of recorded videos on the Network Camera. Here you can search and view the records and view the searched results.

Searching and Viewing the Records

This column allows the user to set up search criteria for recorded data. If you do not select any criteria and click **Search** button, all recorded data will be listed in the **Search Results** column.

Searching and viewing the records

File attributes

Trigger type:	<input type="checkbox"/> System boot	<input type="checkbox"/> Recording notify	<input type="checkbox"/> Motion
	<input type="checkbox"/> Digital input	<input type="checkbox"/> Network fail	<input type="checkbox"/> Periodically
	<input type="checkbox"/> Manual triggers	<input type="checkbox"/> Tampering detection	
	<input type="checkbox"/> VADP	<input type="checkbox"/> Audio detection	
Media type:	<input type="checkbox"/> Video clip	<input type="checkbox"/> Snapshot	<input type="checkbox"/> Text
Locked:	<input type="checkbox"/> Locked	<input type="checkbox"/> Unlocked	
Backup:	<input type="checkbox"/> Backup		

Trigger time

From:	Date	<input type="text"/>	Time	<input type="text"/>
to:	Date	<input type="text"/>	Time	<input type="text"/>
		(yyyy-mm-dd)		(hh:mm:ss)

Search

- File attributes: Select one or more items as your search criteria.
- Trigger time: Manually enter the time range you want to search.

Click **Search** and the recorded data corresponding to the search criteria will be listed in **Search Results** window.

Search Results

The following is an example of search results. There are four columns: Trigger time, Media type, Trigger type, and Locked. Click  to sort the search results in either direction.

Numbers of entries displayed on one page

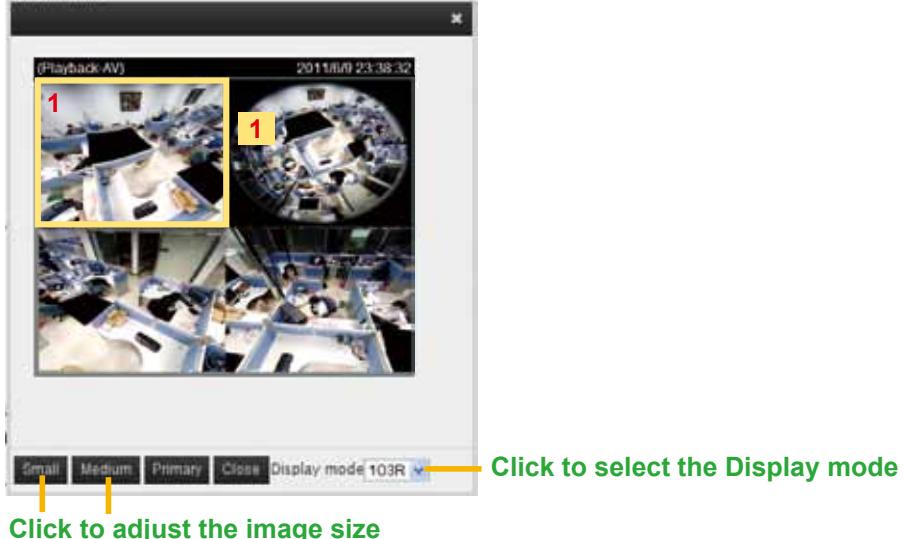
Enter a key word to filter the search results

Highlight an item

Search results					
	Trigger time	Media Type	Trigger type	Locked	Backup
<input type="checkbox"/>	2010-08-26 10:42:55	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No
<input type="checkbox"/>	2010-08-26 10:43:56	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No
<input type="checkbox"/>	2010-08-26 10:44:56	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No
<input type="checkbox"/>	2010-08-26 10:45:57	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No
<input type="checkbox"/>	2010-08-26 10:46:58	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No
<input type="checkbox"/>	2010-08-26 10:47:59	Video Clip	Periodically	No	No

- View: Click on a search result which will highlight the selected item in purple as shown above. Click the **View** button and a media window will pop up to play back the selected file.

For example:



- Download: Click on a search result to highlight the selected item in purple as shown above. Then click the **Download** button and a file download window will pop up for you to save the file.

- JPEGs to AVI: This function only applies to “JPEG” format files such as snapshots. You can select several snapshots from the list, then click this button. Those snapshots will be converted into an AVI file.
- Lock/Unlock: Select the desired search results, then click this button. The selected items will become Locked, which will not be deleted during cyclic recording. You can click again to unlock the selections. For example:

Search results

	Trigger time	Media type	Trigger type	Locked	Backup
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2012-07-11 17:56:12	Video clip	Boot	Yes	No
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2012-07-11 17:35:10	Snapshot	Boot	Yes	No
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2012-07-11 17:35:10	Snapshot	Boot	Yes	No
<input type="checkbox"/>	2012-07-11 17:35:10	Snapshot	Boot	No	No
<input type="checkbox"/>	2012-07-11 17:35:10	Snapshot	Boot	No	No
<input type="checkbox"/>	2012-07-11 17:35:10	Snapshot	Boot	No	No

Showing 1 to 6 of 6 entries

Click to browse pages

View Download JPEGs to AVI Lock/Unlock Remove

Note: "View" and "Download" only apply to the highlight item

- Remove: Select the desired search results, then click this button to delete the files.

Appendix

URL Commands for the Network Camera

1. Overview

For some customers who already have their own web site or web control application, the Network Camera/Video Server can be easily integrated through URL syntax. This section specifies the external HTTP-based application programming interface. The HTTP-based camera interface provides the functionality to request a single image, control camera functions (PTZ, output relay etc.), and get and set internal parameter values. The image and CGI-requests are handled by the built-in Web server.

2. Style Convention

In URL syntax and in descriptions of CGI parameters, text within angle brackets denotes content that is to be replaced with either a value or a string. When replacing the text string, the angle brackets should also be replaced. An example of this is the description of the name for the server, denoted with <servername> in the URL syntax description below, that is replaced with the string myserver in the URL syntax example further down in the page.

URL syntax is denoted with the word "Syntax:" written in bold face followed by a box with the referenced syntax as shown below. For example, name of the server is written as <servername> and is intended to be replaced with the name of the actual server. This can either be a name, e.g., "mywebcam" or "thecam.adomain.net" or the associated IP number for the server, e.g., 192.168.0.220.

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg
```

Description of returned data is written with "Return:" in bold face followed by the returned data in a box. All data is returned in HTTP format, i.e., each line is separated with a Carriage Return and Line Feed (CRLF) printed as \r\n.

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n
```

URL syntax examples are written with "Example:" in bold face followed by a short description and a light grey box with the example.

Example: request a single snapshot image

```
http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg
```

3. General CGI URL Syntax and Parameters

CGI parameters are written in lower-case and as one word without any underscores or other separators. When the CGI request includes internal camera parameters, these parameters must be written exactly as they are named in the camera or video server. The CGIs are organized in functionally-related directories under the cgi-bin directory. The file extension .cgi is required.

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/<subdir>[/<subdir>...]/<cgi>.<ext>
[?<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]]
```

Example: Set digital output #1 to active

<http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?dol=1>

4. Security Level

SECURITY LEVEL	SUB-DIRECTORY	DESCRIPTION
0	anonymous	Unprotected.
1 [view]	anonymous, viewer, dido, camctrl	1. Can view, listen, talk to camera. 2. Can control DI/DO, PTZ of the camera.
4 [operator]	anonymous, viewer, dido, camctrl, operator	Operator access rights can modify most of the camera's parameters except some privileges and network options.
6 [admin]	anonymous, viewer, dido, camctrl, operator, admin	Administrator access rights can fully control the camera's operations.
7	N/A	Internal parameters. Unable to be changed by any external interfaces.

5. Get Server Parameter Values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/anonymous/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]
[&<parameter>...]
```



```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]
```

```
[&<parameter>...]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/getparam.cgi? [<parameter>]
[&<parameter>...]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi? [<parameter>]
[&<parameter>...]
```

Where the <parameter> should be <group>[_<name>] or <group>[.<name>]. If you do not specify any parameters, all the parameters on the server will be returned. If you specify only <group>, the parameters of the related group will be returned.

When querying parameter values, the current parameter values are returned.

A successful control request returns parameter pairs as follows:

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/html\r\n
Content-Length: <length>\r\n
\r\n
<parameter pair>
```

where <parameter pair> is

```
<parameter>=<value>\r\n
[<parameter pair>]
```

<length> is the actual length of content.

Example: Request IP address and its response

Request:

```
http://192.168.0.123/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?network_ipaddress
```

Response:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/html\r\n
Content-Length: 33\r\n
\r\n
network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n
```

6. Set Server Parameter Values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/anonymous/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>][&return=<return page>]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
<group>_<name>	value to assigned	Assign <value> to the parameter <group>_<name>.
update	<boolean>	Set to 1 to update all fields (no need to update parameter in each group).
return	<return page>	<p>Redirect to the page <return page> after the parameter is assigned. The <return page> can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.</p> <p>(Note: The return page can be a general HTML file (.htm, .html) or a VIVOTEK server script executable (.vspx) file. It cannot be a CGI command or have any extra parameters. This parameter must be placed at the end of the parameter list)</p>

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/html\r\n
Content-Length: <length>\r\n
\r\n
<parameter pair>
```

where <parameter pair> is

<parameter>=<value>\r\n

[<parameter pair>]

Only the parameters that you set and are readable will be returned.

Example: Set the IP address of server to 192.168.0.123:

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi?network_ipaddress=192.168.0.123

Response:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n

Context-Length: 33\r\n

\r\n

network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

7. Available parameters on the server

Valid values:

VALID VALUES	DESCRIPTION
string[<n>]	Text strings shorter than 'n' characters. The characters "'; <,>,& are invalid.
string[n~m]	Text strings longer than `n` characters and shorter than `m` characters. The characters "'; <,>,& are invalid.
password[<n>]	The same as string but displays '*' instead.
integer	Any number between (-2 ³¹ - 1) and (2 ³¹ - 1).
positive integer	Any number between 0 and (2 ³² - 1).
<m> ~ <n>	Any number between 'm' and 'n'.
domain name[<n>]	A string limited to a domain name shorter than 'n' characters (eg. www.ibm.com).
email address [<n>]	A string limited to an email address shorter than 'n' characters (eg. joe@www.ibm.com).
ip address	A string limited to an IP address (eg. 192.168.1.1).
mac address	A string limited to contain a MAC address without hyphens or colons.
boolean	A boolean value of 1 or 0 represents [Yes or No], [True or False], [Enable or Disable].
<value1>, <value2>, <value3>, ...	Enumeration. Only given values are valid.
blank	A blank string.

everything inside <>	A description
integer primary key	SQLite data type. A 32-bit signed integer. The value is assigned a unique integer by the server.
text	SQLite data type. The value is a text string, stored using the database encoding (UTF-8, UTF-16BE or UTF-16-LE).
coordinate	x, y coordinate (eg. 0,0)
window size	window width and height (eg. 800x600)

NOTE: The camera should not be restarted when parameters are changed.

7.1 system

Group: **system**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
hostname	string[64]	Mega-Pixel Network Camera	1/6	Host name of server (Network Camera, Wireless Network Camera, Video Server, Wireless Video Server).
ledoff	<boolean>	0	6/6	Turn on (0) or turn off (1) all led indicators.
lowlight	<boolean>	1	6/6	Turn on white light LED under all conditions. Only turn on white light LED in low light conditions. (product dependent)
date	<YYYY/MM/DD>, keep, auto	<current date>	6/6	Current date of system. Set to 'keep' to keep date unchanged. Set to 'auto' to use NTP to synchronize date.
time	<hh:mm:ss>, keep, auto	<current time>	6/6	Current time of the system. Set to 'keep' to keep time unchanged. Set to 'auto' to use NTP to synchronize time.
datetime	<MMDDhh mmYYYY.ss>	<blank>	6/6	Another current time format of the system.

ntp	<domain name>, <ip address>, <blank>	<blank>	6/6	NTP server. *Do not use "skip to invoke default server" for default value.
timezoneindex	-489 ~ 529	320	6/6	Indicate timezone and area. -480: GMT-12:00 Eniwetok, Kwajalein -440: GMT-11:00 Midway Island, Samoa -400: GMT-10:00 Hawaii -360: GMT-09:00 Alaska -320: GMT-08:00 Las Vegas, San_Francisco, Vancouver -280: GMT-07:00 Mountain Time, Denver -281: GMT-07:00 Arizona -240: GMT-06:00 Central America, Central Time, Mexico City, Saskatchewan -200: GMT-05:00 Eastern Time, New York, Toronto -201: GMT-05:00 Bogota, Lima, Quito, Indiana -180: GMT-04:30 Caracas -160: GMT-04:00 Atlantic Time, Canada, La Paz, Santiago -140: GMT-03:30 Newfoundland -120: GMT-03:00 Brasilia, Buenos Aires, Georgetown, Greenland -80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -40: GMT-01:00 Azores, Cape_Verde_IS. 0: GMT Casablanca, Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 40: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm,

				Vienna, Madrid, Paris 41: GMT 01:00 Warsaw, Budapest, Bern 80: GMT 02:00 Athens, Helsinki, Istanbul, Riga 81: GMT 02:00 Cairo 82: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:00 Baghdad, Kuwait, Riyadh, Moscow, St. Petersburg, Nairobi 121: GMT 03:00 Iraq 140: GMT 03:30 Tehran 160: GMT 04:00 Abu Dhabi, Muscat, Baku, Tbilisi, Yerevan 180: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:00 Ekaterinburg, Islamabad, Karachi, Tashkent 220: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 230: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu 240: GMT 06:00 Almaty, Novosibirsk, Astana, Dhaka, Sri Jayawardene pura 260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon 280: GMT 07:00 Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta, Krasnoyarsk 320: GMT 08:00 Beijing, Chongqing, Hong Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei 360: GMT 09:00 Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo, Seoul, Yakutsk 380: GMT 09:30 Adelaide, Darwin 400: GMT 10:00 Brisbane, Canberra, Melbourne, Sydney, Guam, Vladivostok 440: GMT 11:00 Magadan, Solomon Is., New Caledonia
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				480: GMT 12:00 Auckland, Wellington, Fiji, Kamchatka, Marshall Is. 520: GMT 13:00 Nuku'Alofa
daylight_enable	<boolean>	0	6/6	Enable automatic daylight saving time in time zone.
daylight_dstactualmode	<boolean>	1	6/7	Check if current time is under daylight saving time. (Used internally)
daylight_auto_begintime	string[19]	NONE	6/7	Display the current daylight saving start time.
daylight_auto_endtime	string[19]	NONE	6/7	Display the current daylight saving end time.
daylight_timezones	string	, -360, -320, -280, -240, -241, -200, -201, -160, -140, -120, -80, -40, 0, 40, 41, 80, 81, 82, 83, 120, 140, 380, 400, 48 0	6/6	List time zone index which support daylight saving time.
updateinterval	0, 3600, 86400, 604800, 2592000	0	6/6	0 to Disable automatic time adjustment, otherwise, it indicates the seconds between NTP automatic update intervals.
restore	0, <positive integer>	N/A	7/6	Restore the system parameters to default values after <value> seconds.
reset	-1, 0, <positive integer>	N/A	7/6	Restart the server after <value> seconds if <value> is non-negative.
restoreexceptnet	<Any value>	N/A	7/6	Restore the system parameters to default values except (ipaddress, subnet, router, dns1, dns2, pppoe). This command can cooperate

				with other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands. When cooperating with others, the system parameters will be restored to the default value except for a union of the combined results.
restoreexceptdst	<Any value>	N/A	7/6	Restore the system parameters to default values except all daylight saving time settings. This command can cooperate with other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands. When cooperating with others, the system parameters will be restored to default values except for a union of combined results.
restoreexceptlang	<Any Value>	N/A	7/6	Restore the system parameters to default values except the custom language file the user has uploaded. This command can cooperate with other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands. When cooperating with others, the system parameters will be restored to the default value except for a union of the combined results.
restoreexceptvadp	<integer>	N/A	99/6	Restore the system parameters to default values except the vadp parameters and VADP modules that stored in the system. This command can cooperate with other "restoreexceptXYZ" commands. When cooperating with others, the system parameters will be restored to the default value except for a union of the combined results.

7.1.1 system.info

Subgroup of **system: info** (The fields in this group are unchangeable.)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
modelname	string[40]	FE8181	0/7	Internal model name of the server (eg. IP7139)
extendedmodelname	string[40]	FE8181	0/7	ODM specific model name of server (eg. DCS-5610). If it is not an ODM model, this field will be equal to "modelname"
serialnumber	<mac address>	<product mac address>	0/7	12 characters MAC address (without hyphens).
firmwareversion	string[40]	<product dependent >	0/7	Firmware version, including model, company, and version number in the format: <MODEL-BRAND-VERSION>
language_count	<integer>	9	0/7	Number of webpage languages available on the server.
language_i<0~(count-1)>	string[16]	<product dependent >	0/7	Available language lists.
customlanguage_maxcount	<integer>	1	0/6	Maximum number of custom languages supported on the server.
customlanguage_count	<integer>	0	0/6	Number of custom languages which have been uploaded to the server.
customlanguage_i<0~(maxcount-1)>	string	<blank>	0/6	Custom language name.

7.2 status

Group: **status**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
videoactualmodulation <product dependent>	ntsc, pal	1	4/7	The actual modulation type (videoin.type=0).
di_i<0~(ndi-1)> <product dependent>	<boolean>	0	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal 1 => Active, triggered (capability.ndi > 0)
do_i<0~(ndo-1)> <product dependent>	<boolean>	0	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal 1 => Active, triggered (capability.ndo > 0)
daynight <product dependent>	day, night	<product dependent>	7/7	Current status of day, night.
onlinenum_rtsp	integer	0	1/1	Current number of RTSP connections.
onlinenum_httppush	integer	0	1/1	Current number of HTTP push server connections.
eth_i0	<string>	<product dependent>	1/7	Get network information from mii-tool.
vi_i<0~(nvi-1)> <product dependent>	<boolean>	0	1/7	Virtual input 0 => Inactive 1 => Active (capability.nvi > 0)

7.3 digital input behavior define

Group: **di_i<0~(ndi-1)> (capability.ndi > 0)**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
normalstate	high, low	high	1/1	Indicates open circuit or closed circuit (inactive status)

7.4 digital output behavior define

Group: **do_i<0~(ndo-1)>** (**capability.ndo > 0**)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
normalstate	open, grounded	open	1/1	Indicate open circuit or closed circuit (inactive status)

7.5 security

Group: security

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
privilege_do <product dependent>	view, operator, admin	operator	6/6	Indicate which privileges and above can control digital output (capability.ndo > 0)
privilege_camctrl <product dependent>	view, operator, admin	view	6/6	Indicate which privileges and above can control PTZ (capability.ptzenabled > 0 or capability.eptz > 0)
user_i0_name	string[64]	root	6/7	User name of root
user_i<1~20>_name	string[64]	<blank>	6/7	User name
user_i0_pass	password[64]	<blank>	6/6	Root password
user_i<1~20>_pass	password[64]	<blank>	7/6	User password
user_i0_privilege	view, operator, admin	admin	6/7	Root privilege
user_i<1~20>_privilege	view, operator, admin	<blank>	6/6	User privilege

7.6 network

Group: **network**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
preprocess	<positive integer>	<blank>	6/6	<p>An 32-bit integer, each bit can be set separately as follows:</p> <p>Bit 0 => HTTP service; Bit 1=> HTTPS service; Bit 2=> FTP service; Bit 3 => Two way audio and RTSP Streaming service;</p> <p>To stop service before changing its port settings. It's recommended to set this parameter when change a service port to the port occupied by another service currently. Otherwise, the service may fail.</p> <p>Stopped service will auto-start after changing port settings.</p> <p>Ex:</p> <p>Change HTTP port from 80 to 5556, and change RTP port for video from 5556 to 20480.</p> <p>Then, set preprocess=9 to stop both service first.</p> <p>"/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi?network_preprocess=9&network_http_port=5556& network_rtp_videoport=20480"</p>
type	lan, pppoe <product dependent>	lan	6/6	Network connection type.
resetip	<boolean>	1	6/6	<p>1 => Get ipaddress, subnet, router, dns1, dns2 from DHCP server at next reboot.</p> <p>0 => Use preset ipaddress, subnet, rounter, dns1, and dns2.</p>
ipaddress	<ip address>	<product dependent>	6/6	IP address of server.
subnet	<ip address>	<blank>	6/6	Subnet mask.

router	<ip address>	<blank>	6/6	Default gateway.
dns1	<ip address>	<blank>	6/6	Primary DNS server.
dns2	<ip address>	<blank>	6/6	Secondary DNS server.
wins1	<ip address>	<blank>	6/6	Primary WINS server.
wins2	<ip address>	<blank>	6/6	Secondary WINS server.

7.6.1 802.1x

Subgroup of **network: ieee** (capability.protocol.ieee8021x > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	6/6	Enable/disable IEEE 802.1x
eapmethod	eap-peap, eap-tls	eap-peap	6/6	Selected EAP method
identity_peap	String[64]	<blank>	6/6	PEAP identity
identity_tls	String[64]	<blank>	6/6	TLS identity
password	String[253]	<blank>	6/6	Password for TLS
privatekeypassword	String[253]	<blank>	6/6	Password for PEAP
ca_exist	<boolean>	0	6/6	CA installed flag
ca_time	<integer>	0	6/7	CA installed time. Represented in EPOCH
ca_size	<integer>	0	6/7	CA file size (in bytes)
certificate_exist	<boolean>	0	6/6	Certificate installed flag (for TLS)
certificate_time	<integer>	0	6/7	Certificate installed time. Represented in EPOCH
certificate_size	<integer>	0	6/7	Certificate file size (in bytes)
privatekey_exist	<boolean>	0	6/6	Private key installed flag (for TLS)
privatekey_time	<integer>	0	6/7	Private key installed time. Represented in EPOCH
privatekey_size	<integer>	0	6/7	Private key file size (in bytes)

7.6.2 QOS

Subgroup of **network: qos_cos** (capability.protocol.qos.cos > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	6/6	Enable/disable CoS (IEEE 802.1p)
vlanid	1~4095	1	6/6	VLAN ID
video	0~7	0	6/6	Video channel for CoS
audio <product dependent>	0~7	0	6/6	Audio channel for CoS (capability.naudio > 0)
eventalarm	0~7	0	6/6	Event/alarm channel for CoS
management	0~7	0	6/6	Management channel for CoS
eventtunnel	0~7	0	6/6	Event/Control channel for CoS

Subgroup of **network: qos_dscp** (capability.protocol.qos.dscp > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	6/6	Enable/disable DSCP
video	0~63	0	6/6	Video channel for DSCP
audio	0~63	0	6/6	Audio channel for DSCP (capability.naudio > 0)
eventalarm	0~63	0	6/6	Event/alarm channel for DSCP
management	0~63	0	6/6	Management channel for DSCP
eventtunnel	0~63	0	6/6	Event/Control channel for DSCP

7.6.3 IPV6

Subgroup of **network: ipv6** (capability.protocol.ipv6 > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	6/6	Enable IPv6.
addonipaddress	<ip address>	<blank>	6/6	IPv6 IP address.
addonprefixlen	0~128	64	6/6	IPv6 prefix length.
addonrouter	<ip address>	<blank>	6/6	IPv6 router address.
addondns	<ip address>	<blank>	6/6	IPv6 DNS address.
allowoptional	<boolean>	0	6/6	Allow manually setup of IP address setting.

7.6.4 FTP

Subgroup of **network: ftp**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	21, 1025~65535	21	6/6	Local ftp server port.

7.6.5 HTTP

Subgroup of **network: http**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	80, 1025 ~ 65535	80	1/6	HTTP port.
alternateport	1025~65535	8080	6/6	Alternate HTTP port.
authmode	basic, digest	basic	1/6	HTTP authentication mode.
s0_accessname	string[32]	video.mjpg	1/6	HTTP server push access name for stream 1. (capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and capability.nmediastream > 0)
s1_accessname <product dependent>	string[32]	video2.mjpg	1/6	HTTP server push access name for stream 2. (capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and capability.nmediastream > 1)
s2_accessname <product dependent>	string[32]	video3.mjpg	1/6	Http server push access name for stream 3 (capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and capability.nmediastream > 2)
anonymousviewing	<boolean>	0	1/6	Enable anonymous streaming viewing.

7.6.6 HTTPS port

Subgroup of **network**: **https_port** (`capability.protocol.https > 0`)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	443, 1025 ~ 65535	443	1/6	HTTPS port.

7.6.7 RTSP

Subgroup of **network**: **rtsp** (`capability.protocol.rtsp > 0`)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	554, 1025 ~ 65535	554	1/6	RTSP port. (<code>capability.protocol.rtsp=1</code>)
anonymousviewing	<boolean>	0	1/6	Enable anonymous streaming viewing.
authmode	disable, basic, digest	disable	1/6	RTSP authentication mode. (<code>capability.protocol.rtsp=1</code>)
s0_accessname	<boolean>	live.sdp	1/6	RTSP access name for stream1. (<code>capability.protocol.rtsp=1</code> and <code>capability.nmediastream > 0</code>)
s1_accessname	<boolean>	live2.sdp	1/6	RTSP access name for stream2. (<code>capability.protocol.rtsp=1</code> and <code>capability.nmediastream > 1</code>)
s2_accessname	<boolean>	live3.sdp	1/6	RTSP access name for stream3 (<code>capability.protocol.rtsp=1</code> and <code>capability.nmediastream > 2</code>)

7.6.7.1 RTSP multicast

Subgroup of **network_rtsp_s<0~(n-1)>**: **multicast**, n is stream count (**capability.protocol.rtp.multicast > 0**)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
alwaysmulticast	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable always multicast.
ipaddress	<ip address>	For n=0, 239.128.1.99 For n=1, 239.128.1.100, and so on.	4/4	Multicast IP address.
videoport	1026 ~ 65534	5560+n*2	4/4	Multicast video port.
audioport <product dependent>	1026 ~ 65534	5562+n*2	4/4	Multicast audio port. (capability.naudio > 0)
ttl	1 ~ 255	15	4/4	Mutlicast time to live value.

7.6.8 SIP port

Subgroup of **network**: **sip** (**capability.protocol.sip > 0**)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	1025 ~ 65535	5060	1/6	SIP port.

7.6.9 RTP port

Subgroup of **network**: **rtp**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
videoport	1026 ~ 65534	5556	6/6	Video channel port for RTP. (capability.protocol.rtp_unicast=1)
audioport	1026 ~ 65534	5558	6/6	Audio channel port for RTP. (capability.protocol.rtp_unicast=1)

7.6.10 PPPoE

Subgroup of **network: pppoe** (capability.protocol.pppoe > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
user	string[128]	<blank>	6/6	PPPoE account user name.
pass	password[64]	<blank>	6/6	PPPoE account password.

7.7 IP Filter

Group: ipfilter

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	6/6	Enable access list filtering.
admin_enable	<boolean>	0	6/6	Enable administrator IP address.
admin_ip	String[43]	<blank>	6/6	Administrator IP address.
maxconnection	0~10	10	6/6	Maximum number of concurrent streaming connection(s).
type	0, 1	1	6/6	Ipfilter policy : 0 => allow 1 => deny
ipv4list_i<0~9>	Single address: <ip address> Network address: <ip address / network mask> Range address:<start ip address - end ip address>	<blank>	6/6	IPv4 address list.
ipv6list_i<0~9>	String[43]	<blank>	6/6	IPv6 address list.

7.8 Video input

Group: **videoin**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
cmosfreq	50, 60	60	4/4	CMOS frequency. (capability.videoin.type=2)
whitebalance	auto, manual, rbgain	auto	4/4	"auto" indicates auto white balance. "manual" indicates keep current value.
exposurelevel	0~12	6	4/4	Exposure level
enableblc	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable backlight compensation.
color	0, 1	1	4/4	0 =>monochrome 1 => color
flip	<boolean>	0	4/4	Flip the image.
mirror	<boolean>	0	4/4	Mirror the image.
ptzstatus	<integer>	2	1/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can be set separately as follows: Bit 0 => Support camera control function; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 1 => Built-in or external camera; 0 (external), 1(built-in) Bit 2 => Support pan operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 3 => Support tilt operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 4 => Support zoom operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 5 => Support focus operation; 0(not support), 1(support)
text	string[64]	<blank>	1/4	Enclose caption.
c0_textonvideo_posit ion	top, bottom	top	4/4	Position of timestamp and video title on image

c0_textonvideo_size	15,25,30	15	4/4	Timestamp and video title font-size
maxexposure	1, 15, 30, 60, 120, 240, 480 <product dependent>	30	4/4	Maximum exposure time.
options	framerate	framerate	4/4	Video input option: (1) video frame rate first mode
enablepreview	<boolean>	0	1/4	Usage for UI of exposure settings. Preview settings of video profile.

7.8.1 Video input setting per channel

Group: **videoin_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products, and m is stream number

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
cmosfreq	50, 60	60	4/4	CMOS frequency. (capability.videoin.type=2)
whitebalance	auto, manual, rbgain	auto	4/4	“auto” indicates auto white balance. “manual” indicates keep current value.
rgain	0~100	30	4/4	Manual set rgain value of gain control setting.
bgain	0~100	30	4/4	Manual set bgain value of gain control setting.
exposurelevel	0~12	6	4/4	Exposure level
enableblc	0~1	0	4/4	Enable backlight compensation
agcmode	auto,fixed	auto	4/4	Set auto gain control mode.
maxgain	0~100	100	4/4	Manual set maximum gain value.
mingain	0~100	0	4/4	Manual set minimum gain value.
color	0, 1	1	4/4	0 =>monochrome 1 => color
flip	<boolean>	0	4/4	Flip the image.

mirror	<boolean>	0	4/4	Mirror the image.
ptzstatus	<integer>	2	1/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can be set separately as follows: Bit 0 => Support camera control function; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 1 => Built-in or external camera; 0 (external), 1(built-in) Bit 2 => Support pan operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 3 => Support tilt operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 4 => Support zoom operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 5 => Support focus operation; 0(not support), 1(support)
text	string[64]	<blank>	1/4	Enclose caption.
imprinttimestamp	<boolean>	0	4/4	Overlay time stamp on video.
exposuremode	auto,fixed	auto	4/4	Exposure mode
flickerless	<boolean>	0	4/4	Avoid flickering on images.
minexposure	1~32000	32000	4/4	Minimum exposure time.
maxexposure	1~32000	30	4/4	Maximum exposure time.
options	crop	crop	1/4	Video input option: cropping mode
crop_size	<window size> (WxH)	1952x1944	1/4	Crop width and height. (1)1952x1944 (2)1920x1080
enablepreview	<boolean>	0	1/4	Usage for UI of exposure settings. Preview settings of video profile.
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	mpeg4, mjpeg, h264	H264	1/4	Video codec type.
s<0~(m-1)>_resolution	Reference capability_vide	1920x1920	1/4	Video resolution in pixels.

	oin_resolution			
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_intrap eriod	250, 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000	1000	4/4	Intra frame period in milliseconds.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_priorit y policy	framerate, imagequality	framerate	4/4	The policy to apply when the target bit rate is not sufficient to satisfy current encoded conditions. “framerate” indicates frame rate first. “imagequality” indicates image quality first.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_rateco ntrolmode	cbr, vbr	Cbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate vbr, fix quality
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_quant	1~5 99, 100	3	4/4	Quality of video when choosing vbr in “ratecontrolmode”. 99 is the customized manual input setting. 1 = worst quality, 5 = best quality. 100 is percentage mode.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_qvalue	2~31	7	4/4	Manual video quality level input. (s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_quan t = 99)
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_qperce nt	1~100	29	4/4	Manual video quality level input. (s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_quan t = 100)
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_bitrate	1000~160000 00 <product dependent>	4000000	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in “ratecontrolmode”.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_maxfr ame	1~30	15	1/4	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for MPEG-4).
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_intraperi od	250, 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000	1000	4/4	Intra frame period in milliseconds.
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_bitratere	average,	average	4/4	“average” indicates the

striction <product dependent>	upperbound			average bit rate will be equal to its target bit rate. “upperbound” indicates the bit rate will always not exceed its target bit rate.
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_prioritypolicy	framerate, imagequality	framerate	4/4	The policy to apply when the target bit rate is not sufficient to satisfy current encoded conditions. “framerate” indicates frame rate first. “imagequality” indicates image quality first.
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_ratecontrolmode	cbr, vbr	cbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate vbr, fix quality
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_quant	1~5 99, 100	3	4/4	Quality of video when choosing vbr in “ratecontrolmode”. 99 is the customized manual input setting. 1 = worst quality, 5 = best quality. 100 is percentage mode.
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_qvalue	0~51	30	4/4	Manual video quality level input. (s<0~(m-1)>_h264_quant = 99)
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_qpercent	1~100	44	4/4	Manual video quality level input. (s<0~(m-1)>_h264_quant = 100)
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_bitrate	1000~16000000	4000000	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in “ratecontrolmode”.
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_maxframe	1~30	15	1/4	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for h264).
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_profile <product dependent>	0~2	1	1/4	Indicate H264 profiles 0: baseline 1: main profile 2: high profile

s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg_bitrate restriction <product dependent>	average, upperbound	average	4/4	“average” indicates the average bit rate will be equal to its target bit rate. “upperbound” indicates the bit rate will always not exceed its target bit rate.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg_priority policy	framerate, imagequality	framerate	4/4	The policy to apply when the target bit rate is not sufficient to satisfy current encoded conditions. “framerate” indicates frame rate first. “imagequality” indicates image quality first.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg_ratecon trolmode	cbr, vbr	vbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate vbr, fix quality
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg_quant	1~5 99, 100	3	4/4	Quality of JPEG video. 99 is the customized manual input setting. 1 = worst quality, 5 = best quality. 100 is percentage mode.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg_qvalue	2~97	50	4/4	Manual video quality level input. (s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg_quan t = 99)
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg_qperce nt	1~100	49	4/4	Manual video quality level input. (s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg_quan t = 100)
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg_maxfra me	1~30	15	1/4	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for JPEG).
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg_bitrate	1000~160000 00	12000000	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in “ratecontrolmode”.
s<0~(m-1)>_forcei	1	N/A	7/6	Force I frame.
s<0~(m-2)>_fisheyede warpmode	‘1O, 1P, 2P, 1R, 4R’ for ceiling/floor mount	1O	1/4	Local dewarp mode. “1O” is original mode (disable). Supported dewarp

	'1O, 1P, 1R, 4R' for wall mount			mode is different by mount type. (videoin_c<n>_mount type) Supported mode list could be extracted from (capability_videoin_c< n>_localdewarp_typec eilingmount) and (capability_videoin_c< n>_localdewarp_typew allmount)
wdrc_mode	0~2	0	4/4	WDR enhanced. 0: off 1: Sensitivity low 2: Sensitivity high
wdrc_strength	0~2	1	4/4	WDR enhanced. 0: low 1: medium 2: high
mounttype	ceiling, wall, floor	ceiling	1/6	Mount type
enableimreport	0, 1	0	1/6	Image report
enablewatermark	0, 1	0	1/6	Watermark

7.8.1.1 Alternative video input profiles per channel

In addition to the primary setting of video input, there can be alternative profile video input setting for each channel which might be for different scene of light (daytime or nighttime).

Group: **videoin_c0_profile_i<0~(m-1)>** (*capability_nvvideoinprofile > 0*)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable/disable this profile setting
policy	day, night, schedule	night	4/4	The mode which the profile is applied to.
begintime	hh:mm	18:00	4/4	Begin time of schedule mode.
endtime	hh:mm	06:00	4/4	End time of schedule mode.
exposuremode	auto,fixed	auto	4/4	Exposure Mode

flickerless	<boolean>	0	4/4	Avoid flickering on images.
minexposure	1~32000	32000	4/4	Minimum exposure time.
maxexposure	1~32000	30	4/4	Maximum exposure time.
enableblc	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable backlight compensation.
exposurelevel	0~12	6	4/4	Exposure level
agcmode	auto,fixed	auto	4/4	Set auto gain control mode.
maxgain	0~100	100	4/4	Manual set maximum gain value.
mingain	0~100	0	4/4	Manual set minimum gain value.
whitebalance	auto, manual, rbgain	auto	4/4	"auto" indicates auto white balance. "manual" indicates keep current value.
rgain	0~100	30	4/4	Manual set rgain value of gain control setting.
bgain	0~100	30	4/4	Manual set bgain value of gain control setting.
wdrc_mode	0~2	0	4/4	WDR enhanced. 0: off 1: Sensitivity low 2: Sensitivity high
wdrc_strength	0~2	1	4/4	WDR enhanced. 0: low 1: medium 2: high

7.9 Video input preview

The temporary settings for video preview

Group: videoinpreview

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
exposuremode	auto,fixed	auto	4/4	Exposure Mode
minexposure	1~32000	32000	4/4	Minimum exposure time.
maxexposure	1~32000	30	4/4	Maximum exposure time.
exposurelevel	0~12	6	4/4	Exposure level
enableblc	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable backlight compensation.
wdrc_mode	0~2	0	4/4	WDR enhanced. 0: off 1: Sensitivity low

				2: Sensitivity high
wdrc_strength	0~2	1	4/4	WDR enhanced. 0: low 1: medium 2: high
agcmode	auto,fixed	auto	4/4	Set auto gain control mode.
maxgain	0~100	100	4/4	Manual set maximum gain value.
mingain	0~100	0	4/4	Manual set minimum gain value.

7.10 IR cut control

Group: **ircutcontrol** (capability.nvideoinprofile > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
mode	auto, day, night, di, schedule <product dependent>	auto	6/6	Set IR cut control mode
daymodebegintime	00:00~23:59	07:00	6/6	Day mode begin time
daymodeendtime	00:00~23:59	18:00	6/6	Day mode end time
bwmode	<boolean>	1	6/6	Switch to B/W in night mode if enabled
sensitivity	low, normal, high	normal	6/6	Sensitivity of light sensor
enableextled	<boolean>	0	1/6	External IR led enable
disableirled	<boolean>	0	1/6	Built-in IR led disable
sir	<boolean>	0	1/6	Smart IR enable(external IR or Built-in IR should be enabled)

7.11 Image setting per channel

Group: **image_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
brightness	-5~5	-5	4/4	Adjust brightness of image according to mode settings.
saturation	-5~5,100	0	4/4	Adjust saturation of image according to mode settings. 100 for saturation percentage mode.
saturationpercent	0~100	50	4/4	Adjust saturation value of percentage when saturation=100
contrast	-5 ~ 5	0	4/4	Adjust contrast of image according to mode settings.
sharpness	-3~3,100	0	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image according to mode settings.
sharpnesspercent	0~100	50	4/4	Adjust sharpness value of percentage when sharpness=100
gammacurve	0~100	0	4/4	Gamma curve.
lowlightmode	<boolean>	1	4/4	Enable/disable low light mode.
dnr_mode	0~1	0	4/4	Enable/disable noise reduction
dnr_strength	1~100	50	4/4	The strength of noise reduction. 1~33: low 34~67: medium 68~100: high
profile_i0_enable	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable/disable this profile setting
profile_i0_policy	day, night, schedule	night	4/4	The mode which the profile is applied to.
profile_i0_begintime	hh:mm	18:00	4/4	Begin time of schedule mode.
profile_i0_endtime	hh:mm	06:00	4/4	End time of schedule mode.
profile_i0_brightness	-5~5	-5	4/4	Adjust brightness of image according to mode settings.
profile_i0_saturation	-5~5,100	0	4/4	Adjust saturation of image according to mode settings. 100 for saturation percentage mode.
profile_i0_saturationper cent	0~100	50	4/4	Adjust saturation value of percentage when saturation=100

profile_i0_contrast	-5 ~ 5	0	4/4	Adjust contrast of image according to mode settings.
profile_i0_sharpness	-3~3, 100	0	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image according to mode settings.
profile_i0_sharpnesspercent	0~100	50	4/4	Adjust sharpness value of percentage when sharpness=100
profile_i0_gammacurve	0~100	0	4/4	Gamma curve
profile_i0_lowlightmode	<boolean>	1	4/4	Enable/disable low light mode.
profile_i0_wdr cstrength	0~2	1	4/4	WDR enhanced 0: low 1: medium 2: high
profile_i0_wdr cmode	0~2	0	4/4	WDR enhanced 0: off 1: Sensitivity low 2: Sensitivity high
profile_i0_dnr_mode	0~1	0	4/4	Enable/disable noise reduction
profile_i0_dnr_strength	1~100	50	4/4	The strength of noise reduction. 1~33: low 34~67: medium 68~100: high

7.12 Image setting for preview

Group: **imagepreview_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
brightness	-5~5	-5	4/4	Adjust brightness of image according to mode settings.
saturation	-5~5,100	0	4/4	Adjust saturation of image according to mode settings. 100 for saturation percentage mode.
saturationpercent	0~100	50	4/4	Adjust saturation value of percentage when saturation=100
contrast	-5 ~ 5	0	4/4	Adjust contrast of image according to mode settings.
sharpness	-3~3,100	0	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image according to mode settings.

sharpnesspercent	0~100	50	4/4	Adjust sharpness value of percentage when sharpness=100
gammacurve	0~100	0	4/4	Gamma curve
lowlightmode	<boolean>	1	4/4	Enable/disable low light mode.

Group: imagepreview

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
videoin_whitebalance	auto, manual, rbgain	auto	4/4	Preview of adjusting white balance of image according to mode settings
videoin_restoreatwb	1~	0	4/4	Restore of adjusting white balance of image according to mode settings
videoin_rgain	0~100	0	4/4	Manual set rgain value of gain control setting.
videoin_bgain	0~100	0	4/4	Manual set bgain value of gain control setting.

7.13 Exposure window setting per channel

Group: **exposurewin_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products <product dependent>

(capability_videoin_supportexpwin = 1)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
mode <product dependent>	auto, custom, blc	auto	4/4	The mode indicates how to decide the exposure. auto: Use full view as the only one exposure window. custom: Use inclusive and exclusive window. blc: Use BLC.
win_i<0~9>_enable <product dependent>	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable or disable the window.
win_i<0~9>_policy <product dependent>	0~1	0	4/4	0: Indicate exclusive. 1: Indicate inclusive.
win_i<0~9>_home <product dependent>	<coordinate>	(150,110)	4/4	Left-top corner coordinate of the window.
win_i<0~9>_size	<window size>	(100x75)	4/4	Width and height of the

<product dependent>				window.
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Group: **exposurewin_c<0~(n-1)>_profile** for m profile and n channel product

(**capability_videoin_supportexpwin = 1**)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
i<0~(m-1)>_mode <product dependent>	auto, custom, blc	auto	4/4	The mode indicates how to decide the exposure. auto: Use full view as the only one exposure window. custom: Use inclusive and exclusive window. blc: Use BLC.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~9>_enable <product dependent>	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable or disable the window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~9>_policy <product dependent>	0~1	0	4/4	0: Indicate exclusive. 1: Indicate inclusive.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~9>_home <product dependent>	<coordinate>	(150,110)	4/4	Left-top corner coordinate of the window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~9>_size <product dependent>	<window size>	(100x75)	4/4	Width and height of the window.

7.14 Audio input per channel

Group: **audioin_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products (**capability.audioin>0**)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
source	micin, linein	micin	4/4	micin => use built-in microphone input. linein => use external microphone input.
mute	0, 1	0	1/4	Enable audio mute.
gain	0~100	65	4/4	Gain of input. (audioin_c<0~(n-1)>_source = linein)
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	aac4, g711, g726	g711	4/4	Set audio codec type for input.
s<0~(m-1)>_aac4_bitrate <product dependent>	16000, 32000,	16000	4/4	Set AAC4 bitrate in bps.

	48000, 64000, 96000, 128000			
s<0~(m-1)>_g711_mode <product dependent>	pcmu, pcma	pcmu	4/4	Set G.711 mode.
s<0~(m-1)>_g726_bitrate <product dependent>	16000, 24000, 32000, 40000	32000	4/4	Set G.726 bitrate in bps.
s<0~(m-1)>_g726_bitstreampackingmode <product dependent>	little, big	little	4/4	Set G.726 bit streaming packing mode
s<0~(m-1)>_g726_vlcmode <product dependent>	0, 1	0	4/4	Enable vlcmode for G.726
alarm_enable <product dependent>	0, 1	0	4/4	Enable audio detection
alarm_level <product dependent>	1~100	50	4/4	Audio detection alarm level

7.15 Time Shift settings

Group: **timeshift**, c for n channel products, m is stream number (`capability.timeshift > 0`)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable time shift streaming.
c<0~(n-1)>_s<0~(m-1)>_allow	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable time shift streaming for specific stream.

7.16 Motion detection settings

Group: **motion_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable motion detection.
win_i<0~4>_enable	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable motion window 1~3.
win_i<0~4>_name	string[40]	<blank>	4/4	Name of motion window 1~3.
win_i<0~4>_polygon	0 ~ 320,0 ~	0	4/4	Coordinate of polygon window

	240, 0 ~ 320,0 ~ 240, 0 ~ 320,0 ~ 240, 0 ~ 320,0 ~ 240			position. (4 points: x0,y0,x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3)
win_i<0~4>_objsize	0 ~ 100	0	4/4	Percent of motion detection window.
win_i<0~4>_sensitivity	0 ~ 100	0	4/4	Sensitivity of motion detection window.

Group: **motion_c<0~(n-1)>_profile** for m profile and n channel product (capability.nmotionprofile > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
i<0~(m-1)>_enable	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable profile 1 ~ (m-1).
i<0~(m-1)>_policy	day, night, schedule	night	4/4	The mode which the profile is applied to.
i<0~(m-1)>_begintime	hh:mm	18:00	4/4	Begin time of schedule mode.
i<0~(m-1)>_endtime	hh:mm	06:00	4/4	End time of schedule mode.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~4>_enable	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable motion window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~4>_name	string[14]	<blank>	4/4	Name of motion window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~4>_polygon	0 ~ 320,0 ~ 240, 0 ~ 320,0 ~ 240, 0 ~ 320,0 ~ 240, 0 ~ 320,0 ~ 240	0	4/4	Coordinate of polygon window position. (4 points: x0,y0,x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3)
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~4>_objsize	0 ~ 100	0	4/4	Percent of motion detection window.
i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0~4>_sensitivity	0 ~ 100	0	4/4	Sensitivity of motion detection window.

7.17 Tempering detection settings

Group: **tampering_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product (**capability.tampering > 0**)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable or disable tamper detection.
threshold	0 ~ 255	32	1/6	Threshold of tamper detection.
duration	10 ~ 600	10	4/4	If tampering value exceeds the 'threshold' for more than 'duration' second(s), then tamper detection is triggered.

7.18 DDNS

Group: **ddns** (**capability.ddns > 0**)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable the dynamic DNS.
provider	Safe100, DyndnsDynamic, DyndnsCustom, peanuthull, CustomSafe100, <product dependent>	DyndnsDyn amic	6/6	Safe100 => safe100.net DyndnsDynamic => dyndns.org (dynamic) DyndnsCustom => dyndns.org (custom) CustomSafe100 => Custom server using safe100 method <product dependent>
<provider>_ho stname	string[128]	<blank>	6/6	Your DDNS hostname.
<provider>_us ernameemail	string[64]	<blank>	6/6	Your user name or email to login to the DDNS service provider
<provider>_pa sswordkey	string[64]	<blank>	6/6	Your password or key to login to the DDNS service provider.
<provider>_se rvername	string[128]	<blank>	6/6	The server name for safe100. (This field only exists if the provider is customsafe100)

7.19 Express link

Group: expresslink

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable express link.
state	onlycheck, onlyoffline, checkonline, badnetwork	NULL	6/6	Camera will check the status of network environment and express link URL
url	string[63]	NULL	6/6	The url user define to link to camera

7.20 UPnP presentation

Group: upnppresentation

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	1	6/6	Enable or disable the UPnP presentation service.

7.21 UPnP port forwarding

Group: upnpportforwarding

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable the UPnP port forwarding service.
upnpnatstatus	0~3	0	6/7	The status of UPnP port forwarding, used internally. 0 = OK, 1 = FAIL, 2 = no IGD router, 3 = no need for port forwarding

7.22 System log

Group: **syslog**

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enableremotelog	<boolean>	0	6/6	Enable remote log.
serverip	<IP address>	<blank>	6/6	Log server IP address.
serverport	514, 1025~65535	514	6/6	Server port used for log.
level	0~7	6	6/6	<p>Levels used to distinguish the importance of the information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: LOG_EMERG 1: LOG_ALERT 2: LOG_CRIT 3: LOG_ERR 4: LOG_WARNING 5: LOG_NOTICE 6: LOG_INFO 7: LOG_DEBUG
setparamlevel	0~2	0	6/6	<p>Show log of parameter setting.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable 1: Show log of parameter setting set from external. 2: Show log of parameter setting set from external and internal.

7.23 camera PTZ control(Not used in FE8174/FE8173/FE8181)

Group: **camctrl** (capability.camctrl.httpptunnel > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enablehttpptunnel	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable HTTP tunnel for camera control.

Group: **camctrl_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product (**capability.ptzenabled**)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
panspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/4	Pan speed
tiltspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/4	Tilt speed
zoomspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/4	Zoom speed
focusspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/4	Auto focus speed
patrolseq	string[120]	<blank>	1/4	(For external device) The indexes of patrol points, separated by ","
patroldwelling	string[160]	<blank>	1/4	(For external device) The dwelling time of each patrol point, separated by ","
preset_i<0~(npreset-1)>_name	string[40]	<blank>	1/4	Name of the preset location.
preset_i<0~(npreset-1)>_dwelling	0 ~ 999	0	1/4	The dwelling time of each preset location
uart	0 ~ (m-1), m is UART count	0	1/4	Select corresponding uart (capability.nuart>0).
cameraid	0~255	1	1/4	Camera ID controlling external PTZ camera.
isptz	0 ~ 2	0	1/4	0: disable PTZ commands. 1: enable PTZ commands with PTZ driver. 2: enable PTZ commands with UART tunnel.
disablemdonptz	<boolean>	0	1/4	Disable motion detection on PTZ operation.

7.24 UART control (Not used in FE8174/FE8173/FE8181)

Group: **uart** (capability.nuart > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
ptzdrivers_i<0~19, 127>_name	string[40]	<product dependent>	1/4	Name of the PTZ driver.
ptzdrivers_i<0~19, 127>_location	string[128]	< product dependent >	1/4	Full path of the PTZ driver.
enablehttptunnel	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable HTTP tunnel channel to control UART.

Group: **uart_i<0~(n-1)>** n is uart port count (capability.nuart > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
baudrate	110,300,600,120 0,2400,3600,480 0,7200,9600,192 00,38400,57600, 115200	9600	4/4	Set baud rate of COM port.
databit	5,6,7,8 6,7,8 <product dependent>	8	4/4	Data bits in a character frame.
paritybit	none, odd, even	none	4/4	For error checking.
stopbit	1,2	1	4/4	1 2-1.5 , data bit is 5 2-2
uartmode	rs485, rs232	rs485	4/4	RS485 or RS232.
customdrvcmd_i<0~ 9>	string[128]	<blank>	1/4	PTZ command for custom camera.
speedlink_i<0~4>_n ame	string[40]	<blank>	1/4	Additional PTZ command name.
speedlink_i<0~4>_c md	string[128]	<blank>	1/4	Additional PTZ command list.

ptzdriver	0~19, 127 (custom), 128 (no driver)	128 (no driver)	4/4	The PTZ driver is used by this COM port.
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7.25 SNMP

Group: **snmp** (capability.snmp > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
v2	0~1	0	6/6	SNMP v2 enabled. 0 for disable, 1 for enable
v3	0~1	0	6/6	SNMP v3 enabled. 0 for disable, 1 for enable
secnamerw	string[31]	Private	6/6	Read/write security name
secnamero	string[31]	Public	6/6	Read only security name
authpwrw	string[8~128]	<blank>	6/6	Read/write authentication password
authpwro	string[8~128]	<blank>	6/6	Read only authentication password
authtyperw	MD5,SHA	MD5	6/6	Read/write authentication type
authtypero	MD5,SHA	MD5	6/6	Read only authentication type
encryptpwrw	string[8~128]	<blank>	6/6	Read/write passwrd
encryptpwro	string[8~128]	<blank>	6/6	Read only password
encrypttyperw	DES	DES	6/6	Read/write encryption type
encrypttypero	DES	DES	6/6	Read only encryption type
rwcommunity	string[31]	Private	6/6	Read/write community
rocommunity	string[31]	Public	6/6	Read only community
syslocation	0~128	<blank>	6/6	System location
syscontact	0~128	<blank>	6/6	System contact

7.26 Layout configuration

Group: **layout** (New version)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
logo_default	<boolean>	1	1/6	0 => Custom logo 1 => Default logo
logo_link	string[128]	http://www.vivotek.com	1/6	Hyperlink of the logo
logo_powerbyvvtk_hidden	<boolean>	0	1/6	0 => display the power by vivotek logo 1 => hide the power by vivotek logo
custombutton_manualtrigger_s how <product dependent>	<boolean>	1	1/6	Show or hide manual trigger (VI) button in homepage 0 -> Hidden 1 -> Visible
theme_option	1~4	1	1/6	1~3: One of the default themes. 4: Custom definition.
theme_color_font	string[7]	#ffffff	1/6	Font color
theme_color_configfont	string[7]	#ffffff	1/6	Font color of configuration area.
theme_color_titlefont	string[7]	#098bd6	1/6	Font color of video title.
theme_color_controlbackground	string[7]	#565656	1/6	Background color of control area.
theme_color_configbackground	string[7]	#323232	1/6	Background color of configuration area.
theme_color_videobackground	string[7]	#565656	1/6	Background color of video area.
theme_color_case	string[7]	#323232	1/6	Frame color

7.27 Privacy mask

Group: **privacymask_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable privacy mask.
win_i<0~4>_enable	<boolean>	0	4/4	Enable privacy mask window.
win_i<0~4>_name	string[40]	<blank>	4/4	Name of the privacy mask window.
win_i<0~4>_polygon	0 ~ 320,0 ~ 240, 0 ~ 320,0 ~ 240, 0 ~ 320,0 ~ 240, 0 ~ 320,0 ~ 240	0	4/4	Coordinate of polygon window position. (4 points: x0,y0,x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3)

7.28 Capability

Group: capability

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
api_httpversion	<string>	0100a	0/7	The HTTP API version.
bootuptime	<positive integer>	60	0/7	Server bootup time.
nir	0, <positive integer>	1	0/7	Number of IR interfaces. (Recommand to use ir for built-in IR and extir for external IR)
npir	0, <positive integer>	0	0/7	Number of PIRs.
ndi	0, <positive integer>	1	0/7	Number of digital inputs.
nvi	0, <positive integer>	3	0/7	Number of virtual inputs (manual trigger)
ndo	0, <positive integer>	1	0/7	Number of digital outputs.
naudioin	0, <positive integer>	1	0/7	Number of audio inputs.
naudioout	0, <positive integer>	1	0/7	Number of audio outputs.

nvideoin	<positive integer>	1	0/7	Number of video inputs.
nmediastream	<positive integer>	3	0/7	Number of media stream per channels.
nvideosetting	<positive integer>	3	0/7	Number of video settings per channel.
nuart	0, <positive integer>	0	0/7	Number of UART interfaces.
nvideoinprofile	<positive integer>	1	0/7	Number of video input profiles.
nmotion	0, <positive integer>	5	0/7	Number of motion window.
nmotionprofile	0, <positive integer>	1	0/7	Number of motion profiles.
ptzenabled	0, <positive integer>	0	0/7	An 32-bit integer, each bit can be set separately as follows: Bit 0 => Support camera control function; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 1 => Built-in or external camera; 0(external), 1(built-in) Bit 2 => Support pan operation, 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 3 => Support tilt operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 4 => Support zoom operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 5 => Support focus operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 6 => Support iris operation; 0(not support), 1(support) Bit 7 => External or built-in PT; 0(built-in), 1(external) Bit 8 => Invalidate bit 1 ~ 7; 0(bit 1 ~ 7 are valid), 1(bit 1 ~ 7 are invalid) Bit 9 => Reserved bit; Invalidate lens_pan, Lens_tilt, lens_zoon, lens_focus, len_iris. 0(fields are valid), 1(fields are invalid)
evctrlchannel	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support HTTP tunnel for event/control transfer.

joystick	<boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support joystick control.
storage_dbenabled	<boolean>	1	0/7	Media files are indexed in database.
ptzenabledclient	<boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support ptz client
protocol_https	< boolean >	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support HTTP over SSL.
protocol_rtsp	< boolean >	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support RTSP.
protocol_sip	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support SIP.
protocol_maxconnection	<positive integer>	10	0/7	The maximum allowed simultaneous connections.
protocol_maxgeneralconnection	<positive integer>	10	0/7	The maximum general streaming connections .
protocol_maxmegapixelconnection	<positive integer>	0	0/7	The maximum megapixel streaming connections.
protocol_rtp_multicast_scalable	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support scalable multicast.
protocol_rtp_multicast_backchannel	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support backchannel multicast.
protocol_rtp_tcp	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support RTP over TCP.
protocol_rtp_http	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support RTP over HTTP.
protocol_spush_mjpeg	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support server push MJPEG.
protocol_snmp	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support SNMP.
protocol_ipv6	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support IPv6.
videoin_type	0, 1, 2	2	0/7	0 => Interlaced CCD 1 => Progressive CCD 2 => CMOS
videoin_resolution	<a list of available resolution separated by commas> <product dependent>	'192x192, 256x256, 384x384, 512x512, 768x768, 1056x105	0/7	Available resolutions list.

		6, 1280x128 0, 1536x153 6 1920x192 0		
videoin_resolution16x9	<a list of available resolution separated by commas> <product dependent>	176x144, 384x216, 640x360, 1280x720 , 1360x768 , 1600x904 , 1920x108 0	0/7	Available 16x9 resolutions list.
videoin_resolution1x1	<a list of available resolution separated by commas> <product dependent>	'192x192, 256x256, 384x384, 512x512, 768x768, 1056x105 6, 1280x128 0, 1536x153 6 1920x192 0	0/7	Available 1x1 resolutions list.
videoin_nresolution	< number of available resolution list> <product dependent>	9	0/7	Available resolutions list. (only for 5M series)
videoin_mpeg4_maxframerate	<a list of available maximum frame rate separated by commas>	15,15,15, 15,15,15, 15,15,15	0/7	Available maximum frame list. (only for 5M series)

	<product dependent>			
videoin_mjpeg_maxframerate	<a list of available maximum frame rate separated by commas> <product dependent>	15,15,15, 15,15,15, 15,15,15	0/7	Available maximum frame list. (only for 5M series)
videoin_h264_maxframerate	<a list of available maximum frame rate separated by commas> <product dependent>	15,15,15, 15,15,15, 15,15,15	0/7	Available maximum frame list. (only for 5M series)
videoin_streamcode	< 1 ~ 15, 1~15, 1~15 (3 streams)> <product dependent>	7,7,7	0/7	Available stream codectype (Bit 0 -> mpeg4, Bit 1 -> mjpeg, Bit 2 -> h264).
videoin_fov	<a list of available crop size separated by commas> <product dependent>	1920x108 0,1952x1 944	0/7	Available crop size list. (only for 5M series)
videoin_maxframe	<a list of available maximum frame rate separated by commas> <product dependent>	15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15	0/7	Available maximum frame list.
videoin_codec	mpeg4. mjpeg, h264 <product dependent>	mpeg4, mjpeg, h264	0/7	Available codec list.
videoin_flexiblebitrate	<boolean> <product dependent>	<product depend	0/7	Indicate whether to support flexible bitrate.

		ent>		
videoout_codec	<a list of the available codec types separated by commas) <product dependent>	<blank>	0/7	Available codec list.
audio_aec	<boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support acoustic echo cancellation.
audio_extmic	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support external microphone input.
audio_linein	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support external line input. (It will be replaced by audio_mic and audio_extmic.)
audio_lineout	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support line output.
audioin_codec	aac4, g711, g726 <product dependent>	aac4, g711, g726	0/7	Available codec list for audio input.
audioout_codec	g711 <product dependent>		0/7	Available codec list for SIP.
capability_audio_intmic	<0~Positive Integer>	1	0/7	(Internal Microphone, 0: Not support, 1: Support) (For Multi-CH, bit 0 for CH0, bit 1 for CH1, etc.)
camctrl_httptunnel	<boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support httptunnel.
camctrl_httptunnelclient	<boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support httptunnel client.
camctrl_privilege	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support "Manage Privilege" of PTZ control in the Security page. 1: support both

				/cgi-bin/camctrl/camctrl.cgi and /cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cgi 0: support only /cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cgi
uart_httptunnel	<boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support HTTP tunnel for UART transfer.
transmission_mode	Tx, Rx, Both	Tx	0/7	Indicate transmission mode of the machine: TX = server, Rx = receiver box, Both = DVR.
network_wire	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support Ethernet.
network_wireless	<boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless.
wireless_s802dot11b	<boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless 802.11b+.
wireless_s802dot11g	<boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless 802.11g.
wireless_encrypt_wep	<boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless WEP.
wireless_encrypt_wpa	<boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless WPA.
wireless_encrypt_wpa2	<boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless WPA2.
wireless_beginchannel	1 ~ 14	255	0/7	Indicate the begin channel of wireless network
wireless_endchannel	1 ~ 14	255	0/7	Indicate the end channel of wireless network
derivative_brand	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support the upgrade function for the derivative brand. For example, if the value is true, the VVTK product can be upgraded to VVXX. (TCVV<->TCXX is excepted)
npreset	0, <positive integer>	20	0/7	Number of preset locations
eptz	0, <positive integer>	7	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can be set separately as follows: Bit 0 => stream 1 supports ePTZ or not. Bit 1 => stream 2 supports ePTZ or

				not. The rest may be deduced by analogy
nanostream	0, <positive integer>	0	0/7	number of any media stream per channel
iva	<boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support Intelligent Video analysis
tampering	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support tampering detection.
test_ac	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support test ac key.
version_onvifdae mon	<string>	1.8.0.5	0/7	Indicate ONVIF daemon version
image_wdrc	<Boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support WDR enhanced.
image_iristype	<string>		0/7	Indicate iris type.
image_focusassist	<Boolean>	0	0/7	Indicate whether to support focus assist.
fisheye	<Boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate fisheye model.
localstorage_manageable	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether manageable local storage is supported.
localstorage_seamless	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether seamless recording is supported.
localstorage_modnum	0, <positive integer>	4	0/7	The maximum MOD connection numbers.
adaptiverecording	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support adaptive recording.
adaptivestreaming	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support adaptive streaming.
supportsd	<boolean>	1	0/7	Indicate whether to support local storage.
vadp	<positive integer>	123	0/7	An 32-bit integer, each bit can be set separately as follows: Bit 0 => VADP Interface Bit 1 => Capture video raw data Bit 2 => Support encode jpeg Bit 3 => Audio Bit 4 => Event
fisheyelocalde warp_c<n>	<integer>	3	0/7	Indicate the supported streams of local dewarp. One

				bit represents one supported stream. The LSB indicates stream 0. Ex: "3" means stream 0 and stream 1 support local dewarp.
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Group: **capability_videoin_c<n>_localdewarp**, n denotes the channel index, range is from 0 to "capability_nvideoin"-1

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
typeceilingmount	1O, 1P, 2P, 1R, 4R	0/7	Available dewarp types of ceiling and floor mount.
typewallmount	1O, 1P, 1R, 4R	0/7	Available dewarp types of wall mount.
resolutionC1P	A list of <WxH>	0/7	Available resolutions of 1P mode of ceiling and floor mount. '640x160,1280x320,1536x384' for FE8173 '640x160,1280x320,1920x480' for FE8174, FE8181
resolutionC2P	A list of <WxH>	0/7	Available resolutions of 2P mode of ceiling and floor mount. '320x320,640x640,1280x1280'
resolutionC1R	A list of <WxH>	0/7	Available resolutions of 1R mode of ceiling and floor mount. '192x192,256x256,384x384,512x512,640x640'
resolutionC4R	A list of <WxH>	0/7	Available resolutions of 4R mode of ceiling and floor mount. '384x384,512x512,768x768,1088x1088,1280x1280'
resolutionW1P	A list of <WxH>	0/7	Available resolutions of 1P mode of wall mount. '640x320,1280x640,1536x768' for FE8173 '640x320,1280x640,1920x960' for FE8174, FE8181
resolutionW1R	A list of <WxH>	0/7	Available resolutions of 1R mode of wall mount.

			'192x192,256x256,384x384,512x512' for FE8173 '192x192,256x256,384x384,512x512,640x640' for FE8174, FE8181
resolutionW4R	A list of <WxH>	0/7	Available resolutions of 4R mode of wall mount. '384x384,512x512,768x768,1088x1088' for FE8173 '384x384,512x512,768x768,1088x1088,1280x1280' for FE8174, FE8181

Group: **capability_videoin_c<n>_localdewarp**, n denotes the channel index, range is from 0 to "capability_nvideoin"-1

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
typeceilingmount	1O, 1P, 2P, 1R, 4R <product dependent>	0/7	Available dewarp types of ceiling and floor mount.
typewallmount	1O, 1P, 1R, 4R <product dependent>	0/7	Available dewarp types of wall mount.
resolutionC1P	640x160, 1280x320, 1536x384, 1920x480 <product dependent>	0/7	Available resolutions of 1P mode of ceiling and floor mount.
resolutionC2P	320x320, 640x640, 1280x1280 <product dependent>	0/7	Available resolutions of 2P mode of ceiling and floor mount.
resolutionC1R	192x192, 256x256, 384x384, 512x512, 640x640 <product dependent>	0/7	Available resolutions of 1R mode of ceiling and floor mount.
resolutionC4R	384x384, 512x512, 768x768, 1088x1088, 1280x1280 <product dependent>	0/7	Available resolutions of 4R mode of ceiling and floor mount.
resolutionW1P	640x320, 1280x640, 1536x768, 1920x960 <product dependent>	0/7	Available resolutions of 1P mode of wall mount.
resolutionW1R	192x192, 256x256, 384x384, 512x512, 640x640	0/7	Available resolutions of 1R mode of wall mount.

	<product dependent>		
resolutionW4R	384x384, 512x512, 768x768, 1088x1088, 1280x1280 <product dependent>	0/7	Available resolutions of 4R mode of wall mount.

7.29 Customized event script

Group: event_customtaskfile_i<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	<blank>	6/6	Custom script identification of this entry.
date	string[17]	<blank>	6/6	Date of custom script.
time	string[17]	<blank>	6/6	Time of custom script.

7.30 Event setting

Group: **event_i<0~2>**

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	<blank>	6/6	Identification of this entry.
enable	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable or disable this event.
priority	0, 1, 2	1	6/6	Indicate the priority of this event: "0" = low priority "1" = normal priority "2" = high priority
delay	1~999	20	6/6	Delay in seconds before detecting the next event.

trigger	boot, di, motion, seq, recnotify, tampering, visignal, vi,vadp,volalar m	boot	6/6	Indicate the trigger condition: “boot” = System boot “di”= Digital input “motion” = Video motion detection “seq” = Periodic condition “visignal” = Video input signal loss. “recnotify” = Recording notification. “tampering” = Tamper detection. “vi”= Virtual input (Manual trigger) “volalarm” = Audio detection.
triggerstatus	String[40]	trigger	6/6	The status for event trigger
di	<integer>	1	6/6	Indicate the source id of di trigger. This field is required when trigger condition is “di”. One bit represents one digital input. The LSB indicates DI 0.
mdwin	<integer>	0	6/6	Indicate the source window id of motion detection. This field is required when trigger condition is “md”. One bit represents one window. The LSB indicates the 1 st window. For example, to detect the 1 st and 3 rd windows, set mdwin as 5.
mdwin0	<integer>	0	6/6	Similar to mdwin. The parameter takes effect when profile 1 of motion detection is enabled.
vi	<integer>	0	6/6	Indicate the source id of vi trigger. This field is required when trigger condition is “vi”. One bit represents one digital input. The LSB indicates VI 0.
inter	1~999	1	6/6	Interval of snapshots in minutes. This field is used when trigger condition is “seq”.

weekday	0~127	127	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled. One bit represents one weekday. bit0 (LSB) = Saturday bit1 = Friday bit2 = Thursday bit3 = Wednesday bit4 = Tuesday bit5 = Monday bit6 = Sunday For example, to detect events on Friday and Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	00:00	6/6	Begin time of the weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	24:00	6/6	End time of the weekly schedule. (00:00 ~ 24:00 sets schedule as always on)
lowlightcondition <product dependent>	0, 1	1	6/6	Switch on white light LED in low light condition 0 => Do action at all times 1 => Do action in low-light conditions
action_do_i<0~(ndo-1)>_enable	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable or disable trigger digital output.
action_do_i<0~(ndo-1)>_duration	1~999	1	6/6	Duration of the digital output trigger in seconds.
action_goto_enable <product dependent>	<Boolean>	0	6/6	Enable/disable ptz goto preset position on event triggered.
action_goto_name <product dependent>	string[40]	<blank>	6/6	Specify the preset name that ptz goto on event triggered.
action_cf_enable	<Boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable sending media to SD card.
action_cf_folder	string[128]	<blank>	6/6	Path to store media.
action_cf_media	NULL, 0~4	<blank>	6/6	Index of the attached media.
action_cf_datefolder	<boolean>	1	6/6	Enable this to create folders by date, time, and hour automatically.
action_cf_backup	<Boolean>	0	6/6	Enable or disable the function that send media to SD card for backup if network is disconnected.
action_server_i<0~4>_enable	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable or disable this server action.

action_server_i<0~4>_media	NULL, 0~4	<blank>	6/6	Index of the attached media.
action_server_i<0~4>_datefolder	<boolean>	0	6/6	Enable this to create folders by date, time, and hour automatically.
action_patrol_enable (only for VS series) <product dependent>	<Boolean>	0	6/6	Enable/disable ptz patrol when event triggered.
action_patrol_server (only for VS series) <product dependent>	0~255	0	6/6	<p>Indicate the target servers to which the snapshots taken during patrol dwelling time should be sent.</p> <p>One bit represents one application server (server_i0~i4).</p> <p>bit0 (LSB) = server_i0. bit1 = server_i1. bit2 = server_i2. bit3 = server_i3. bit4 = server_i4.</p> <p>For example, enable server_i0, server_i2, and server_i4 as notification servers; the notifyserver value is 21.</p>

7.31 Server setting for event action

Group: **server_i<0~4>**

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	Identification of this entry
type	email, ftp, http, ns	email	6/6	<p>Indicate the server type:</p> <p>“email” = email server</p> <p>“ftp” = FTP server</p> <p>“http” = HTTP server</p> <p>“ns” = network storage</p>
http_url	string[128]	http://	6/6	URL of the HTTP server to upload.
http_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
http_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Password of the user.
ftp_address	string[128]	NULL	6/6	FTP server address.
ftp_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Username to log in to the server.

ftp_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Password of the user.
ftp_port	0~65535	21	6/6	Port to connect to the server.
ftp_location	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Location to upload or store the media.
ftp_passive	0, 1	1	6/6	Enable or disable passive mode. 0 = disable passive mode 1 = enable passive mode
email_address	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Email server address.
email_sslmode	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable support SSL.
email_port	0~65535	25	6/6	Port to connect to the server.
email_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
email_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Password of the user.
email_senderemail	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Email address of the sender.
email_recipientemail	string[640]	NULL	6/6	Email address of the recipient.
ns_location	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Location to upload or store the media.
ns_username	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
ns_passwd	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Password of the user.
ns_workgroup	string[64]	NULL	6/6	Workgroup for network storage.

7.32 Media setting for event action

Group: **media_i<0~4>** (media_freespace is used internally.)

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	Identification of this entry
type	snapshot, systemlog, videoclip, recordmsg	snapshot	6/6	Media type to send to the server or store on the server.
snapshot_source	<integer>	0	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream. 0 means the first stream. 1 means the second stream and etc. 2 means the third stream and etc. 3 means the fourth stream and etc.

snapshot_prefix	string[16]	Snapshot1_	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename. media_i0=> Snapshot1_ media_i1=> Snapshot2_ media_i2=> Snapshot3_ media_i3=> Snapshot4_ media_i4=> Snapshot5_
snapshot_datesuffix	0, 1	0	6/6	Add date and time suffix to filename: 1 = Add date and time suffix. 0 = Do not add.
snapshot_preevent	0 ~ 7	1	6/6	Indicates the number of pre-event images.
snapshot_postevent	0 ~ 7	1	6/6	The number of post-event images.
videoclip_source	<integer>	0	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream. 0 means the first stream. 1 means the second stream and etc. 2 means the third stream and etc. 3 means the fourth stream and etc.
videoclip_prefix	string[16]	VideoClip1_	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
videoclip_preevent	0 ~ 9	0	6/6	Indicates the time for pre-event recording in seconds.
videoclip_maxduration	1 ~ 20	5	6/6	Maximum duration of one video clip in seconds.
videoclip_maxsize	50 ~ 8192	500	6/6	Maximum size of one video clip file in Kbytes.

7.33 Recording

Group: **recording_i<0~1>**

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
name	string[40]	NULL	6/6	Identification of this entry.
trigger	schedule, networkfail	schedule	6/6	The event trigger type schedule: The event is triggered by schedule networkfail: The event is triggered by the failure of network connection.
enable	0, 1	0	6/6	Enable or disable this recording.

priority	0, 1, 2	1	6/6	Indicate the priority of this recording: "0" indicates low priority. "1" indicates normal priority. "2" indicates high priority.
source	0~3	0	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream. 0 means the first stream. 1 means the second stream and so on.
limitsize	0,1	0	6/6	0: Entire free space mechanism 1: Limit recording size mechanism
cyclic	0,1	0	6/6	0: Disable cyclic recording 1: Enable cyclic recording
notify	0,1	1	6/6	0: Disable recording notification 1: Enable recording notification
notifyserver	0~31	0	6/6	Indicate which notification server is scheduled. One bit represents one application server (server_i0~i4). bit0 (LSB) = server_i0. bit1 = server_i1. bit2 = server_i2. bit3 = server_i3. bit4 = server_i4. For example, enable server_i0, server_i2, and server_i4 as notification servers; the notifyserver value is 21.

weekday	0~127	127	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled. One bit represents one weekday. bit0 (LSB) = Saturday bit1 = Friday bit2 = Thursday bit3 = Wednesday bit4 = Tuesday bit5 = Monday bit6 = Sunday For example, to detect events on Friday and Sunday, set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	00:00	6/6	Start time of the weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	24:00	6/6	End time of the weekly schedule. (00:00~24:00 indicates schedule always on)
prefix	string[16]	<blank>	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
cyclesize	200~	100	6/6	The maximum size for cycle recording in Kbytes when choosing to limit recording size. (not used in FE8174, FE8181)
reserveamount	0~	100	6/6	The reserved amount in Mbytes when choosing cyclic recording mechanism.
dest	cf, 0~4	cf	6/6	The destination to store the recorded data. "cf" means local storage (CF or SD card). "0" means the index of the network storage.
cffolder	string[128]	NULL	6/6	Folder name.
filesize	102400~2048000	102400	6/6	Unit: Mega bytes. When this condition is reached, recording file is truncated.
duration	0~3600	60	6/6	Unit: Minute When this condition is reached, recording file is truncated.

adaptive_enable <product dependent>	0,1	0	6/6	Indicate whether the adaptive recording is enabled
adaptive_preevent <product dependent>	0~9	1	6/6	Indicate when is the adaptive recording started before the event trigger point (seconds)
adaptive_postevent <product dependent>	0~10	1	6/6	Indicate when is the adaptive recording stopped after the event trigger point (seconds)

7.34

Group: **https** (capability.protocol.https > 0)

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	6/6	To enable or disable secure HTTP.
policy	<Boolean>	0	6/6	If the value is 1, it will force HTTP connection redirect to HTTPS connection
method	auto, manual, install	auto	6/6	auto => Create self-signed certificate automatically. manual => Create self-signed certificate manually. install => Create certificate request and install.
status	-3 ~ 1	0	6/6	Specify the https status. -3 = Certificate not installed -2 = Invalid public key -1 = Waiting for certificate 0 = Not installed 1 = Active
countryname	string[2]	TW	6/6	Country name in the certificate information.
stateorprovincename	string[128]	Asia	6/6	State or province name in the certificate information.
localityname	string[128]	Asia	6/6	The locality name in the certificate information.
organizationname	string[64]	Vivotek Inc.	6/6	Organization name in the certificate information.

unit	string[64]	Vivotek Inc.	6/6	Organizational unit name in the certificate information.
commonname	string[64]	www.vivotek.com	6/6	Common name in the certificate information.
validdays	0 ~ 3650	3650	6/6	Valid period for the certification.

7.35 Storage management setting

Currently it's for local storage (SD, CF card)

Group: **disk_i<0~(n-1)>** n is the total number of storage devices. (**capability.storage.dbenabled > 0**)

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
cyclic_enabled	<boolean>	0	6/6	Enable cyclic storage method.
autocleanup_enabled	<boolean>	0	6/6	Enable automatic clean up method. Expired and not locked media files will be deleted.
autocleanup_maxage	<positive integer>	7	6/6	To specify the expired days for automatic clean up.

7.36 ePTZ setting

Group: **eptz_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product. (**capability.eptz > 0**)

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
tiltspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/4	Tilt speed
panspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/4	Pan speed
zoomspeed	-5 ~ 5	0	1/4	Zoom speed
panoramicspeed	1 ~ 5	1	1/4	Panoramic speed
rotatespeed	1 ~ 5	1	1/4	Rotate speed

Group: **eptz_c<0~(n-1)>_s<0~(m-1)>** for n channel product and m is the number of streams which support ePTZ. (**capability.eptz > 0**)

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
patrolseq	string[120]	<blank>	1/4	The patrol sequence of ePTZ. All the patrol position indexes will be separated by ","

preset_i<0~19>_name	string[40]	<blank>	1/4	Name of ePTZ preset.
preset_i<0~19>_pos	<coordinate>	<blank>	1/4	Coordinate of the preset. (It should be get from plugin: x, y, z, zfactor, scroll)

7.37 Fisheye info

Group: fisheyeinfo

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
revisedcenteraxis	<coordinate>	<product dependent>	6/99	The actual center axis coordinate
radius	<integer>	<product dependent>	6/99	The actual center radius

7.38 Seamless recording setting

Group: **seamlessrecording** (capability.localstorage.seamless > 0)

PARAMETER	VALUE	Default	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
diskmode	seamless, manageable	seamless	1/6	“seamless” indicates enable seamless recording. “manageable” indicates disable seamless recording.
maxconnection	3	3	1/6	Maximum number of connected seamless streaming.
stream	0~3	1	1/6	(Internal used, read only)
output	0~3	2	1/6	(Internal used, read only)
enable	<boolean>	0	1/6	Indicate whether seamless recording is recording to local storage or not at present. (Read only)
guid<0~2>_id	string[127]	<blank>	1/6	The connected seamless streaming ID. (Read only)
guid<0~2>_number	0~3	0	1/6	Number of connected seamless streaming with guid<0~2>_id. (Read only)

7.39 genetec info

Group: genetec

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
image_contrast	<integer>	<product dependent>	7/7	Only for genetec omnicast
image_brightness	<integer>	<product dependent>	7/7	Only for genetec omnicast
motion_i<0~4>	<integer>	<product dependent>	7/7	Only for genetec omnicast

7.40 VIVOTEK Application Development Platform setting

Group: vadp

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
version	<string>	<product dependent>	6/7	Indicate the VADP version.
resource_total_video	<integer>	<product dependent>	6/7	Indicate total video resource number of the system.
resource_total_audio	<integer>	<product dependent>	6/7	Indicate total audio resource number of the system.
resource_total_do	<integer>	<product dependent>	6/7	Indicate total DO resource number of the system.
resource_total_memory	<integer>	<product dependent>	6/7	Indicate total available memory size for VADP modules.
resource_total_storage	<integer>	<product dependent>	6/7	Indicate total size of the internal storage space for storing VADP modules.
resource_free_video	<integer>	<product dependent>	6/7	Indicate free video resource number of the system.
resource_free_audio	<integer>	<product dependent>	6/7	Indicate free audio resource number of the

				system.
resource_free_do	<integer>	<product dependent>	6/7	Indicate free DO resource number of the system.
resource_free_memory	<integer>	<product dependent>	6/7	Indicate free memory size for VADP modules.
resource_free_storage	<integer>	<product dependent>	6/7	Indicate current free storage size for uploading VADP modules.
module_number	<integer>	0	6/7	Record the total module number that already stored in the system.
module_order	string[40]	<blank>	6/6	The execution order of the enabled modules.
module_save2sd	<boolean>	<product dependent>	6/6	Indicate if the module should be saved to SD card when user want to upload it. If the value is false, save module to the internal storage space and it will occupy storage size.

Group: vadp_module_i<0~(n-1)>

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean>	0	6/6	Indicate if the module is enabled or not. If yes, also add the index of this module to the module_order.
name	string[40]	<blank>	6/6	Module name
url	string[120]	<blank>	6/6	Define the URL string after the IP address if the module provides its own web page.
vender	string[40]	<blank>	6/6	The provider of the module.
vendorurl	string[120]	<blank>	6/6	URL of the vendor.

version	string[40]	<blank>	6/6	Version of the module.
license	string[40]	<blank>	6/6	Indicate the license status of the module.
path	string[40]	<blank>	6/6	Record the storage path of the module.
initscr	string[40]	<blank>	6/6	The script that will handle operation commands from the system.
status	string[40]	<blank>	6/6	Indicate the running status of the module.

7.41 Fisheye local dewarp setting

Group: **fisheyedewarp_c<n>**, where n = channel index from 0 ~ "capability_nvideoin"-1

NAME	VALUE	DEFAULT	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
panspeed	-5 ~ 5 <integer>	0	1/4	Pan speed of regional view
tiltspeed	-5 ~ 5 <integer>	0	1/4	Tilt speed of regional view
zoomspeed	-5 ~ 5 <integer>	0	1/4	Zoom speed of regional
s<0~(m-2)>_panorama_panstart	0~359 <integer>	0	1/4	Initial pan position of panorama view. (only available for 1P and 2P mode at ceiling or floor mount)
s<0~(m-2)>_region_n_pan	-90~359 <integer>	315	1/4	Pan home angle of regional view Pan range of ceiling/floor mount is [0~359]. Pan range of wall mount is [-90~90].
s<0~(m-2)>_region_n_tilt	-90~90 <integer>	40	1/4	Tilt home angle of regional view Tilt range of ceiling/floor mount is [0~90]. Tilt range of wall mount is

				[-90~90].
s<0~(m-2)>_region_zoom	100~300 <integer>	100	1/4	Zoom home ratio of regional view

8. Useful Functions

8.1 Drive the Digital Output (**capability.ndo > 0**)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=<state>[&do2=<state>]
[&do3=<state>][&do4=<state>]
```

Where state is 0 or 1; "0" means inactive or normal state, while "1" means active or triggered state.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
do<num>	0, 1	0 – Inactive, normal state
		1 – Active, triggered state

Example: Drive the digital output 1 to triggered state and redirect to an empty page.

<http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1>

8.2 Query Status of the Digital Input (**capability.ndi > 0**)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?[di0][&di1][&di2][&di3]
```

If no parameter is specified, all of the digital input statuses will be returned.

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: <length>\r\n
\r\n
[di0=<state>]\r\n
[di1=<state>]\r\n
[di2=<state>]\r\n
[di3=<state>]\r\n
```

where <state> can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital input 1 .

Request:

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?di1
```

Response:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: 7\r\n
\r\n
di1=1\r\n
```

8.3 Query Status of the Digital Output (**capability.ndo > 0**)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?\[do0\]\[&do1\]\[&do2\]\[&do3\]
```

If no parameter is specified, all the digital output statuses will be returned.

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: <length>\r\n
\r\n
[do0=<state>]\r\n
[do1=<state>]\r\n
[do2=<state>]\r\n
[do3=<state>]\r\n
```

where <state> can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital output 1.

Request:

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?do1
```

Response:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: 7\r\n
```

```
\r\n
do1=1\r\n
```

8.4 3D Privacy Mask (FE8173/FE8174/FE8181 not support)

Note: This request requires admin user privilege

<SD81X1> You can set privacy mask only at zoom 1x. To go back to zoom 1x directly, please send this cgi command: "/cgi-bin/camctrl/camposition.cgi?setzoom=0"

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/setpm3d.cgi?method=<value>&name=<value>&[maskheight=<value>&maskwidth=<value>&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
method	add	Add a 3D privacy mask at current location
	delete	Delete a 3D privacy mask
	edit	Edit a 3D privacy mask
maskname	string[40]	3D privacy mask name
maskheight	integer	3D privacy mask height
maskwidth	integer	3D privacy mask width
return	<return page>	Redirect to page <return page> after the 3D privacy mask is configured. The <return page> can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

8.5 Capture Single Snapshot

Note: This request requires Normal User privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg?[channel=<value>][&resolution=<value>]
[&quality=<value>][&streamid=<value>]
```

If the user requests a size larger than all stream settings on the server, this request will fail.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
channel	0~(n-1)	0	The channel number of the video source.
resolution	<available resolution>	0	The resolution of the image.
quality	1~5	3	The quality of the image.
streamid	0~(m-1)	<product dependent>	The stream number.

The server will return the most up-to-date snapshot of the selected channel and stream in JPEG format. The size and quality of the image will be set according to the video settings on the server.

Note if the local dewarp mode is not "10", the resolution setting should be equal to the current setting; Otherwise the local dewarp mode will switch to "10" mode automatically.

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n
[Content-Length: <image size>]\r\n

<binary JPEG image data>
```

8.6 Account Management

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/editaccount.cgi?
method=<value>&username=<name>[&userpass=<value>][&privilege=<value>]
[&privilege=<value>][...][&return=<return page>]
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
method	Add	Add an account to the server. When using this method, the "username" field is necessary. It will use the default value of other fields if not specified.
	Delete	Remove an account from the server. When using this method, the "username" field is necessary, and others are ignored.
	edit	Modify the account password and privilege. When using this method, the "username" field is necessary, and other fields are optional. If not specified, it will keep the original settings.
username	<name>	The name of the user to add, delete, or edit.
userpass	<value>	The password of the new user to add or that of the old user to modify. The default value is an empty string.
Privilege	<value>	The privilege of the user to add or to modify.
	viewer	Viewer privilege.
	operator	Operator privilege.
	admin	Administrator privilege.
Return	<return page>	Redirect to the page <return page> after the parameter is assigned. The <return page> can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

8.7 System Logs

Note: This request require Administrator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/syslog.cgi
```

Server will return the most up-to-date system log.

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: <syslog length>\r\n
\r\n
<system log information>\r\n
```

8.8 Upgrade Firmware

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges.

Method: POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/upgrade.cgi
```

Post data:

```
fimage=<file name>[&return=<return page>]\r\n
\r\n
<multipart encoded form data>
```

Server will accept the file named <file name> to upgrade the firmware and return with <return page> if indicated.

8.9 Camera Control (capability.ptzenabled, not used in FE8174, FE8181)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cgi?[channel=<value>][&camid=<value>]
[&move=<value>] – Move home, up, down, left, right
[&focus=<value>] – Focus operation
[&iris=<value>] – Iris operation
[&auto=<value>] – Auto pan, patrol
[&zoom=<value>] – Zoom in, out
[&zooming=<value>&zs=<value>] – Zoom without stopping, used for joystick
[&vx=<value>&vy=<value>&vs=<value>] – Shift without stopping, used for joystick
[&x=<value>&y=<value>&videosize=<value>&resolution=<value>&stretch=<value>] – Click on image
(Move the center of image to the coordination (x,y) based on resolution or videosize.)
[ [&speedpan=<value>][&speedtilt=<value>][&speedzoom=<value>][&speedapp=<value>][&speedlink
=<value>] ] – Set speeds
[&return=<return page>]
```

Example:

<http://myserver/cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cgi?channel=0&camid=1&move=right>
<http://myserver/cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cgi?channel=0&camid=1&zoom=tele>
<http://myserver/cgi-bin/viewer/camctrl.cgi?channel=0&camid=1&x=300&y=200&resolution=704x480&vi deosize=704x480&streach=1>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of video source.
camid	0,<positive integer>	Camera ID.
move	home	Move to camera to home position.
	up	Move camera up.
	down	Move camera down.
	left	Move camera left.
	right	Move camera right.
speedpan	-5 ~ 5	Set the pan speed.

speedtilt	-5 ~ 5	Set the tilt speed.
speedzoom	-5 ~ 5	Set the zoom speed.
speedfocus	-5 ~ 5	Set the focus speed.
speedapp	-5 ~ 5	Set the auto pan/patrol speed.
auto	pan	Auto pan.
	patrol	Auto patrol.
	stop	Stop camera.
zoom	wide	Zoom larger view with current speed.
	tele	Zoom further with current speed.
	stop	Stop zoom.
zooming	wide or tele	Zoom without stopping for larger view or further view with zs speed, used for joystick control.
zs	0 ~ 6 0 ~ 15 <SD81X1>	Set the speed of zooming, "0" means stop.
vx	<integer , excluding 0>	The slope of movement = vy/vx, used for joystick control.
vy	<integer>	
vs	0 ~ 7 0 ~ 15 <SD81X1>	Set the speed of movement, "0" means stop.
x	<integer>	x-coordinate clicked by user. It will be the x-coordinate of center after movement.
y	<integer>	y-coordinate clicked by user. It will be the y-coordinate of center after movement.
videosize	<window size>	The size of plug-in (ActiveX) window in web page
resolution	<window size>	The resolution of streaming.
stretch	<boolean>	0 indicates that it uses resolution (streaming size) as the range of the coordinate system. 1 indicates that it uses videosize (plug-in size) as the range of the coordinate system.
focus	auto	Auto focus.
	far	Focus on further distance.
	near	Focus on closer distance.
iris	auto	Let the Network Camera control iris size.
	open	Manually control the iris for bigger size.
	close	Manually control the iris for smaller size.

speedlink	0 ~ 4	Issue speed link command.
gaptime	0~32768	The gaptime between two consecutive ptz commands for device. (unit: ms)
return	<return page>	Redirect to the page <return page> after the parameter is assigned. The <return page> can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

8.10 ePTZ Camera Control (capability.eptz > 0, not used in FE8174, FE8181)

Note: This request requires camctrl privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/camctrl/eCamCtrl.cgi?channel=<value>&stream=<value>
[&move=<value>] - Move home, up, down, left, right
[&auto=<value>] - Auto pan, patrol
[&zoom=<value>] - Zoom in, out
[&zooming=<value>&zs=<value>] - Zoom without stopping, used for joystick
[&vx=<value>&vy=<value>&vs=<value>] - Shift without stopping, used for joystick
[&x=<value>&y=<value>&videosize=<value>&resolution=<value>&stretch=<value>] - Click on image
(Move the center of image to the coordination (x,y) based on resolution or videosize.)
[ [&speedpan=<value>][&speedtilt=<value>][&speedzoom=<value>][&speedapp=<value>] ] - Set
speeds
[&return=<return page>]
```

Example:

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/eCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=0&move=right
http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/eCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=1&vx=2&vy=2&vz=2
http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/eCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=1&x=100&y=100&videosize=640x480&resolution=640x480&stretch=0
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of video source.
stream	<0~(m-1)>	Stream.
move	home	Move to home ROI.
	up	Move up.

	down	Move down.
	left	Move left.
	right	Move right.
auto	pan	Auto pan.
	patrol	Auto patrol.
	stop	Stop auto pan/patrol.
zoom	wide	Zoom larger view with current speed.
	tele	Zoom further with current speed.
zooming	wide or tele	Zoom without stopping for larger view or further view with zs speed, used for joystick control.
zs	0 ~ 6	Set the speed of zooming, "0" means stop.
vx	<integer>	The direction of movement, used for joystick control.
vy	<integer>	
vs	0 ~ 7	Set the speed of movement, "0" means stop.
x	<integer>	x-coordinate clicked by user. It will be the x-coordinate of center after movement.
y	<integer>	y-coordinate clicked by user. It will be the y-coordinate of center after movement.
videosize	<window size>	The size of plug-in (ActiveX) window in web page
resolution	<window size>	The resolution of streaming.
stretch	<boolean>	0 indicates that it uses resolution (streaming size) as the range of the coordinate system. 1 indicates that it uses videosize (plug-in size) as the range of the coordinate system.
speedpan	-5 ~ 5	Set the pan speed.
speedtilt	-5 ~ 5	Set the tilt speed.
speedzoom	-5 ~ 5	Set the zoom speed.
speedapp	1 ~ 5	Set the auto pan/patrol speed.
return	<return page>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path.

8.11 Recall (capability.ptzenabled, not used in FE8174, FE8181)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/recall.cgi?
recall=<value>[&channel=<value>][&return=<return page>]
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
recall	Text string less than 30 characters	One of the present positions to recall.
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
return	<return page>	Redirect to the page <return page> after the parameter is assigned. The <return page> can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

8.12 ePTZ Recall (capability.eptz > 0, not used in FE8174, FE8181)

Note: This request requires camctrl privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/camctrl/eRecall.cgi?channel=<value>&stream=<value>&
recall=<value>[&return=<return page>]
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
stream	<0~(m-1)>	Stream.
recall	Text string less than 40 characters	One of the present positions to recall.
return	<return page>	Redirect to the page <return page> after the parameter is assigned. The <return page> can be a full URL path or relative

		path according to the current path.
--	--	-------------------------------------

8.13 Preset Locations (capability.ptzenabled, not used in FE8174, FE8181)

Note: This request requires Operator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/preset.cgi?[channel=<value>] [&addpos=<value>][&delpo=<value>][&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
addpos	<Text string less than 30 characters>	Add one preset location to the preset list.
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
delpo	<Text string less than 30 characters>	Delete preset location from preset list.
return	<return page>	Redirect to the page <return page> after the parameter is assigned. The <return page> can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

8.14 ePTZ Preset Locations (capability.eptz > 0, not used in FE8174, FE8181)

Note: This request requires Operator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/ePreset.cgi?channel=<value>&stream=<value> [&addpos=<value>][&delpo=<value>][&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.

stream	<0~(m-1)>	Stream.
addpos	<Text string less than 40 characters>	Add one preset location to the preset list.
delpos	<Text string less than 40 characters>	Delete preset location from the preset list.
return	<return page>	Redirect to the page <return page> after the parameter is assigned. The <return page> can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path.

8.15 Fisheye local dewarp camera control (capability).

fisheyelocaldewarp.c0 > 0, only support in 1R mode)

Note: This request requires camctrl privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/camctrl/fdCamCtrl.cgi?channel=<value>&stream=<value>
[&move=<value>] - Move home, up, down, left, right
[&zoom=<value>] - Zoom wide, tele
[[&speedpan=<value>][&speedtilt=<value>][&speedzoom=<value>]] - Set speeds
[&zooming=<value>&zs=<value>] - Zoom without stopping, used for joystick
[&vx=<value>&vy=<value>&vs=<value>] - Shift without stopping, used for joystick
[&x=<value>&y=<value>&videosize=<value>&resolution=<value>&stretch=<value>] - Click on image
(Move the center of image to the coordination (x,y) based on resolution or videosize of 1O mode.)
[&return=<return page>]
```

Example: (See chapter 錯誤! 找不到參照來源。 for more information)

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/fdCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=0&move=right
http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/fdCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=0&zoom=tele
http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/fdCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=0&move=top&speedtilt=-1
http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/fdCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=0&zooming=tele&zs=2
http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/fdCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=0&vx=5&vy=3&vs=2
http://myserver/cgi-bin/camctrl/fdCamCtrl.cgi?channel=0&stream=0&x=700&y=700&videosize=1920x1920&resolution=1920x1920&stretch=1
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of video source.
stream	<0~(m-1)>	Stream.
move	home	Move to home position.

	up	Move up.
	down	Move down.
	left	Move left.
	right	Move right.
zoom	wide	Zoom larger view with current speed.
	tele	Zoom further with current speed.
speedpan	-5 ~ 5	Set the pan speed of current command.
speedtilt	-5 ~ 5	Set the tilt speed of current command.
speedzoom	-5 ~ 5	Set the zoom speed of current command.
zooming	wide or tele	Zoom without stopping for larger view or further view with zs speed, used for joystick control.
zs	0 ~ 6	Set the speed of zooming, "0" means stop.
vx	-6 ~ 6	The direction of movement, used for joystick control.
	-6 ~ 6	
vy	-6 ~ 6	
vs	0 ~ 7	Set the speed of movement, "0" means stop.
x	<integer>	x-coordinate clicked by user. It will be the x-coordinate of center after movement.
y	<integer>	y-coordinate clicked by user. It will be the y-coordinate of center after movement.
videosize	<window size>	The size of plug-in (ActiveX) window in web page of 1O content.
resolution	<window size>	The resolution of streaming of 1O content.
stretch	<boolean>	0 indicates that it uses resolution (streaming size) as the range of the coordinate system. 1 indicates that it uses videosize (plug-in size) as the range of the coordinate system.
return	<return page>	Redirect to the page <return page> after the parameter is assigned. The <return page> can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

8.16 IP Filtering

Note: This request requires Administrator access privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax: <product dependent>

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi?type[=<value>]
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi?method=add<v4/v6>&ip=<ipaddress>[&index=<value>]
[&return=<return page>]
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi?method=del<v4/v6>&index=<value>[&return=<return
page>]
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
type	NULL	Get IP filter type
	allow, deny	Set IP filter type
method	addv4	Add IPv4 address into access list.
	addv6	Add IPv6 address into access list.
	delv4	Delete IPv4 address from access list.
	delv6	Delete IPv6 address from access list.
ip	<IP address>	Single address: <IP address> Network address: <IP address / network mask> Range address:<start IP address - end IP address>
index	<value>	The start position to add or to delete.
return	<return page>	Redirect to the page <return page> after the parameter is assigned. The <return page> can be a full URL path or relative path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

8.17 UART HTTP Tunnel Channel (**capability.nuart > 0**)

Note: This request requires Operator privileges.

Method: GET and POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/uartchannel.cgi?[channel=<value>]
```

```
GET /cgi-bin/operator/uartchannel.cgi?[channel=<value>]
```

```
x-sessioncookie: string[22]
```

```
accept: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled
```

```
pragma: no-cache
```

```
cache-control: no-cache
```

```
POST /cgi-bin/operator/uartchannel.cgi
```

```
x-sessioncookie: string[22]
```

```
content-type: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled
```

```
pragma : no-cache
```

```
cache-control : no-cache
```

```
content-length: 32767
```

```
expires: Sun, 9 Jan 1972 00:00:00 GMT
```

User must use GET and POST to establish two channels for downstream and upstream. The x-sessioncookie in GET and POST should be the same to be recognized as a pair for one session. The contents of upstream should be base64 encoded to be able to pass through a proxy server.

This channel will help to transfer the raw data of UART over the network.

Please see UART tunnel spec for detail information

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	0 ~ (n-1)	The channel number of UART.

8.18 Event/Control HTTP Tunnel Channel (capability).

evctrlchannel > 0)

Note: This request requires **Administrator** privileges.

Method: GET and POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/ctrlevent.cgi
```

```
-----  
GET /cgi-bin/admin/ctrlevent.cgi
```

```
x-sessioncookie: string[22]
```

```
accept: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled
```

```
pragma: no-cache
```

```
cache-control: no-cache
```

```
-----  
POST /cgi-bin/admin/ ctrlevent.cgi
```

```
x-sessioncookie: string[22]
```

```
content-type: application/x-vvtk-tunnelled
```

```
pragma : no-cache
```

```
cache-control : no-cache
```

```
content-length: 32767
```

```
expires: Sun, 9 Jan 1972 00:00:00 GMT
```

User must use GET and POST to establish two channels for downstream and upstream. The x-sessioncookie in GET and POST should be the same to be recognized as a pair for one session. The contents of upstream should be base64 encoded to be able to pass through the proxy server.

This channel will help perform real-time event subscription and notification as well as camera control more efficiently. The event and control formats are described in another document.

See Event/control tunnel spec for detail information

8.19 Get SDP of Streams

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/<network_rtsp_s<0~m-1>_accessname>
```

“m” is the stream number.

“network_accessname_<0~(m-1)>” is the accessname for stream “1” to stream “m”. Please refer to the “subgroup of network: rtsp” for setting the accessname of SDP.

You can get the SDP by HTTP GET.

When using scalable multicast, Get SDP file which contains the multicast information via HTTP.

8.20 Open the Network Stream

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

For HTTP push server (MJPEG):

```
http://<servername>/<network_http_s<0~m-1>_accessname>
```

For RTSP (MP4), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

```
rtsp://<servername>/<network_rtsp_s<0~m-1>_accessname>
```

“m” is the stream number.

For details on streaming protocol, please refer to the “control signaling” and “data format” documents.

8.21 Senddata (capability.nuart > 0)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/senddata.cgi?
[com=<value>][&data=<value>][&flush=<value>] [&wait=<value>] [&read=<value>]
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
com	1 ~ <max. com port number>	The target COM/RS485 port number.
data	<hex decimal data>[,<hex decimal data>]	The <hex decimal data> is a series of digits from 0 ~ 9, A ~ F. Each comma separates the commands by 200 milliseconds.
flush	yes,no	yes: Receive data buffer of the COM port will be cleared before read. no: Do not clear the receive data buffer.
wait	1 ~ 65535	Wait time in milliseconds before read data.
read	1 ~ 128	The data length in bytes to read. The read data will be in the return page.

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: <system information length>\r\n
\r\n
<hex decimal data>\r\n
```

Where hexadecimal data is digits from 0 ~ 9, A ~ F.

8.22 Storage managements (capability.storage.dbenabled > 0)

Note: This request requires **administrator** privileges.

Method: GET and POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lctrl.cgi?cmd=<cmd_type>[&<parameter>=<value>...]

The commands usage and their input arguments are as follows.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
cmd_type	<string>	Required. Command to be executed, including <i>search</i> , <i>insert</i> , <i>delete</i> , <i>update</i> , and <i>queryStatus</i> .

Command: **search**

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
label	<integer primary key>	Optional. The integer primary key column will automatically be assigned a unique integer.
triggerType	<text>	Optional. Indicate the event trigger type. Please embrace your input value with single quotes. Ex. mediaType='motion' Support trigger types are product dependent.
mediaType	<text>	Optional. Indicate the file media type. Please embrace your input value with single quotes. Ex. mediaType='videoclip' Support trigger types are product dependent.
destPath	<text>	Optional. Indicate the file location in camera. Please embrace your input value with single quotes. Ex. destPath ='/mnt/auto/CF/NCMF/abc.mp4'
resolution	<text>	Optional. Indicate the media file resolution. Please embrace your input value with single quotes. Ex. resolution='800x600'
isLocked	<boolean>	Optional.

		Indicate if the file is locked or not. 0: file is not locked. 1: file is locked. A locked file would not be removed from UI or cyclic storage.
triggerTime	<text>	Optional. Indicate the event trigger time. (not the file created time) Format is "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS" Please embrace your input value with single quotes. Ex. triggerTime='2008-01-01 00:00:00' If you want to search for a time period, please apply "TO" operation. Ex. triggerTime='2008-01-01 00:00:00'+TO+'2008-01-01 23:59:59' is to search for records from the start of Jan 1 st 2008 to the end of Jan 1 st 2008.
limit	<positive integer>	Optional. Limit the maximum number of returned search records.
offset	<positive integer>	Optional. Specifies how many rows to skip at the beginning of the matched records. Note that the offset keyword is used after limit keyword.

To increase the flexibility of search command, you may use "OR" connectors for logical "OR" search operations.

Moreover, to search for a specific time period, you can use "TO" connector.

Ex. To search records triggered by motion or di or sequential and also triggered between 2008-01-01 00:00:00 and 2008-01-01 23:59:59.

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lctrl.cgi?cmd=search&triggerType='motion'+OR+'di'+OR+'seq'&triggerTime='2008-01-01 00:00:00'+TO+'2008-01-01 23:59:59'
```

Command: **delete**

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
label	<integer primary key>	Required. Identify the designated record. Ex. label=1

Ex. Delete records whose key numbers are 1, 4, and 8.

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lctrl.cgi?cmd=delete&label=1&label=4&label=8
```

Command: **update**

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
-----------	-------	-------------

label	<integer primary key>	Required. Identify the designated record. Ex. label=1
isLocked	<boolean>	Required. Indicate if the file is locked or not.

Ex. Update records whose key numbers are 1 and 5 to be locked status.

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lctrl.cgi?cmd=update&isLocked=1&label=1&label=5
```

Ex. Update records whose key numbers are 2 and 3 to be unlocked status.

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lctrl.cgi?cmd=update&isLocked=0&label=2&label=3
```

Command: queryStatus

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
retType	xml or javascript	Optional. Ex. retype=javascript The default return message is in XML format.

Ex. Query local storage status and call for javascript format return message.

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lctrl.cgi?cmd=queryStatus&retType=javascript
```

8.23 Virtual input (capability.nvi > 0)

Note: Change virtual input (manual trigger) status.

Method: GET

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/setvi.cgi?vi0=<value>[&vi1=<value>][&vi2=<value>]  
[&return=<return page>]
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
vi<num>	state[(duration)nstate] Where "state" is 0, 1. "0" means inactive or normal state while "1" means active or triggered state. Where "nstate" is next	Ex: vi0=1 Setting virtual input 0 to trigger state Ex: vi0=0(200)1 Setting virtual input 0 to normal state, waiting 200 milliseconds , setting it to trigger state. Note that when the virtual input is waiting for next state,

	state after duration.	it cannot accept new requests.
return	<return page>	Redirect to the page <return page> after the request is completely assigned. The <return page> can be a full URL path or relative path according the current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.

Return Code	Description
200	The request is successfully executed.
400	<p>The request cannot be assigned, ex. incorrect parameters.</p> <p>Examples:</p> <p>setvi.cgi?vi0=0(10000)1(15000)0(20000)1</p> <p>No multiple duration.</p> <p>setvi.cgi?vi3=0</p> <p>VI index is out of range.</p> <p>setvi.cgi?vi=1</p> <p>No VI index is specified.</p>
503	<p>The resource is unavailable, ex. Virtual input is waiting for next state.</p> <p>Examples:</p> <p>setvi.cgi?vi0=0(15000)1</p> <p>setvi.cgi?vi0=1</p> <p>Request 2 will not be accepted during the execution time(15 seconds).</p>

8.24 Open Timeshift Stream (capability.timeshift > 0, timeshift_enable=1, timeshift_c<n>_s<m>_allow=1)

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

For HTTP push server (MJPEG):

```
http://<servername>/<network_http_s<m>_accessname>?maxsft=<value>[&tsmode=<value>&reftime=<value>&forcechk&minsft=<value>]
```

For RTSP (MP4 and H264), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

```
rtsp://<servername>/<network_rtsp_s<m>_accessname>?maxsft=<value>[&tsmode=<value>&reftime=<value>&forcechk&minsft=<value>]
```

“n” is the channel index.

“m” is the timeshift stream index.

For details on timeshift stream, please refer to the “TimeshiftCaching” documents.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
maxsft	<positive interger>	0	Request cached stream at most how many seconds ago.
tsmode	normal, adaptive	normal	<p>Streaming mode: normal => Full FPS all the time. adaptive => Default send only I-frame for MP4 and H.264, and send 1 FPS for MJPEG. If DI or motion window are triggered, the streaming is changed to send full FPS for 10 seconds.</p> <p>(*Note: this parameter also works on non-timeshift streams.)</p>
reftime	mm:ss	The time camera receives the request.	<p>Reference time for maxsft and minsft. (This provides more precise time control to eliminate the inaccuracy due to network latency.) Ex: Request the streaming from 12:20 rtsp://10.0.0.1/live.sdp?maxsft=10&reftime=12:30</p>
forcechk	N/A	N/A	<p>Check if the requested stream enables timeshift, feature and if minsft is achievable. If false, return “415 Unsupported Media Type”.</p>
minsft	<positive interger>	0	<p>How many seconds of cached stream client can accept at least. (Used by forcechk)</p>

Return Code	Description
400 Bad Request	Request is rejected because some parameter values are illegal.
415 Unsupported Media Type	Returned, if forcechk appears, when minsft is not achievable or the timeshift feature of the target stream is not enabled.

8. 25 Open Anystream (capability.nanystream > 0)

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

For HTTP push server (MJPEG):

```
http://<servername>/videoany.mjpg?codectype=mjpeg[&resolution=<value>&mjpeg_quant=<value>&mjpeg_qvalue=<value>&mjpeg_maxframe=<value>]
```

For RTSP (MPEG4), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

```
rtsp://<servername>/liveany.sdp?codectype=mpeg4[&resolution=<value>&mpeg4_intraperiod=<value>&mpeg4_ratecontrolmode=<value>&mpeg4_quant=<value>&mpeg4_qvalue=<value>&mpeg4_bitrate=<value>&mpeg4_maxframe=<value>]
```

For RTSP (H264), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

```
rtsp://<servername>/liveany.sdp?codectype=h264[&resolution=<value>&h264_intraperiod=<value>&h264_ratecontrolmode=<value>& h264_quant=<value>& h264_qvalue=<value>&h264_bitrate=<value>& h264_maxframe=<value>]
```

<product dependent>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
codectype	mjpeg, mpeg4, h264 <product dependent>	N/A	Set codec type for Anystream.
solution	capability_videoin_resolution	<product dependent>	Video resolution in pixels.
mjpeg_quant	0, 1~5 99, 1~5 <product dependent>	3	Quality of JPEG video. 0,99 is the customized manual input setting. 1 = worst quality, 5 = best quality. <product dependent>
mjpeg_qvalue	10~200 2~97 <product dependent>	50 <product dependent>	Manual video quality level input. (This must be present if mjpeg_quant is equal to 0, 99) <product dependent>
mjpeg_maxframe	1~25, 26~30 (only for NTSC or 60Hz CMOS)	15	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for JPEG).
mpeg4_intraperiod	250, 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000	1000	Intra frame period in milliseconds.

mpeg4_ratecontrolmode	cbr, vbr	vbr	cbr: constant bitrate vbr: fix quality
mpeg4_quant	0, 1~5 99, 1~5 <product dependent>	3	Quality of video when choosing vbr in "mpeg4_ratecontrolmode". 0,99 is the customized manual input setting. 1 = worst quality, 5 = best quality. <product dependent>
mpeg4_qvalue	1~31 2~31 <product dependent>	7 <product dependent>	Manual video quality level input. (This must be present if mpeg4_quant is equal to 0, 99) <product dependent> <product dependent>
mpeg4_bitrate	1000~8000000 1000~4000000 <product dependent>	512000 <product dependent>	Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "mpeg4_ratecontrolmode".
mpeg4_maxframe	1~25, 26~30 (only for NTSC or 60Hz CMOS)	10 15 <product dependent>	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for MPEG-4).
h264_intraperiod	250, 500, 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000	1000	Intra frame period in milliseconds.
h264_ratecontrolmode	cbr, vbr	vbr	cbr: constant bitrate vbr: fix quality
h264_quant	0, 1~5 99, 1~5 <product dependent>	3	Quality of video when choosing vbr in "h264_ratecontrolmode". 0,99 is the customized manual input setting. 1 = worst quality, 5 = best quality. <product dependent>
h264_qvalue	0~51 <product dependent>	30 <product dependent>	Manual video quality level input. (This must be present if h264_quant is equal to 0, 99) <product dependent>
h264_bitrate	1000~8000000 1000~4000000 <product dependent>	512000 <product dependent>	Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in "h264_ratecontrolmode".
h264_maxframe	1~25, 26~30 (only for NTSC or 60Hz CMOS)	10 15 <product	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for H264).

		dependent>	
--	--	------------	--

8.26 Export Files

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges.

Method: GET

Syntax:

For daylight saving time configuration file:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/exportDst.cgi

For language file:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/export_language.cgi?currentlanguage=<value>

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
currentlanguage	0~20	Available language lists. Please refer to: system_info_language_i0 ~ system_info_language_i19.

For setting backup file:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/export_backup.cgi?backup
--

8.27 Upload Files

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges.

Method: POST

Syntax:

For daylight saving time configuration file:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/upload_dst.cgi
--

Post data:

filename =<file name>\r\n\r\n<multipart encoded form data>
--

For language file:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/upload_lan.cgi
--

Post data:

```
filename =<file name>\r\n
```

```
\r\n
```

```
<multipart encoded form data>
```

For setting backup file:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/upload\_backup.cgi
```

Post data:

```
filename =<file name>\r\n
```

```
\r\n
```

```
<multipart encoded form data>
```

Server will accept the file named <file name> to upload this one to camera.

8.28 Media on demand

Media on demand allows users to select and receive/watch/listen to metadata/video/audio contents on demand.

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

```
rtsp://<servername>/mod.sdp? [&stime=<value>][&etime=<value>][&length=<value>][&loctime=<value>][&file=<value>][&tsmode=<value>]
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
stime	<YYYYMMDD_HHMMSS.MMM>	N/A	Start time.
etime	<YYYYMMDD_HHMMSS.MMM>	N/A	End time.
length	<positive integer>	N/A	The length of media of interest. The unit is second.
loctime	<boolean>	0	Specify if start/end time is local time format. 1 for local time, 0 for UTC+0
file	<string>	N/A	The media file to be played.
tsmode	<positive integer>	N/A	Timeshift mode, the unit is second.

Ex.

stime	etime	length	file	Description
V	V	X	X	Play recordings between stime and etime rtsp://10.10.1.2/mod.sdp?stime=20110312_040400.000 &etime=2011_0312_040510.000
V	X	V	X	Play recordings for length seconds which start from stime rtsp://10.10.1.2/mod.sdp?stime=20110312_040400.000

				&length=120
X	V	V	X	Play recordings for length seconds which ends at etime rtsp://10.10.1.2/mod.sdp?etime=20110312_040400.000 &length=120
X	X	X	V	Play file file rtsp://10.10.1.2/mod.sdp?filename=/mnt/link0/

<End of document>

Technical Specifications

Technical Specifications

Model		FE8181/81V	Intelligent Video	
System Information			Video Motion Detection	
CPU		Multimedia SoC (System-on-Chip)	Five-window video motion detection	
Flash		128 MB	Alarm and Event	
RAM		256 MB	Alarm Triggers	
Camera Features			Video motion detection, manual trigger, digital input, periodical trigger, system boot, recording notification, camera tampering detection	
Image Sensor		1/2.5" Progressive CMOS in 2560 x 1920 resolution	Alarm Events	
Maximum Resolution		1920x1920	Event notification using digital output, HTTP, SMTP, FTP and NAS server File upload via HTTP, SMTP, FTP and NAS server	
Lens Type		Fixed-focal	General	
Focal Length		f = 1.5 mm	Connectors	
Aperture		F2.8	RJ-45 cable connector for Network/PoE connection Audio input Audio output DC 12V power input Digital input*1 Digital output*1	
Field of View		180° (Horizontal) 180° (Vertical) 180° (Diagonal)	LED Indicator	
Shutter Time		1/5 sec. to 1/32,000 sec.	System power and status indicator	
WDR Technology		WDR Enhanced	Power Input	
Day/Night		Removable IR-cut filter for day & night function	DC 12V IEEE 802.3at PoE Class 4	
Minimum Illumination		0.6 Lux @ F2.8 (Color) 0.01 Lux @ F2.8 (B/W) 0 Lux @ IR LED ON	Power Consumption	
Preset Locations		20	Max. 22 W (DC 12V) Max. 23 W (PoE+)	
Pan/tilt/zoom Functionality		ePTZ: 12x digital zoom (12x on IE plug-in)	Dimensions	
IR Illuminators		Built-in IR illuminators, effective up to 10 meters IR LED*6	Ø160 x 39 mm (FE8181) Ø160 x 51 mm (FE8181V)	
On-board Storage		MicroSD/SDHC/SDXC card slot	Weight	
Video			589 g (FE8181) 794 g (FE8181V)	
Compression		H.264, MJPEG & MPEG-4	Casing	
Maximum Frame Rate		15 fps at 1920x1920 30 fps at 1920x1080 In all compression modes	Vandal-proof IK10-rated metal housing (FE8181V) Weather-proof IP66-rated housing (FE8181V)	
Maximum Streams		3 simultaneous streams	Safety Certifications	
S/N Ratio		Above 50 dB	CE, LVD, FCC Class A (FE8181V), FCC Class B (FE8181), VCCI, C-Tick, UL	
Dynamic Range		Above 60 dB	Operating Temperature	
Video Streaming		Adjustable resolution, quality and bitrate Configurable video cropping for bandwidth saving	Starting Temperature: -25°C ~ 50°C (-13°F ~ 122°F) Working Temperature: -40°C ~ 50°C (-40°F ~ 122°F)	
Image Settings		Time stamp, text overlay, flip & mirror, scheduled profile settings, configurable brightness/contrast/saturation/sharpness, white balance, exposure control, gain, backlight compensation, privacy masks, pixel calculator, 3D-Night reduction	Warranty	
Audio			36 months	
Audio Capability		Audio input/output (full duplex)	System Requirements	
Compression		AAC, G.711, G.726	Operating System	
Interface		Built-in microphone External microphone input External line output	Microsoft Windows 7/Vista/XP/2000	
Effective Range		5 meters	Web Browser	
Network			Mozilla Firefox 7-10 (streaming only) Internet Explorer 7.x, 8.x, 9.x, 10.x	
Users		Live viewing for up to 10 clients	Other Players	
Protocols		IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, HTTP, HTTPS, UPnP, RTSP/RTP/RTCP, IGMP, SMTP, FTP, DHCP, NTP, DNS, DDNS, PPPoE, CoS, QoS, SNMP, 802.1X, UDP, ICMP	VLC: 1.1.1 or above Quicktime: 7 or above	
Interface		10Base-T/100 BaseTX Ethernet (RJ-45)	Included Accessories	
ONVIF		Supported, specification available at www.onvif.org	CD	

Compatible Accessories

Mounting Kits

AM-51A
Dome adapterAM-116
Pendant pipeAM-114
Pendant headAM-515
NPT adapter (for AM-518)

Power Adapter

AA-221
DC 12V Power AdapterAP3001
PoE Plus InjectorAW-FED-0500
4-port Unmanaged
PoE Switch

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Distributed by:



VIVOTEK INC.
6F, No.192, Lien-Cheng Rd., Chung-Ho,
New Taipei City, 235, Taiwan, R.O.C.
T: +886-2-82455282 F: +886-2-82455532
E: sales@vivotek.com

VIVOTEK USA
2050 Ringwood Avenue,
San Jose, CA 95131
T: 408-773-8686 F: 408-773-8298
E: salesusa@vivotek.com

VIVOTEK Europe
Randstad 22-133, 1316BW Almere,
The Netherlands
T: +31(0)36-5298-434
E: saleseurope@vivotek.com

Ver 1.3

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This device complies with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions.

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the installation manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

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This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

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